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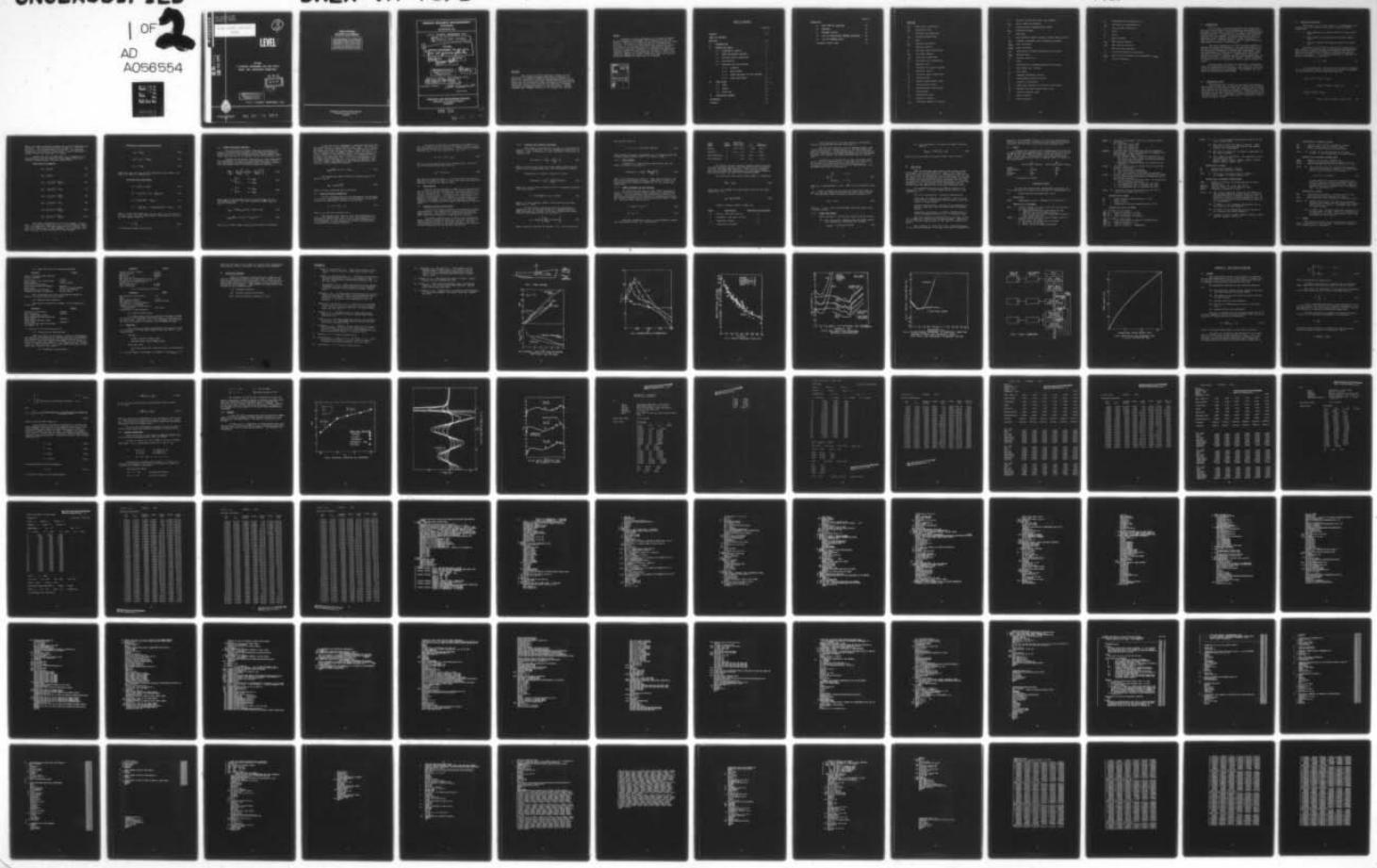
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PHHS  
A FORTRAN PROGRAMME FOR SHIP PITCH,  
HEAVE AND SEAKEEPING PREDICTION



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⑨ Technical memo,

⑥

PHHS.

A FORTRAN PROGRAMME FOR SHIP PITCH,  
HEAVE AND SEAKEEPPING PREDICTION,

⑩ M. MACKAY

R. T. SCHMITKE

⑪ APR

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TECHNICAL MEMORANDUM

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A PITCH AND HEAVE ANALYSIS FOR SEAKEEPING PREDICTION  
IN HEAD SEAS

BY R. J. MCKEE

1970-1000-1000-1000

ABSTRACT

The theoretical basis and user's manual are described for the computer program PHHS (Pitch and Heave in Head Seas), developed at DREA for seakeeping prediction purposes. In addition to the usual vertical motion calculations, algorithms are included for added resistance, relative motion corrections (wave profile and dynamic swell-up), slamming pressures, and human tolerance to vertical motion. Worked examples and a FORTRAN listing of the program are included.

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## RESUME

On décrit la base théorique et le contenu du manuel de l'utilisateur du programme PHHS (Tangage et levée, mer debout), élaboré par le CRDA aux fins de prévision de la tenue à la mer. En plus des calculs habituels d'accélération verticale, on trouve les algorithmes pour les cas de résistance accrue, les corrections pour le déplacement relatif (profil et gonflement dynamique de la houle), les pressions exercées lorsque le navire pique du nez dans la vague et la tolérance humaine aux accélérations verticales. On y trouve aussi des exemples du travail effectué et une liste des expressions FORTRAN utilisées dans le programme.

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## NOTATION

$A_{ij}$	added mass coefficient
$A_{WP}$	waterplane area
$a$	incident wave amplitude
$a_{33}$	sectional added mass
$B$	beam
$B_{ij}$	damping coefficient
$b$	empirical factor
$b_s$	sectional beam coefficient
$b_{33}$	sectional damping
$C_{ij}$	restoring coefficient
$c_s$	sectional area coefficient
$\bar{c}$	damping ratio
$D$	freeboard for given location
$d$	empirical factor
$d_s$	sectional draft coefficient
$F_i$	exciting force
$F_n$	Froude number based on LBP
$f_i$	Froude-Kriloff force
$g$	gravitational acceleration
$h$	half-siding
$h_i$	diffraction force
$I$	moment of inertia
$I_{wp}$	waterplane moment of inertia

$k$	section form-factor (also, wave number)
$k_{yy}$	pitch radius of gyration
$L$	length between perpendiculars (LBP)
$M_{wp}$	waterplane moment
$m$	ship mass
$P_t$	most probable impact pressure during time interval $t$
$R_{AW}$	frequency dependent wave resistance response
$R_{WAVE}$	wave resistance
$R_{WIND}$	wind resistance
$r_{AW}$	coefficient of added resistance due to waves
$r_{MAX}$	maximum value
$s_x$	relative motion at $x$
$T$	draft
$t$	time period in slamming pressure calculation
$V$	ship speed; $V_K$ , in knots
$V_w$	wind speed
$\hat{v}$	slamming threshold velocity
$x$	longitudinal distance from CG
$\ddot{z}$	vertical acceleration
$\ddot{z}_n$	human body response to vertical acceleration
$\ddot{z}_M$	maximum root mean square value of $\ddot{z}_n$
$\beta$	section deadrise angle
$\delta$	model variable
$\zeta$	wave elevation

$\zeta_x$	undeformed wave amplitude at x
$\zeta_{xd}$	deformed wave amplitude at x
$\zeta^*$	wave profile correction
$\eta_3$	heave
$\eta_5$	pitch
$\rho$	water density
$\sigma_{RM}$	RMS relative motion
$\sigma_{RV}$	RMS relative velocity
$\omega$	wave circular frequency
$\omega_e$	circular frequency of encounter
$\omega_{MAX}$	wave circular frequency corresponding to $r_{MAX}$
$\omega_n$	natural frequency

## 1. INTRODUCTION

This technical memorandum presents the theoretical basis and user's manual for the computer program PHHS (Pitch and Heave in Head Seas), developed at DREA for seakeeping prediction purposes. In addition to the normal vertical motion calculations, the program includes algorithms for added resistance, relative motion corrections (wave profile and dynamic swell-up), slamming pressures, human tolerance to vertical motion, and deck wetness. Most of these additional algorithms are unique to this program.

The basic computation of pitch and heave response is adapted from Frank and Salvesen<sup>1</sup>. The added resistance algorithm is obtained by incorporating model test results into the theoretical framework of Jinkine and Ferdinand<sup>2</sup>. Relative motions are corrected for dynamic swell-up following van Sluijs<sup>3</sup>, and wave profile is accounted for using the method of Shearer<sup>4</sup>. Slamming and deck wetness algorithms are adapted from Ochi and Motter<sup>5</sup> and Chuang<sup>6</sup>. Human tolerance to vertical motion is assessed via the procedure proposed by Payne<sup>7</sup>.

Program input and output are tailored to facilitate full scale seakeeping predictions. Both input and output are fairly straightforward yet flexible, and generally use ordinary naval architectural terminology. Two examples are provided to demonstrate program usage.

## 2. THEORETICAL BASIS

The methods used in PHHS for the basic calculation of ship motions in head seas are generally accepted as standard. The equations of motion are solved for regular waves by linear strip theory and the results extended to irregular seas by application of the superposition principle. The procedures are described adequately in Reference 1 and will therefore only be outlined herein. The algorithms unique to PHHS will be described in greater detail.

## 2.1 EQUATIONS OF MOTION

The application of strip theory to a displacement hull for pitch and heave prediction involves certain standard assumptions:

- a. Ship response is a linear function of wave excitation.
- b. Ship length is much greater than either beam or draft.
- c. Viscous, planing and surging effects are negligible.

Attention is restricted to the head sea direction, as this results in the most severe pitching and heaving motions. Thus, for the frequency response calculations, the ship is heading with speed  $V$  into a train of long-crested regular waves of frequency  $\omega$ . The exciting frequency is then the frequency of encounter  $\omega_e$ , given by

$$\omega_e = \omega + \omega^2 \frac{V}{g} \quad (1)$$

It is assumed that the motions of the ship in response to the encountered regular waves are both linear and harmonic. The coupled heave and pitch equations then are:

$$(A_{33} + m)\ddot{\eta}_3 + B_{33}\dot{\eta}_3 + C_{33}\eta_3 + A_{35}\ddot{\eta}_5 + B_{35}\dot{\eta}_5 + C_{35}\eta_5 = F_3 \quad (2)$$

$$A_{53}\ddot{\eta}_3 + B_{53}\dot{\eta}_3 + C_{53}\eta_3 + (A_{55} + I_5)\ddot{\eta}_5 + B_{55}\dot{\eta}_5 + C_{55}\eta_5 = F_5 \quad (3)$$

where  $\eta_3$  is heave (positive upward) and  $\eta_5$  pitch (positive bow downward). The axis system is given in Fig. 1.  $m$  is ship mass and  $I_5$  the pitching moment of inertia. The subscript convention is the same as in Reference 1, that is subscript 3 refers to heave and subscript 5 to pitch.

Expressions for the added mass ( $A_{11}$ ), damping ( $B_{1j}$ ), restoring ( $C_{ij}$ ) and exciting force ( $F_i$ ) coefficients are obtained from Reference 1 and are listed below.

Added Mass and Damping

$$A_{33} = \frac{\int a_{33} d\xi}{L} \quad (4)$$

$$B_{33} = \frac{\int b_{33} d\xi}{L} \quad (5)$$

$$A_{35} = -\frac{\int a_{33} \xi d\xi}{L} - \frac{V}{\omega_e^2} B_{33} \quad (6)$$

$$B_{35} = -\frac{\int b_{33} \xi d\xi}{L} + V A_{33} \quad (7)$$

$$A_{53} = -\frac{\int a_{33} \xi d\xi}{L} + \frac{V}{\omega_e^2} B_{33} \quad (8)$$

$$B_{53} = -\frac{\int b_{33} \xi d\xi}{L} - V A_{33} \quad (9)$$

$$A_{55} = \frac{\int a_{33} \xi^2 d\xi}{L} + \frac{V^2}{\omega_e^2} A_{33} \quad (10)$$

$$B_{55} = \frac{\int b_{33} \xi^2 d\xi}{L} + \frac{V^2}{\omega_e^2} B_{33} \quad (11)$$

The above integrations are over the length  $L$  of the ship. The sectional added mass,  $a_{33}$ , and wave-making damping,  $b_{33}$ , are computed by conformal mapping at each station. Generally the Lewis-form<sup>1</sup> is used; however, for excessively bulbous sections, the MIT bulb-form<sup>6</sup> is used instead.

### Hydrostatic Restoring Coefficients

$$C_{33} = \rho g A_{wp} \quad (12)$$

$$C_{35} = C_{53} = -\rho g M_{wp} \quad (13)$$

$$C_{55} = \rho g I_{wp} \quad (14)$$

where  $A_{wp}$ ,  $M_{wp}$ , and  $I_{wp}$  are the waterplane area, moment, and moment of inertia, respectively.

### Exciting Force and Moment

$$F_3 = \frac{\rho \zeta}{L} \int (f_3 + h_3) d\xi \quad (15)$$

$$F_5 = -\frac{\rho \zeta}{L} \int [\xi (f_3 + h_3) + \frac{V}{i\omega_e} h_3] d\xi \quad (16)$$

$$f_3 = g b_s \exp(ikx - kd_s c_s) \quad (17)$$

$$h_3 = -\frac{\omega}{\rho \omega_e} (\omega_e^2 a_{33} - i \omega_e b_{33}) \exp(ikx - kd_s c_s) \quad (18)$$

where  $\zeta$  is the wave amplitude,  $b_s$ ,  $d_s$ , and  $c_s$  are the sectional beam, draft, and area coefficients, respectively, and  $k$  is the wave number, given by

$$k = \frac{\omega^2}{g} \quad (19)$$

$x$  is measured forward from the CG.

## 2.2 ADDED RESISTANCE RESPONSE

The calculation of added resistance is based on the method of Jinkine and Ferdinand<sup>2</sup>, with empirical modifications suitable to fast surface ship hull forms derived from model tests carried out by Murdey<sup>9</sup> and by Strom-Tejsen et al<sup>10</sup>.

Jinkine and Ferdinand found that for fast cargo ships, the experimental curves of the non-dimensional added resistance coefficient  $r_{AW}$  plotted against wave frequency  $\omega$  could be well approximated by the following empirical equation:

$$\frac{r_{AW}}{r_{MAX}} = \left[ \frac{\omega}{\omega_{MAX}} \right]^b \exp \left[ \frac{b}{d} \left( 1 - \left[ \frac{\omega}{\omega_{MAX}} \right]^d \right) \right] \quad (20)$$

$$b = \begin{cases} 11 & \omega \leq \omega_{MAX} \\ -8.5 & \omega > \omega_{MAX} \end{cases} \quad (21)$$

$$d = \begin{cases} 14 & \omega \leq \omega_{MAX} \\ -14 & \omega > \omega_{MAX} \end{cases} \quad (22)$$

where  $r_{MAX}$  is the maximum value of  $r_{AW}$  with  $\omega_{MAX}$  the corresponding frequency. For fast cargo hull forms,  $r_{MAX}$  and  $\omega_{MAX}$  are given by<sup>2</sup>

$$r_{MAX} = 3600(k_{yy}/L)^2 F_n^{1.5} \exp(-3.5 F_n) \quad (23)$$

$$\omega_{MAX} \sqrt{L/g} = 1.17 F_n^{-1/7} (k_{yy}/L)^{-1/3} \quad (24)$$

where  $F_n$  is Froude number and  $k_{yy}$  pitch radius of gyration.

As pointed out by Lewthwaite<sup>11</sup>, equations (23) and (24) are inaccurate for frigate-destroyer hull forms. For hulls of this type, therefore, model test data have been used to derive new empirical curves for  $r_{MAX}$  and  $\omega_{MAX}$ . These are shown in Fig. 2, together with equations (23) and (24), for  $k_{yy}/L = .25$ , a value typical of fast surface ships. For different values of  $k_{yy}/L$ , the  $r_{MAX}$  curve must be scaled by  $.0625(k_{yy}/L)^2$ , in accordance with equation (23). As to the new empirical curve for  $\omega_{MAX}$ ,  $(k_{yy}/L)$ -scaling is not required; furthermore, this curve is closely approximated by the following equation, obtained by linear regression analysis.

$$\omega_{MAX} \sqrt{L/g} = 2.79 - 1.18 F_n \quad (25)$$

The dimensional added resistance response  $R_{AW}$  is related to  $r_{AW}$  by

$$R_{AW} = r_{AW} (\rho g a^2 \frac{B}{L}) \quad (26)$$

where  $a$  is wave amplitude and  $B$  ship beam.

### 2.3 RELATIVE MOTION CORRECTION

If the incoming waves are not deformed by the presence of the hull, the relative motion  $s_x$  (with respect to the water surface) at longitudinal location  $x$  is given by

$$s_x = \eta_3 - x\eta_5 - \zeta_x \quad (27)$$

where  $\zeta_x$  is the wave elevation at  $x$ .

Experiments show, however, that wave deformation by the hull is significant<sup>4</sup>, and, in fact, the assumption of an undeformed wave is valid only at the forward perpendicular. This phenomenon of wave deformation by the oscillating hull is referred to as dynamic swell-up.

An option is therefore incorporated into PHHS to correct the relative motion response for dynamic swell-up using the experimental data of van Sluijs<sup>3</sup>. This procedure involves replacing  $\zeta_x$  in the above equation by  $\zeta_{xd}$ , i.e.,

$$s_x = \eta_3 - x\eta_5 - \zeta_{xd} \quad (28)$$

where  $\zeta_{xd}$  is the amplitude of the deformed wave, related to  $\zeta_x$ , the undeformed wave amplitude, by

$$\zeta_{xd} = F(F_n, x)\zeta_x \quad (29)$$

The empirical function  $F(F_n, x)$  is derived from van Sluijs's data and is plotted in Fig. 3. Note that this correction will probably be invalid for bulbous bows.

#### 2.4 WAVE PROFILE

Another option available in PHHS is the calculation of the profile of the wave generated by the hull purely as a result of forward motion. If selected, this wave profile correction, denoted by  $\zeta^*$ , is applied to the calculation of probability of deck wetness. The method for calculating  $\zeta^*$  is adapted from Shearer<sup>4</sup>, and is described in more detail in Appendix A. An example is also given in Appendix A showing reasonable correlation between computed and measured wave profiles.

#### 2.5 IRREGULAR SEAWAY CALCULATIONS

Motions in irregular seaways are calculated by linear superposition of the regular wave response with the seaway power spectrum. This yields root mean square motions from which quantitative measures of seakeeping are derived.

The seaway spectrum used in PHHS is the Gospodnetic-Miles quadratic regression spectrum<sup>1,2</sup>, derived from data obtained at Station India in the North Atlantic. This is a two-parameter spectrum, of which the parameters are significant wave height and energy-averaged wave period.

### 2.5.1 SLAMMING AND SLAMMING PRESSURES

The slamming calculations are based on the statistical theory of Ochi and Motter<sup>5</sup> and the experimental impact data of Chuang<sup>6</sup>. First, probability of keel emergence at station x is computed from

$$\text{Prob(Keel)} = \exp \left[ - \frac{T^2}{2\sigma_{RM}^2} \right] \quad (30)$$

where T is draft and  $\sigma_{RM}$  is root mean square relative motion (corrected for dynamic swell-up), both evaluated at station x.

Probability of a slam at station x is then

$$\text{Prob(Slam)} = \exp \left[ - \frac{\hat{v}^2}{2\sigma_{RV}^2} \right] \text{Prob(Keel)} \quad (31)$$

where  $\sigma_{RV}$  is rms relative velocity and  $\hat{v}$  is slamming threshold velocity, given by

$$\hat{v} = .0195\sqrt{Lg}/(.03 \cot\beta + h/B)/2 \quad (32)$$

where  $\beta$  is local deadrise angle, h half-siding and B beam. PHHS uses  $h = .011B$ .

Of much greater importance than the probability of slamming is the statistical estimate of slamming pressure. PHHS calculates  $p_t$ , defined as the most probable peak impact pressure experienced during time duration t:

$$p_t = \rho k \sigma_{RV}^2 \ln \left[ \frac{t \sigma_{RV}}{2\pi \sigma_{RM}} \text{Prob(Keel)} \right] \quad (33)$$

where t must be expressed in seconds. k is a form factor for

the section, given by

$$k = 1 + (1 - \exp(-5\beta)) \left(\frac{\pi}{2} \cot\beta\right)^2 \quad (34)$$

This equation provides a reasonable fit to Chuang's data<sup>6</sup> for deadrise angles greater than 5°, as shown in Fig. 4.

### 2.5.2 DECK WETNESS

Probability of deck wetness (green water over the deck) at station x is given by

$$\text{Prob(D.W.)} = \exp \left[ - \frac{(D - \zeta^*)^2}{2\sigma_{RM}^2} \right] \quad (35)$$

where D is freeboard at station x. Note that because of the wave profile and dynamic swell-up, probability of deck wetness is generally greatest somewhat aft of the forward perpendicular.

### 2.5.3 HUMAN TOLERANCE TO SHIP MOTIONS

The vibration ride quality index (VRQI) proposed by Payne<sup>7</sup> is used to quantify human tolerance to vertical ship motions. In this procedure, the physiological effect of a vehicle's acceleration time history  $\ddot{z}$  is assessed by driving four dynamic models with it, and observing the models' output  $\ddot{z}_n$ . The basic model equations are

$$\ddot{\delta} + 2\bar{c}\omega_n \dot{\delta} + \omega_n^2 \delta = \ddot{z} \quad (36)$$

$$\ddot{z}_n = \ddot{z} - \ddot{\delta} \quad (37)$$

The model parameters  $\bar{c}$  and  $\omega_n$ , as determined by Payne from physiological data, are listed below.

<u>Model Name</u>	<u>Model Number</u>	<u>Frequency Range (Hz)</u>	<u><math>\bar{c}</math></u>	<u><math>\omega_n</math> (rad/sec)</u>
Spinal	1	4.6 - 11.7	.224	52.9
Visceral	2	0.4 - 4.6	.40	25.1
Body Vibration	3	> 11.7	1.0	52.9
Low Frequency	4	< 0.4	1.0	1.57

The spinal and body vibration models control relatively high frequency motions, and therefore need be considered only for very high speed vehicles. Only the low frequency and visceral models are appropriate to conventional displacement ship motions, and hence are included in PHHS.

The vibration ride quality index (VRQI) is defined as

$$VRQI = \ddot{z}_M/g \quad (38)$$

where  $\ddot{z}_M$  is the maximum root mean square value of the model outputs  $\ddot{z}_n$ , i.e.,

$$\ddot{z}_M = \max_n \ddot{z}_n \text{ (RMS)} \quad (39)$$

Payne's proposed limits on VRQI are:

<u>Limit</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>VRQI Must Be Less Than</u>
A	Severe, less than one hour	.5
B	Tolerable, less than one hour	.2
C	Long-term, severe	.2
D	Long-term, tolerable	.1

Limits generated by the VRQI method for sinusoidal vertical accelerations are plotted in Fig. 5.

With specific regard to the low frequency model, Fig. 5 shows that at very low frequencies (.1 Hz and below) this model is pessimistic. Below approximately .2 Hz, tolerance to vertical accelerations increases significantly with decreasing frequency, but Payne's low frequency model does not reflect this.

A simple way of accounting for this increased tolerance at very low frequencies is to multiply the value of  $\ddot{z}_4$ , as obtained by solving the basic model equations, by a "tolerance weighting factor",  $F(f)$ , below approximately .2 Hz. Mathematically this is expressed as

$$\ddot{z}_4^* = \begin{cases} \ddot{z}_4 & f \geq f_0 \\ F(f)\ddot{z}_4 & f < f_0 \end{cases} \quad (40)$$

where  $f_0$  is approximately .2 Hz. VRQI is now calculated using  $\ddot{z}_4^*$ .

$F(f)$  is chosen so that the long term severe limit of VRQI follows the 50% motion sickness incidence curve of Fig. 5. The following simple expression gives an adequate fit:

$$F(f) = f/f_0 \quad (41)$$

with  $f_0 = .17$  Hz. The resulting VRQI long term severe limit is shown in Fig. 6.

#### 2.5.4 ADDED RESISTANCE

Added resistance in head seas arises from two sources:

- (1) wave resistance, computed from the added resistance response by evaluating the integral

$$R_{WAVE} = 2 \int_0^{\infty} (R_{AW}/a^2) S(\omega) d\omega \quad (42)$$

(2) wind resistance, calculated in PHHS by Taylor's method<sup>13</sup>

$$R_{WIND} = .002B^2(V_W + V_K)^2 \quad (43)$$

where  $V_W$  is wind speed and  $V_K$  ship speed, both in knots.

### 3. USER GUIDE

PHHS has undergone many modifications since initial development and has inevitably lost some of the simplicity built into its original structure. Consequently, some effort has been devoted to minimizing complications both for the user who simply runs the program and for the programmer who wishes to modify the program for particular purposes. For the user, the inputs have been kept straightforward without sacrificing flexibility. For the benefit of the programmer, all individual program segments have been kept reasonably small.

The fundamental structure of PHHS is shown in the flowchart of Fig. 7. The main computational blocks in the program are:

hull form calculations - basically hydrostatics;

added mass and damping calculations - done for each station over a sufficiently wide frequency range and stored in large arrays;

response calculations - solution of the equations of motion, using data from the added mass and damping arrays;

seakeeping calculations - motions, probabilities of events, slamming pressures, etc. in irregular seas.

Note that output is released both to the line printer and to TAPE 90, a scratch file in mass storage. TAPE 90 may be saved for plotting purposes or for input to another program.

Four examples of input and output, illustrating most of the options available to the user, are given in Appendix B.

Appendix C is a FORTRAN listing of the program; Appendices D and E are, respectively, listings of some significant program variables and functions of the individual program units.

### 3.1 INPUT

Program input consists of an alphanumeric title and up to eight records of numerical data. These records are in free format and may individually occupy one or more cards at the option of the user. Two systems of units are available in PHHS, either international (SI) or English (FPS), as shown in the table below.

	SI	FPS
	International System	Foot-pound-second System
Length	m	feet
Displacement	tonnes	tons
Force	N	lb
Pressure	kPa*	psi
Speed	kt	kt

\* Equivalent to  $\text{kN/m}^2$

### Systems of Units

In the input description, dimensioned quantities are first indicated in SI units with FPS units in parentheses, eg.

XL length between perpendiculars, m(ft)

#### Record (0)

NAME Alphanumeric title. Maximum of 40 characters.

#### Record (1), 6 integers

IOPT - control integer for form of section data arrays to be input as Record (3).  
0 - Dimensional input for BAM (beam) and DRT (draft); area coefficient for AIR.  
1 - BAM, DRT and AIR are non-dimensional values of beam, draft and area.  
IRESP - controls specification of which regular wave responses are to be output.  
0 - No output of regular wave responses.  
1 - Heave and pitch only.  
2 - Heave, pitch and added resistance.

INOUT - controls the system of units to be used in input and output.  
0 - Input FPS, Output FPS.  
1 - Input SI, Output FPS.  
2 - Input FPS, Output SI.  
3 - Input SI, Output SI.

IRANGE - controls range of frequencies used for response calculations. This is necessary, for example, for computations at model scale.  
0 - The default range is used:  $0.2 \leq \omega \leq 2.0$ .  
The choice of these values is based on the observation that the energy of real sea spectra lie within these limits.  
1 - Minimum and maximum values are defined in Record (4).

ICORR - controls application of dynamic swell-up and wave profile corrections.  
0 - No corrections are applied.  
1 - Both corrections are applied.  
2 - Only wave profile corrections are applied.

IFAST - permits more rapid execution by reducing the number of frequencies and/or stations in computing the regular wave responses.  
0 - No reduction in execution time. 49 frequencies and 21 stations are used.  
1 - 25 frequencies and 21 stations are used.  
2 - 49 frequencies and 11 stations are used.  
3 - 25 frequencies and 11 stations are used.

Note: (1) Execution time is approximately in the ratio 4:2:2:1 for IFAST = 0, 1, 2, 3.

Record (2), 4 reals

XL - length between perpendiculars, m (ft)  
B - beam, m (ft)  
T - draft, m (ft)  
D - freeboard at forward perpendicular, m (ft)

Record (3), 63 or 64 reals

(i) If IOPT = 0, 63 reals:  
BAM (I) - beam at station I, m (ft)  
DRT (I) - draft at station I, m (ft)  
AIR (I) - area coefficient at station I

(ii) If IOPT = 1, 64 reals:  
AMAX - area coefficient at station of maximum area  
BAM (I) - beam at station I  $\div$  B  
DAR (I) - draft at station I  $\div$  T  
AIR (I) - area at station I  $\div$  (AMAX\*B\*T)

Notes: (1)  $I = 1$  at the forward perpendicular and 21 at the after perpendicular.

(2) Data must be given for all 21 stations. Thus, inputs of 0.0 for beam and area at the perpendiculars are permissible.

(3) Data must be given for 21 stations regardless of the value of IFAST.

(4) After AMAX (if applicable), the sequence of data for this record is:  
BAM(1), DRT(1), AIR(1), BAM(2), DRT(2), AIR(2),  
BAM(3), DRT(3), AIR(3), etc.

Record (4), 2 reals

W1 - lowest wave frequency, rad/sec  
W2 - highest wave frequency, rad/sec

Note: (1) Record (4) is required only if IRANGE = 1.  
For IRANGE = 0, ignore Record (4).

Record (5), 1 integer, 3\*NPOS reals

NPOS - number of stations for seakeeping calculations, maximum 10.  
XPOS(I) - station number (FP = 0.0, AP = 20.0)  
BETA(I) - deadrise angle at station XPOS(I), deg.  
FB(I) - freeboard at XPOS(I), m (ft).

Notes: (1) The station numbering convention for XPOS(I) is the standard American system, which is slightly different from the convention of Record (3). In Record (3), however, station numbers are not explicitly input; station parameters are simply input sequentially.

(2) If BETA(I) = 0.0, slamming calculations are not performed for station XPOS(I).

(3) If FB(I) = 0.0, probability of deck wetness is not computed for station XPOS(I).

(4) Sequence of data is NPOS, XPOS(1), BETA(1), FB(1), XPOS(2), BETA(2), FB(2), etc.

Record (6), 1 integer, 2 reals

NSP - absolute value of NSP is number of speeds  
UK - lowest speed, knots or Froude number  
DUK - speed increment, knots or Froude number

Note: (1) If NSP > 0, UK and DUK must be in knots;  
if NSP < 0, UK and DUK must be Froude numbers.

Record (7), 1 integer, 2\*NSEA reals

NSEA - number of sea states, maximum 10.  
HS(I) - significant wave height of sea state I, m (ft)  
TS(I) - energy-averaged wave period of sea state I, sec.

Note: (1) The following equation, obtained by regression analysis of the data of Miles<sup>14</sup>, is offered as a guide to the variation of TS with HS:

$$TS = 6.17 + 5(HS/g)^{1/2} \quad (44)$$

Caution should be exercised in applying this equation, however, since considerable variation of wave period with significant wave height is exhibited by natural seaways (see, for example, Fig. 1 in Reference 11).

Record (8), 2 reals

THR - time period for which  $p_t$  is calculated for the stations specified in Record (7), hours.  
VWKT - wind speed for wind resistance calculation, knots.

Notes: (1) Recall from Section 2.5.1 that  $p_t$  is the most probable peak impact pressure experienced during time duration  $t$ , where  $t = 3600*THR$ , since THR is input in hours.

(2) If VWKT < 0.0, the wind resistance calculation is not performed; if VWKT > 99.0, the wind-wave relationship of the 12th International Towing Tank Conference is used, Fig. 8.

### 3.2 OUTPUT

This section contains lists of lineprinter output in order of appearance on the printout. They may be compared with examples given in Appendix B.

(a) Input data and Hull Form Calculations.

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>
Title, including time and date	
Control integers	
L, B, T, D	m (ft)
Beam, draft, area coefficient	m (ft)
Displacement	tonnes (tons)
Hull form coefficients	
Stations and deadrise angles	degrees
Speed data	knots or Froude numbers
Wave heights and periods	m (ft) and seconds
Slamming duration, windspeed	hours, knots

This is printed once; the following two groups of output are printed once for each speed.

(b) Regular Wave Responses.

This output is omitted if IRESP = 0; it consists of a table of:

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>
Frequency of encounter	rad/sec
Wave frequency	rad/sec
Wave length/ship length	
Heave amplitude/wave amplitude	
Heave phase	degrees *
Pitch amplitude/wave slope	
Pitch phase	degrees *
Coefficient of added resistance (if IRESP = 2)	

\* relative to the wave crest at CG.

(c) Irregular Wave Calculations.

These are output in two parts; a table of preliminary calculations including certain standard measures of seakeeping and seakeeping calculations at the stations specified in the input data. Both parts require that NSEA > 0; the second requires in addition that NPOS > 0. All quantities are averaged across the NSEA seastates; these mean values are given in the right-most column of this output.

(i) Preliminary Calculations.

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>
Significant wave height	m (ft)
Average period	seconds
RMS pitch	degrees
RMS heave at CG	m (ft)
RMS absolute acceleration at CG	g's
Probability of deckwetness at FP	
Probability of slam at st. 4	
Added resistance	N (lb)
Wind resistance	N (lb)

(ii) Station Calculations.

<u>Quantity</u>	<u>Units</u>
RMS absolute acceleration	g's
VRQI	
RMS relative motion	m (ft)
RMS relative velocity	m/sec (ft/sec)
Probability of keel emergence	
Probability of slamming	
Slamming pressure as defined in Section 2.4	kPa (psi)
Probability of deck wetness	

(d) Mass-storage Output.

The scheme given above is generally followed for TAPE 90 output with the notable difference that all units are in the FPS system. There are also a few omissions and additions for which the reader is referred to the FORTRAN listing.

### 3.3 EXECUTION

The following storage requirements and execution time are applicable to a CDC 6400 computer under the NOS 1.1 operating system.

Storage:

Loader requires  $71000_8$  words.

Running field length  $56000_8$  words.

Execution time:

To within about 20%, execution time is approximated by:

$$T = (((.0007 NPOS + .0003)NSEA + .003)NSP + .035)N_{ST}N_{FR} + 10$$

where  $N_{ST}$  and  $N_{FR}$  are the number of stations and frequencies, respectively, used to calculate the regular wave responses.

#### 4. CONCLUDING REMARKS

PHHS is basically a state-of-the-art computer program for seakeeping prediction in head seas. Hence, as the ship motion research field progresses, it will be necessary to update PHHS periodically to keep abreast of theoretical and experimental developments. Improvements are particularly desirable in the following areas:

- (i) slamming pressures
- (ii) relative motion corrections
- (iii) motion prediction above  $F_n = 0.35$

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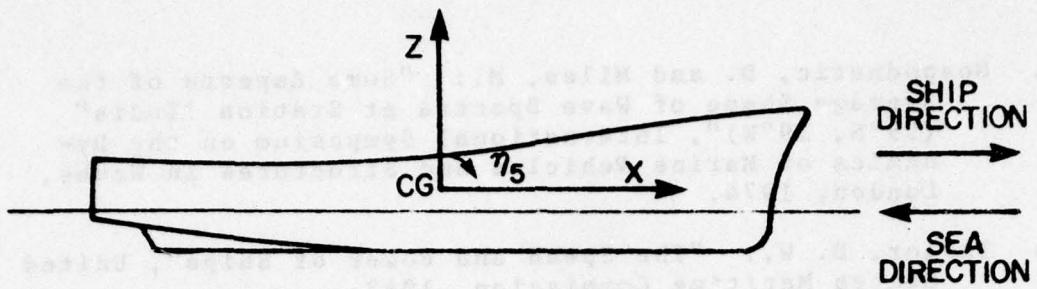


FIG. 1 AXIS SYSTEM

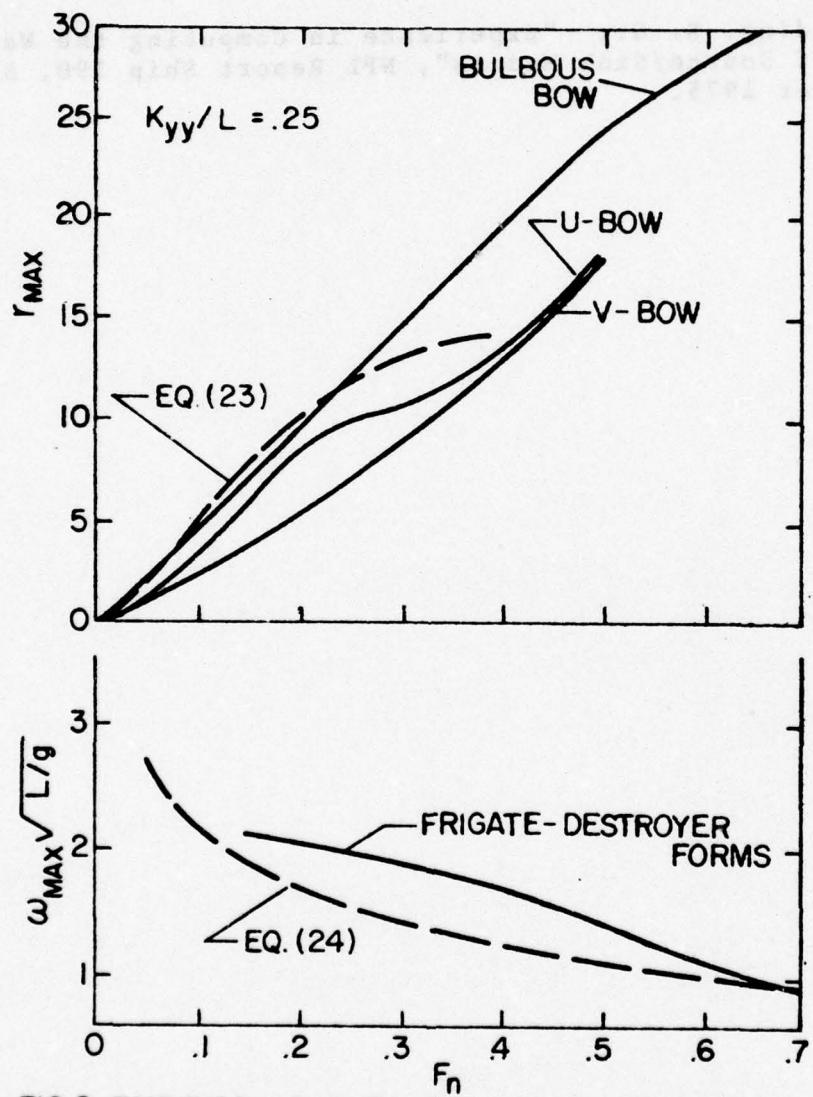


FIG. 2 EMPIRICAL CURVES FOR ADDED RESISTANCE COEFFICIENTS  $r_{\text{MAX}}$  AND  $\omega_{\text{MAX}}$

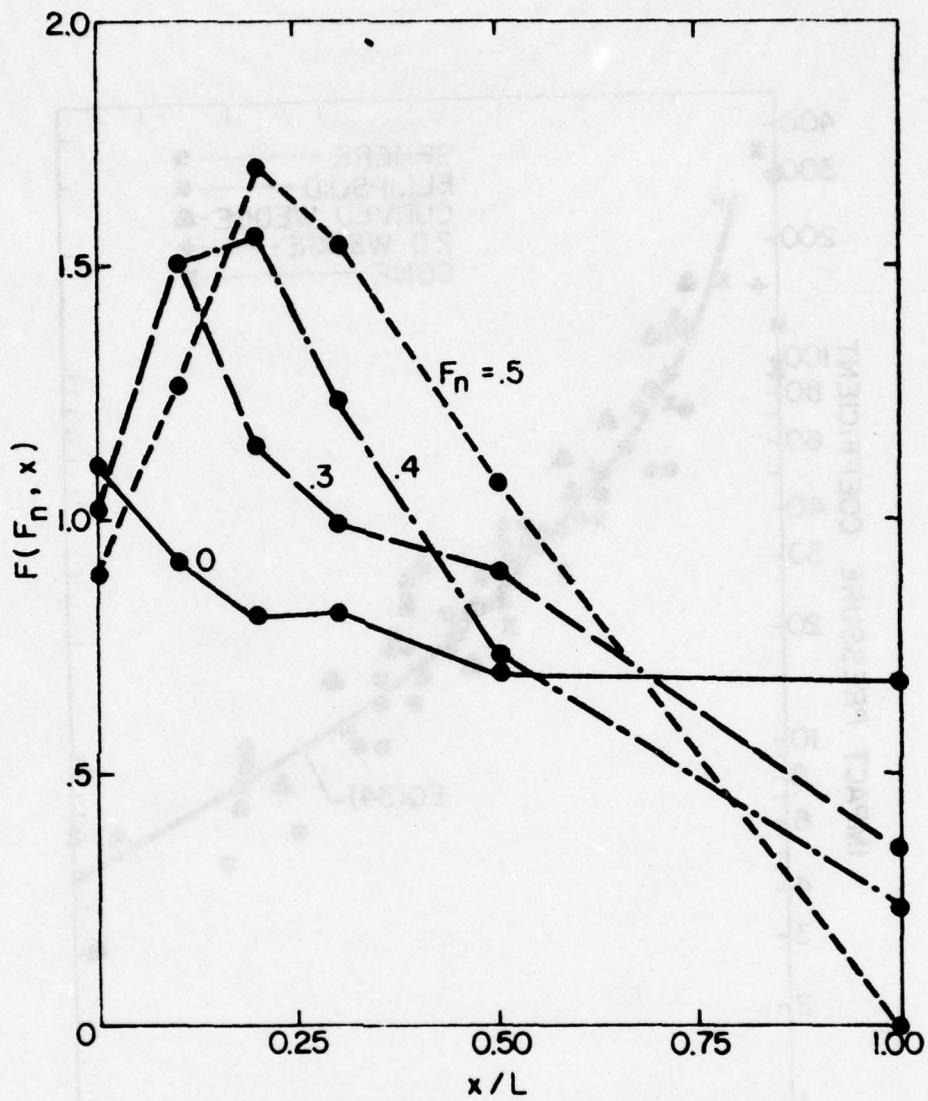


FIG 3 DYNAMIC SWELL-UP CORRECTION

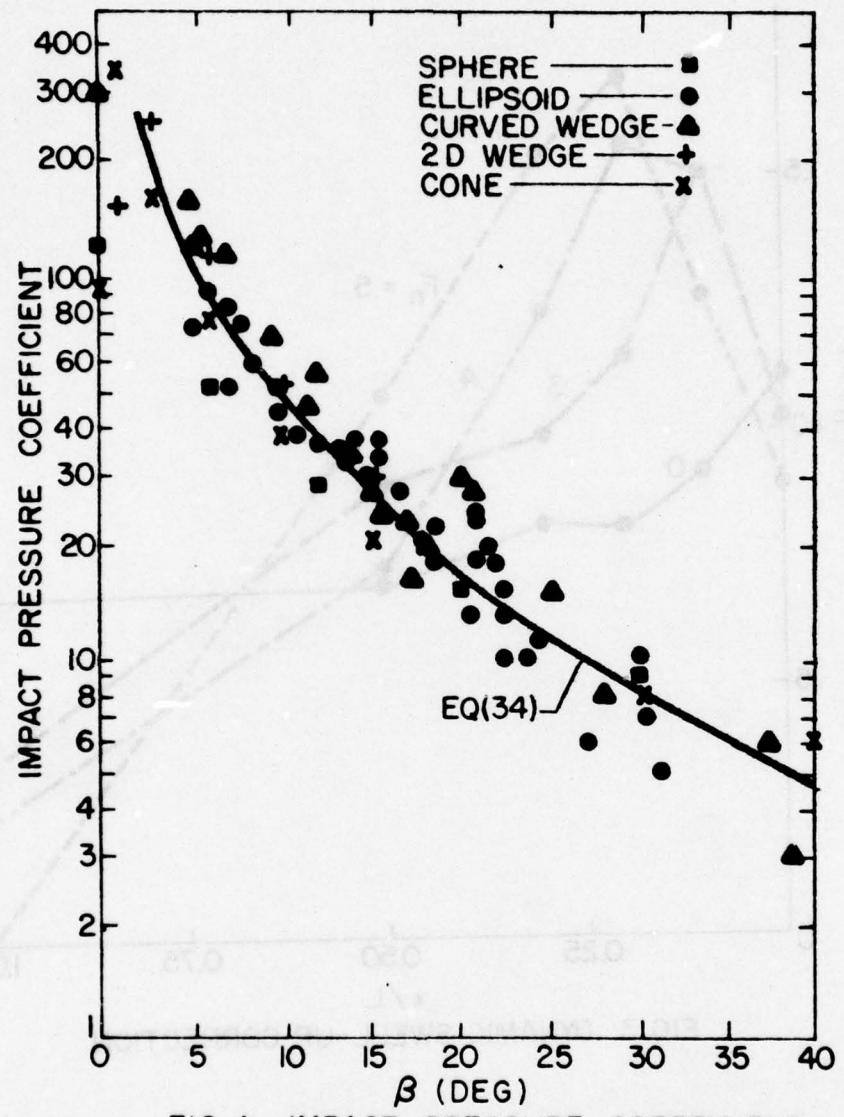


FIG 4 IMPACT PRESSURE COEFFICIENT

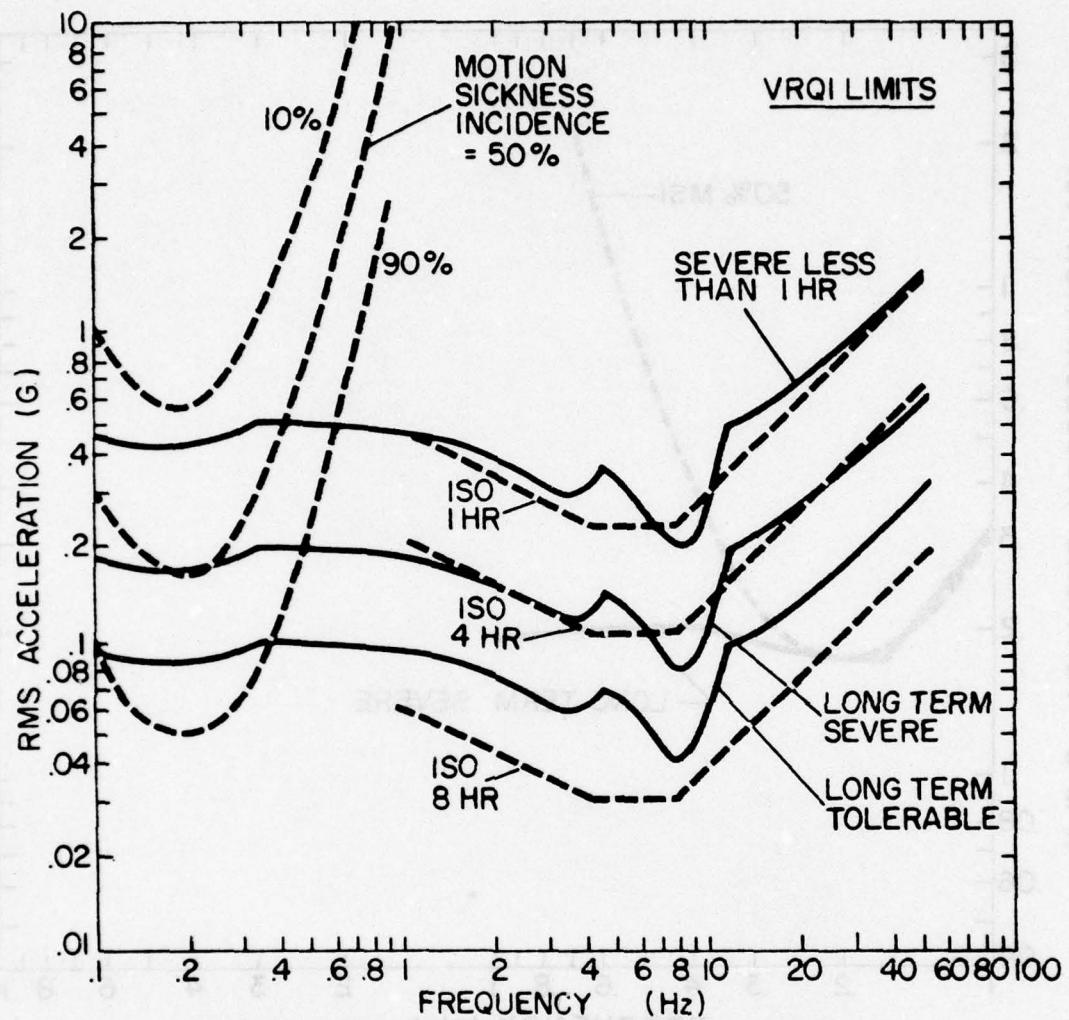


FIG.5 VRQI LIMITS FOR SINUSOIDAL VERTICAL ACCELERATION

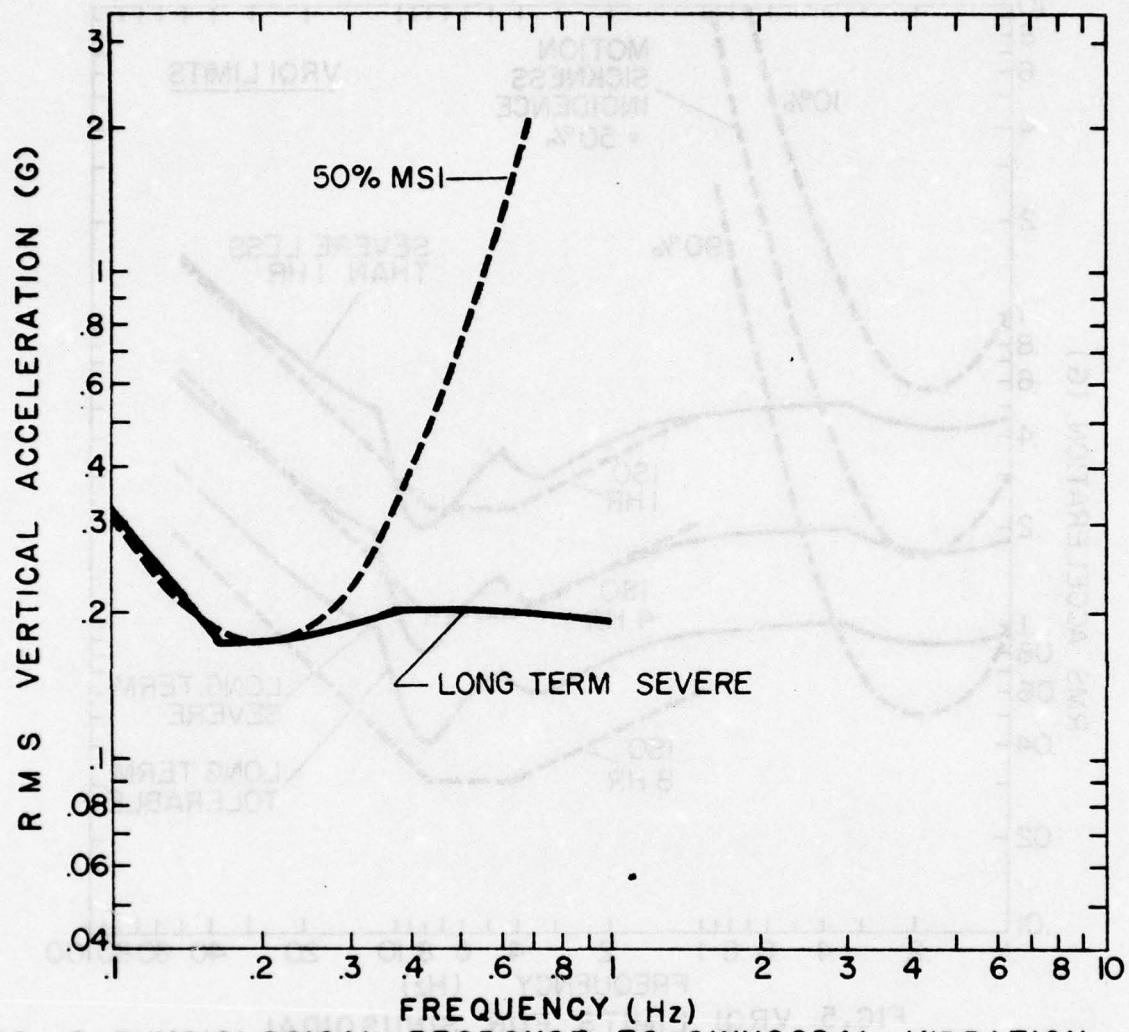


FIG. 6 PHYSIOLOGICAL RESPONSE TO SINUSODAL VIBRATION  
SHOWING PAYNE'S LOW FREQUENCY CURVE  
WITH VERY LOW FREQUENCY TOLERANCE FACTOR

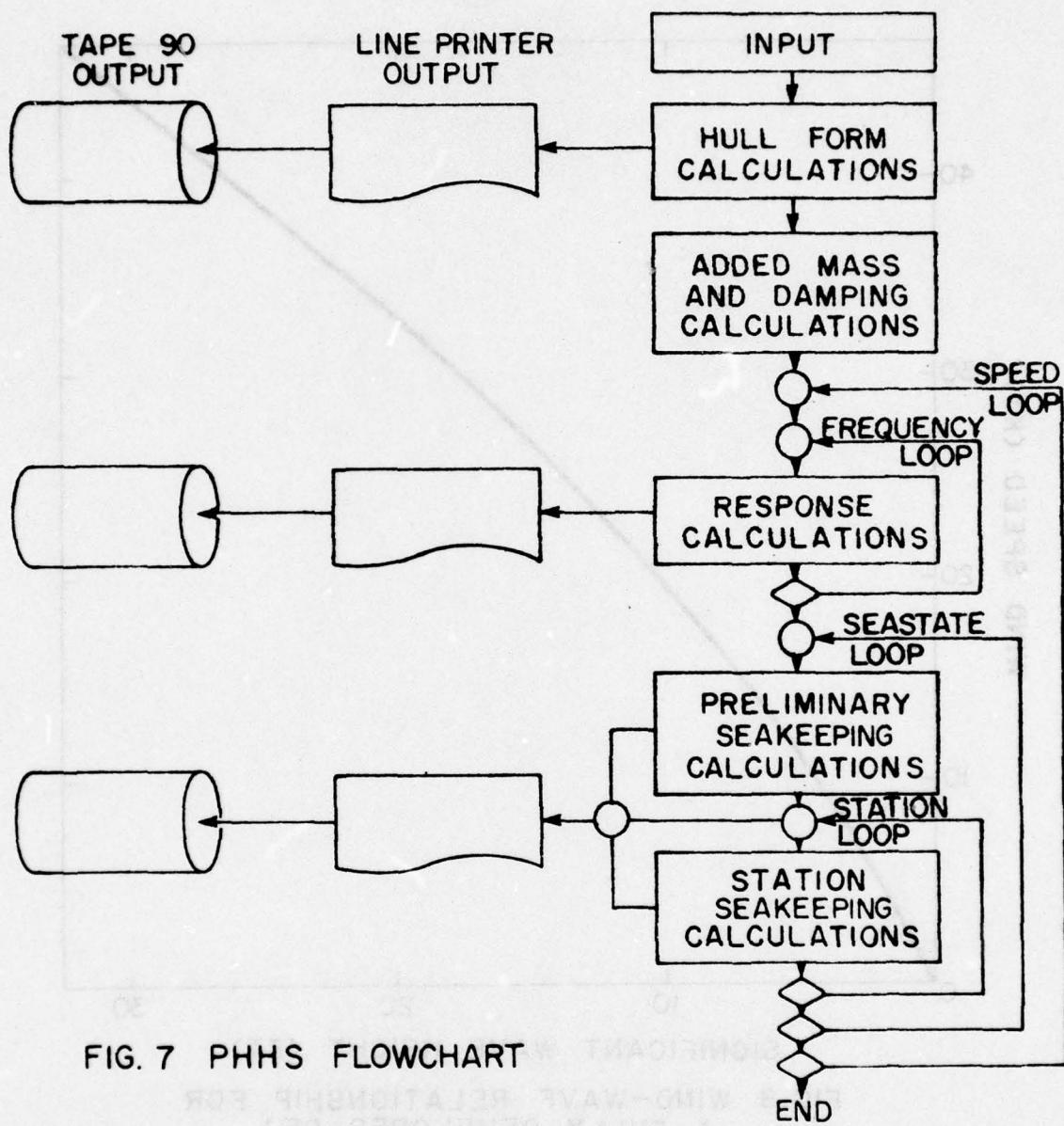


FIG. 7 PHHS FLOWCHART

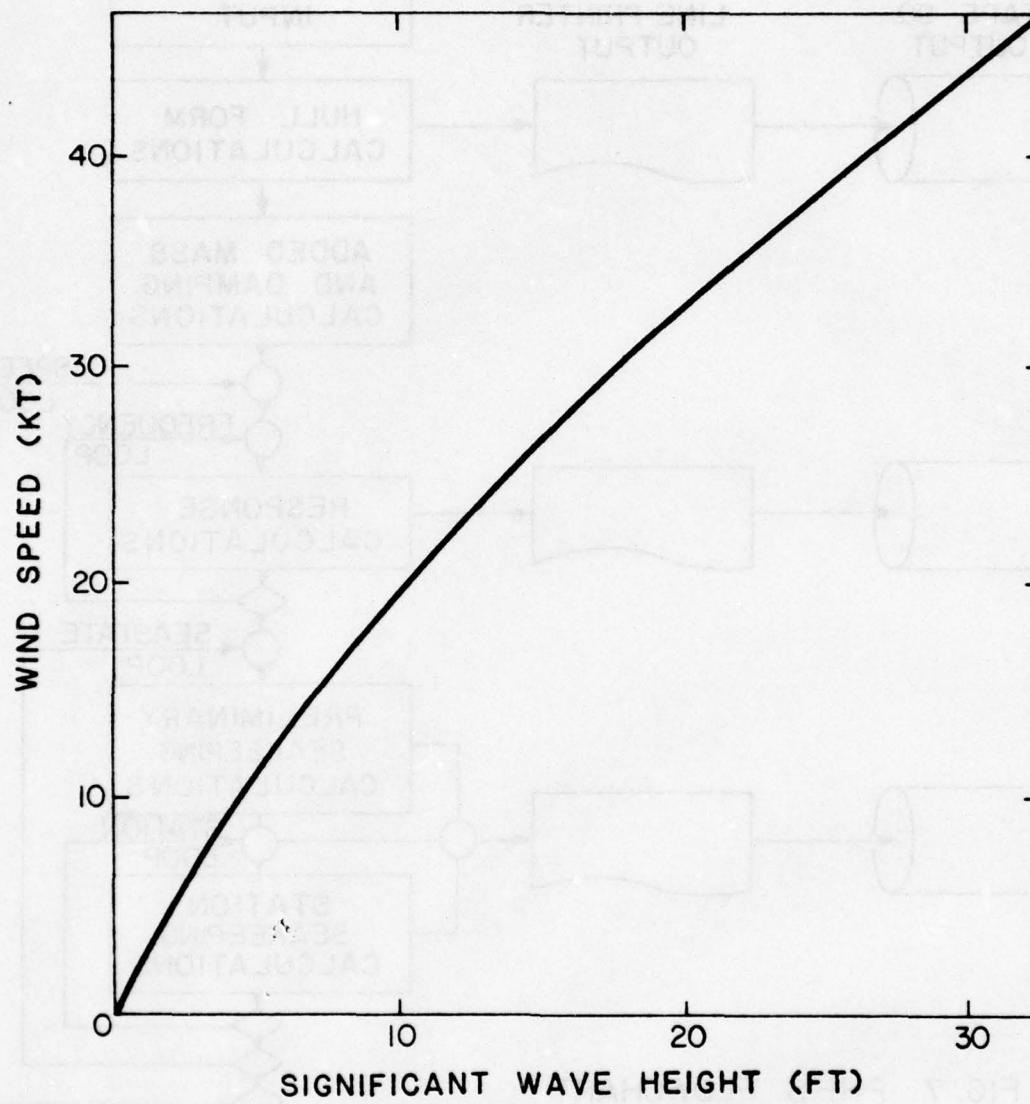


FIG.8 WIND-WAVE RELATIONSHIP FOR  
A FULLY DEVELOPED SEA

## APPENDIX A: WAVE PROFILE ALGORITHM

### A.1 METHOD

This algorithm is based on the analysis by Shearer<sup>4</sup> for the wave disturbance due to a "thin-ship". A single line of sources located on the centre-line of the vessel is used to represent the below-water portion of the hull.

The assumptions inherent in the following analysis are:

- (a) Fluid velocity changes in the region of the hull are small relative to forward speed.
- (b) The height of generated waves is small relative to their length.
- (c) Sinkage and trim are negligible.
- (d) The hull is effectively vertical at the water-line.
- (e) Viscous effects are negligible.

The hull is divided into 21 stations between FP and AP and each segment of the hull between stations  $i$  and  $i+1$  is replaced by a single source with strength  $M_i$ ,

$$M_i = \frac{V}{4\pi} (S_{i+1} - S_i) \quad (A-1)$$

where  $V$  is forward speed and  $S_i$  is the area of station  $i$ .

The source is located at the mid-section of the segment at a depth equal to the centroid of  $(S_{i+1} - S_i)$ . Examination of several shiplike sections and bulbous forward sections from the Davidson-A destroyer gives a simple relationship between section centroid and area coefficient  $C_x$ :

$$\frac{z_c}{T} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{3} c_x & c_x \leq 1 \\ \frac{2}{5} + \frac{1}{10} c_x & c_x \geq 1 \end{cases} \quad (A-2)$$

This is illustrated in Figure A-1.

In order to account for a bulbous bow or a transom stern, additional sources may be placed at the FP and AP.

The total wave disturbance  $\zeta^*$  is obtained by summation of the disturbances  $\zeta_i$  due to the N individual sources.

$$\zeta^* = \sum_{i=1}^N \zeta_i \quad (A-3)$$

In the following development of the disturbance due to a single source, the subscript  $i$  is implied throughout, relating quantities to the hull segment between stations  $i$  and  $i+1$ . The subscript is omitted for notational simplicity.

Consider a source of strength  $M$ , moving with speed  $V$  at depth  $z$ . An associated wavenumber  $k$  is defined by

$$k = \frac{g}{V^2} \quad (A-4)$$

The wave profile ordinate  $\zeta$  at distance  $x$  from the source (positive forward) along the longitudinal axis is

$$\zeta = \frac{M}{V} \left( 8kI_1 + \frac{4}{\pi} I_2 \right)$$

where

$$I_1 = \begin{cases} 0 & x > 0 \\ \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sec^3 \theta \exp(-kz \sec^2 \theta) \cos(kx \sec \theta) d\theta & x \leq 0 \\ 0 & \end{cases} \quad (A-5)$$

and

$$I_2 = \pm \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sec \theta d\theta \int_0^{\infty} \frac{(k \sec^2 \theta \sin mz - m \cos mz) \exp(-mx \cos \theta) m dm}{(k^2 \sec^4 \theta + m^2)} \quad (A-6)$$

where  $I_2$  has the same sign as  $x$ .

Since numerical procedures available for solving the above integrals are too slow to be applied directly in a computer program, the method of interpolation over a table of previously computed values is used. To optimize the interpolation algorithm we seek to reduce the number of variables in  $I_1$  and  $I_2$ . To this end we introduce a Froude-scaled system denoted by primed quantities. Using the factor  $R$ , the scaling equations are:

$$x' = Rx \quad (A-7)$$

$$z' = Rz \quad (A-8)$$

$$s' = R^2 s \quad (A-9)$$

$$v' = R^{1/2} v \quad (A-10)$$

On substitution we find as expected

$$\zeta' = R\zeta \quad (A-11)$$

Of present interest is the relationship

$$\zeta = \frac{M}{V} (8k' I'_1 + \frac{4}{\pi} I'_2) \quad (A-12)$$

If we let the primed system be specifically that in which  $k = 1$ , then

$$\zeta = \frac{Mk}{V} (8I'_1 + \frac{4}{\pi} I'_2) \quad (A-13)$$

where the quantity in parentheses is a function of only  $x'$  and  $z'$ . The form of this function is shown in Figure A-2. Note that, with suitable scaling, this figure gives the theoretical disturbance due to a single source.

For the total disturbance, equation (A-13) is evaluated for each source and summed according to equation (A-3).

#### A.2 FORTRAN SUBPROGRAM

This calculation is performed by FUNCTION PROFILE and the associated subprograms ZETA, CSET and ZETAP.

A table of values for  $(8I'_1 + \frac{4}{\pi} I'_2)$  is stored in BLOCK-  
DATA ZETAP. The corresponding values of  $x'$  and  $z'$  are:

$x'$ :	-40 to 2.5	in steps of .25
	3 to 10	in steps of 1
	15 to 40	in steps of 5

$z'$ :	.01, .02, .05, .1, .2, .5, 1., 2.
--------	-----------------------------------

Extrapolation outside these ranges of  $x'$  and  $z'$  is performed according to the rules given below; the limits of validity are, however, uncertain.

#### Extrapolation Rules:

(a) $x' < -40$	No amplitude decay.
(b) $x' > 40$	Zero is returned.

(c)  $z' < .01$

$z' = .01$  is used.

(d)  $z' > 2$

Amplitude decays as  $1/z'$ .

The integrals  $I'_1$  and  $I'_2$  were evaluated by single and double trapezoidal quadrature using a variable step size such that the difference in the argument of the trigonometric function in each integral did not exceed .1 radians. This is of the same order as the step sizes discussed by Standing<sup>15</sup> who suggests an error limit of 1 to 2% for the resulting calculations.

#### A.3 EXAMPLE

A test case was run based upon wave profiles for model tests of the Dutch Compact Frigate design carried out at the Netherlands Ship Model Basin. The data is reported by van Sluijs<sup>3</sup>.

In Figure A-3, a comparison is shown between this data (scaled up to a full-scale LBP of 63 m.) and wave profile predictions made with the subprogram PROFILE. The agreement is reasonable.

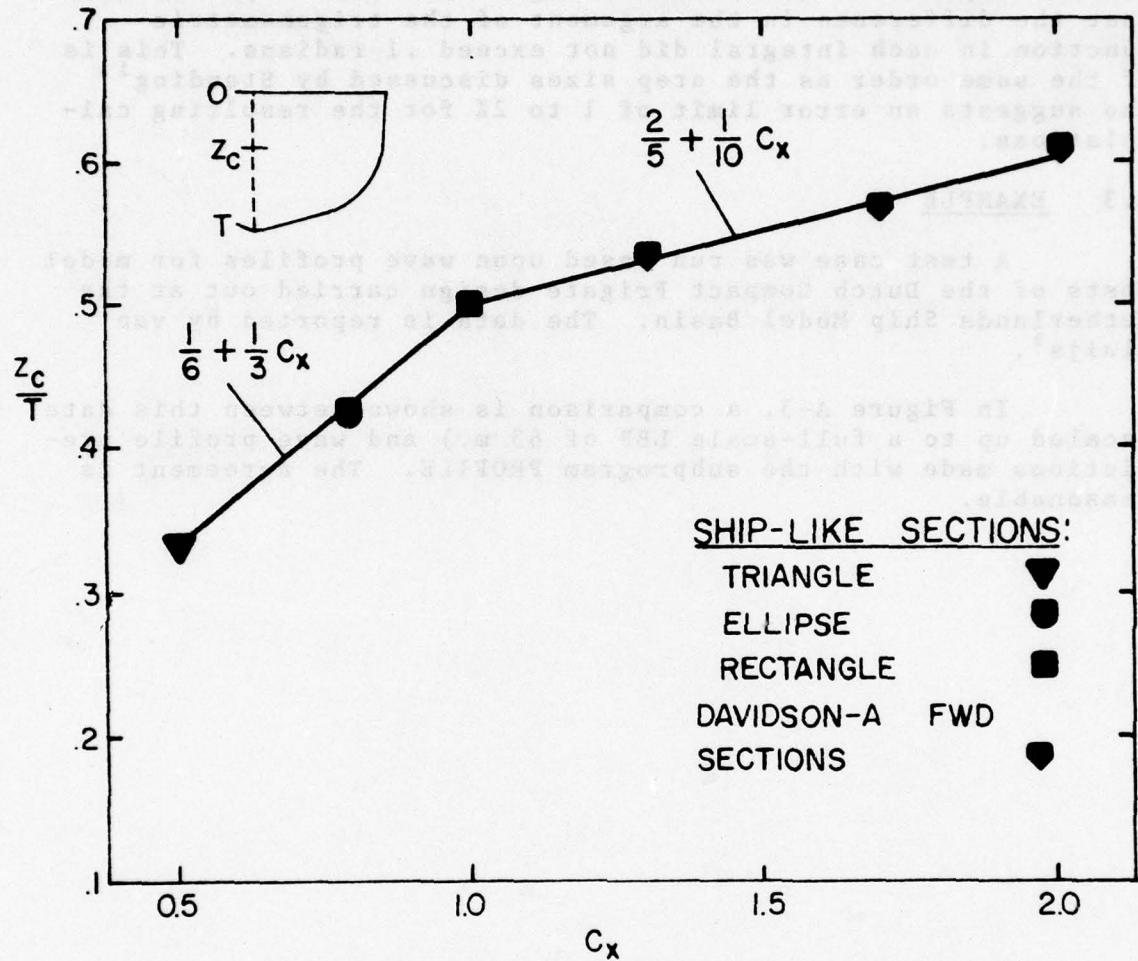


FIG.A1 VERTICAL LOCATION OF CENTROID

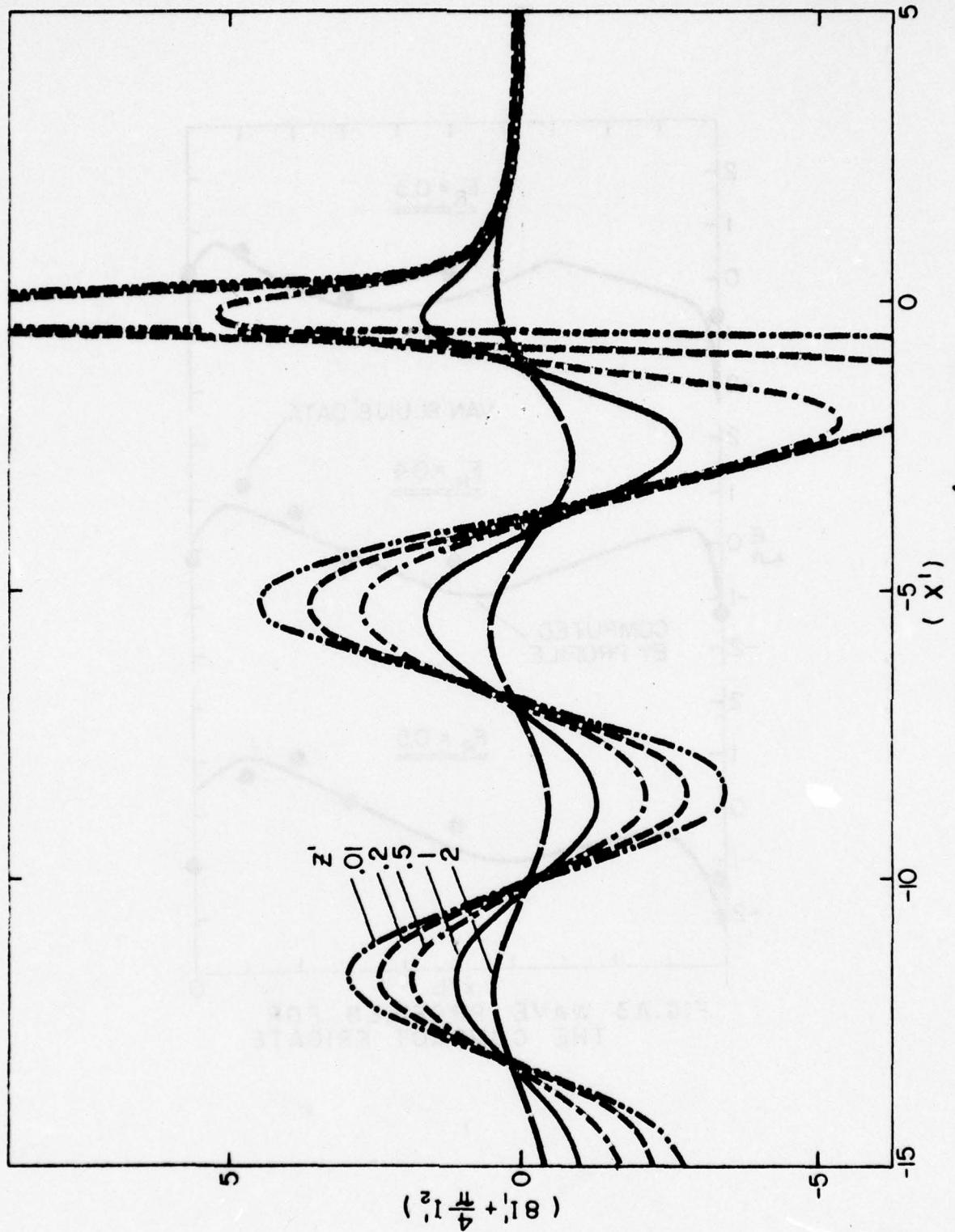


FIG. A2 FUNCTION  $(8I_1 + \frac{4}{7} I_2)$  VS  $x'$

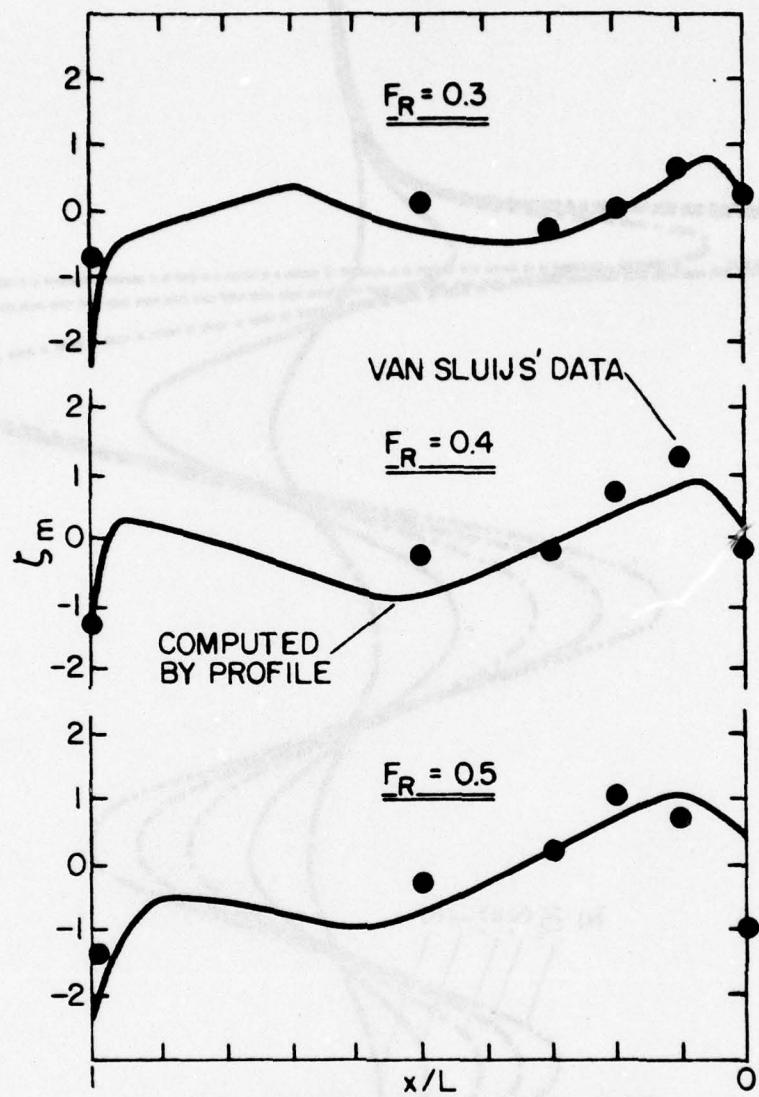


FIG.A3 WAVE PROFILES FOR  
THE COMPACT FRIGATE

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## APPENDIX B: EXAMPLES

### B.1

Type: Friesland destroyer, full-scale  
Units: Non-dimensional SI in / SI out  
Options: Full corrections / Fast execution  
Speeds: 17.92 kt and 28.16 kt  
Stations: 0, 2 and 4  
Seas: SS5, with  $\pm 10\%$  and  $\pm 20\%$  period variation

Execution Time: 17.8 seconds

#### Input data:

FRIESLAND					
1	2	3	0	1	3
112.4		11.74		3.9	6.5989
0.822					
0.0255		0.1667		0.0036	
0.2283		1.0		0.1664	
0.4259		1.0		0.3357	
0.5869		1.0		0.4891	
0.7138		1.0		0.6243	
0.8149		1.0		0.7418	
0.8927		1.0		0.834	
0.9506		1.0		0.909	
0.9813		1.0		0.9562	
0.994		1.0		0.9868	
1.0		1.0		1.0	
1.0		1.0		0.9988	
1.0		1.0		0.9818	
0.9515		1.0		0.9481	
0.9711		1.0		0.8884	
0.9421		1.0		0.8068	
0.9046		1.0		0.7032	
0.8518		1.0		0.5616	
0.7751		0.7026		0.3896	
0.6746		0.4052		0.2115	
0.5196		0.1025		0.0587	
3					
0.0		56.95		6.60	
2.0		36.4		5.94	
4.0		17.4		0.0	
2		17.92		10.24	

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5  
3.048 7.096  
3.048 7.983  
3.048 8.87  
3.048 9.757  
3.048 10.644  
1.0 100.0

## PITCH AND HEAVE IN HEAD SEAS

FRTESLAND

11.26.14. 78/03/28.

ICPT= 1 IRESP= 2 INOLT= 3

IRANGE= 0 ICORR= 1 IFAST= 3

DIMENSIONS : IN - M CUT - M

L = 112.400 H = 11.740 T = 3.900 D = 6.599

ST	PFAM	DRAFT	AREA
0	.299	.650	.696
1	2.680	3.900	.599
2	5.000	3.900	.648
3	6.890	3.900	.685
4	8.380	3.900	.719
5	9.567	3.900	.748
6	10.480	3.900	.768
7	11.160	3.900	.786
8	11.520	3.900	.801
9	11.670	3.900	.816
10	11.740	3.900	.822
11	11.740	3.900	.821
12	11.740	3.900	.807
13	11.640	3.900	.786
14	11.401	3.900	.752
15	11.060	3.900	.704
16	10.620	3.900	.639
17	10.000	3.900	.542
18	9.100	2.740	.588
19	7.920	1.580	.636
20	6.100	.400	.906

DISP = 2949.1 TONNES

CB= .559 CM= .822 CP= .679 CW= .800

LCH/L = .510 LCF/L = .542

XPOS	PFTA	FF
0.00	56.95	6.60
2.00	36.40	5.94
4.00	17.40	0.00

NSP= 2 UK=17.92 DUK=10.24

FS	TS
3.05	7.10
3.05	7.98
3.05	8.87
3.05	9.76
3.05	10.64

THR= 1.00 VWKT= 100.00 DEFAULT USED

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V (KT) = 17.9

FREQUENCY = .278

## SELECTED RESPONSES

W-E R/S	W R/S	LAMBDA/ LENGTH	LEAVE	PHASE DEG	PITCH	PHASE DEG	COEF OF REST
.2376	.2000	13.7076	.9898	-.06	.9873	-89.13	.0000
.4677	.3515	4.4370	.9645	-.22	.9949	-94.36	.0060
.6978	.4806	2.3735	.8885	.12	.9751	-102.03	.1860
.9278	.5950	1.5485	.7742	1.69	.8887	-114.01	1.8629
1.1579	.6989	1.1226	.6677	.89	.7127	-132.82	7.3070
1.3880	.7946	.8684	.4424	-21.17	.4245	-165.29	5.8727
1.6181	.8839	.7019	.1176	32.86	.0877	152.49	2.7227
1.8482	.9678	.5854	.1480	38.29	.0342	-45.59	1.2953
2.0782	1.0473	.4999	.0644	28.43	.0374	-61.71	.6671
2.3083	1.1230	.4348	.0081	63.76	.0160	-67.33	.3695
2.5384	1.1954	.3837	.0120	-158.89	.0040	-36.27	.2175
2.7685	1.2648	.3427	.0272	-105.66	.0015	-70.17	.1346
2.9986	1.3317	.3092	.0044	-57.37	.0039	151.71	.0869
3.2286	1.3963	.2812	.0098	43.33	.0012	38.55	.0581
3.4587	1.4587	.2577	.0045	-69.90	.0022	13.91	.0400
3.6888	1.5193	.2375	.0050	-89.82	.0009	99.06	.0283
3.9189	1.5781	.2202	.0038	-41.18	.0013	127.74	.0205
4.1490	1.6354	.2050	.0054	4.38	.0009	169.01	.0152
4.3790	1.6911	.1917	.0057	36.18	.0010	-120.65	.0114
4.6091	1.7455	.1800	.0043	87.47	.0013	-77.72	.0087
4.8392	1.7986	.1695	.0046	157.38	.0011	-39.13	.0068
5.0693	1.8506	.1601	.0055	-158.95	.0007	17.38	.0053
5.2994	1.9014	.1517	.0045	-124.59	.0007	86.81	.0042
5.5294	1.9512	.1440	.0025	-65.34	.0008	127.25	.0034
5.7595	2.0000	.1371	.0030	10.41	.0004	163.62	.0027

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V(KT) = 17.9

FROUDE = .279

UNITS :  
 DIMENSION - M  
 SPEED - M/S  
 FORCE - N  
 PRESSURE - KPA

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						MEAN
SIG. WAVE HT.	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05
WAVE PERIOD	7.10	7.98	8.87	9.76	10.64	8.87
PITCH(DEG)	.867	1.046	1.131	1.135	1.099	1.056
HEAVE	.306	.392	.462	.513	.555	.445
ACC.CG(G)	.044	.049	.050	.047	.044	.047
PROB(D.W.)FP	.0002	.0009	.0008	.0003	.0001	.0004
PROB(SLAM)ST.	.0008	.0006	.0001	.0000	.0000	.0003
RA(SEA)	19581.5	22909.0	21332.2	17533.4	13704.9	19012.2
RA(WIND)	18733.6	18733.6	18733.6	18733.6	18733.6	18733.6

## ST. 0.00

ACC.(G)	.1677	.1833	.1786	.1638	.1463	.1680
VRQI	.1941	.2131	.2077	.1900	.1690	.1948
REL.MOT.	1.514	1.675	1.671	1.563	1.415	1.567
REL.VEL.	2.342	2.317	2.168	1.947	1.722	2.099
PROP(KEEL)	.9119	.9274	.9271	.9171	.8999	.9167
PROP(SLAM)	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000	.0000
PRESSURE	76.77	74.07	64.19	51.39	39.91	61.27
PROP(DW)	.0002	.0009	.0008	.0003	.0001	.0004

## ST. 2.00

ACC.(G)	.1417	.1550	.1512	.1388	.1242	.1422
VRGI	.1640	.1803	.1758	.1610	.1434	.1649
REL.MOT.	1.593	1.627	1.536	1.386	1.229	1.474
REL.VEL.	2.864	2.624	2.343	2.056	1.804	2.338
PROP(KEEL)	.0499	.0566	.0399	.0191	.0065	.0344
PROP(SLAM)	.0046	.0033	.0011	.0002	.0000	.0018
PRESSURE	177.45	149.55	106.99	64.67	30.29	105.79
PROP(DW)	.0041	.0051	.0027	.0007	.0001	.0025

## ST. 4.00

ACC.(G)	.1159	.1271	.1242	.1143	.1025	.1168
VRQI	.1342	.1478	.1444	.1324	.1182	.1354
REL.MOT.	1.121	1.112	1.029	.918	.810	.998
REL.VEL.	2.115	1.898	1.672	1.458	1.278	1.684
PROP(KEEL)	.0024	.0021	.0008	.0001	.0000	.0011
PROP(SLAM)	.0008	.0006	.0001	.0000	.0000	.0003
PRESSURE	88.82	55.91	0.00	0.00	0.00	28.95

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V(KT) = 28.2

FROUDE = .436

SELECTED RESPONSES

W-E R/S	W R/S	LAMBDA/ LENGTH	HEAVE	PHASE DEG	PITCH DEG	PHASE DEG	COEF OF REST
.2591	.2000	13.7076	.9927	-.07	.9958	-89.09	.0000
.5778	.3727	3.9481	.9878	-.22	1.0199	-97.34	.0469
.8965	.5109	2.1004	.9937	-.93	1.0193	-110.84	1.4847
1.2152	.6296	1.3830	1.1156	-11.80	.9574	-134.03	10.9627
1.5339	.7353	1.0141	.8584	-73.53	.6680	174.27	10.0784
1.8526	.8315	.7931	.0346	-112.49	.1349	127.70	4.0836
2.1713	.9203	.6474	.0803	21.32	.0063	-55.44	1.7638
2.4900	1.0033	.5447	.0426	21.68	.0208	-79.07	.8513
2.8087	1.0814	.4689	.0219	35.51	.0146	-25.65	.4507
3.1274	1.1555	.4107	.0175	-88.69	.0036	-133.91	.2568
3.4461	1.2260	.3648	.0073	160.72	.0029	-145.99	.1552
3.7648	1.2935	.3277	.0052	134.80	.0008	-20.07	.0984
4.0835	1.3583	.2972	.0039	152.51	.0014	-24.50	.0649
4.4021	1.4208	.2716	.0051	-171.64	.0013	.86	.0443
4.7208	1.4811	.2500	.0057	-139.63	.0014	58.87	.0311
5.0395	1.5394	.2314	.0042	-91.52	.0016	99.84	.0224
5.3582	1.5960	.2153	.0043	-28.33	.0012	135.43	.0165
5.6769	1.6510	.2012	.0049	11.69	.0008	-169.72	.0124
5.9956	1.7045	.1887	.0040	46.42	.0008	-108.34	.0094
6.3143	1.7567	.1777	.0024	100.34	.0008	-66.23	.0073
6.6330	1.8075	.1678	.0024	174.72	.0006	-33.11	.0057
6.9517	1.8572	.1590	.0029	-148.93	.0002	19.44	.0045
7.2704	1.9058	.1510	.0020	-132.19	.0003	117.68	.0037
7.5891	1.9534	.1437	.0002	-103.10	.0004	135.60	.0030
7.9078	2.0000	.1371	.0012	49.63	.0001	116.56	.0024

V (KT) = 28.2

FROUDE = .436

UNITS :  
 DIMENSION - M  
 SPEED - M/S  
 FORCE - N  
 PRESSURE - KPA

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						MEAN
SIG. WAVE HT.	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05
WAVE PERIOD	7.10	7.98	8.87	9.76	10.64	8.87
PITCH (DEG)	.883	1.113	1.215	1.226	1.188	1.125
HEAVE	.405	.532	.614	.660	.681	.578
ACC.CG (G)	.077	.094	.097	.092	.085	.089
PROB(D.W.)FP	.0003	.0033	.0051	.0032	.0012	.0026
PROB(SLAM)ST.4	.0309	.0357	.0226	.0089	.0026	.0201
RA(SEA)	27162.4	37199.7	39678.2	35258.2	29204.3	33700.6
RA(WIND)	30301.0	30301.0	30301.0	30301.0	30301.0	30301.0

ST. 0.00

ACC.(G)	.2292	.2710	.2733	.2542	.2299	.2515
VRQI	.2593	.3086	.3130	.2918	.2639	.2873
REL.MOT.	1.500	1.780	1.854	1.775	1.639	1.709
REL.VEL.	2.811	2.887	2.783	2.543	2.280	2.661
PROB(KEEL)	.9103	.9354	.9404	.9351	.9243	.9291
PROB(SLAM)	.0007	.0011	.0007	.0002	.0000	.0005
PRESSURE	113.68	117.88	108.39	99.81	71.73	100.30
PROB(DW)	.0003	.0033	.0051	.0032	.0012	.0026

ST. 2.00

ACC.(G)	.1946	.2307	.2333	.2175	.1970	.2146
VRQI	.2202	.2629	.2675	.2498	.2262	.2453
REL.MOT.	1.614	1.774	1.750	1.614	1.453	1.641
REL.VEL.	3.528	3.340	3.054	2.711	2.398	3.006
PROB(KEEL)	.0539	.0893	.0835	.0539	.0273	.0616
PROB(SLAM)	.0112	.0154	.0102	.0037	.0009	.0083
PRESSURE	287.77	279.66	226.50	159.31	102.61	211.17
PROB(DW)	.0219	.0425	.0389	.0219	.0090	.0268

ST. 4.00

ACC.(G)	.1609	.1916	.1946	.1819	.1651	.1788
VRQI	.1822	.2185	.2232	.2090	.1896	.2045
REL.MOT.	1.552	1.608	1.520	1.367	1.218	1.453
REL.VEL.	3.778	3.417	3.032	2.653	2.335	3.043
PROB(KEEL)	.0426	.0529	.0372	.0171	.0060	.0311
PROB(SLAM)	.0309	.0356	.0226	.0089	.0026	.0201
PRESSURE	1233.41	1028.29	729.49	438.51	216.54	729.25

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B.2

Type: Davidson-A, model-scale  
Units: FPS in / FPS out  
Options: Heave and pitch responses only  
Speeds: Froude numbers .24, .35 and .45  
Frequency limits: Corresponding to  $L/\lambda = .5$  and  
 $L/\lambda = 2$

Execution time: 72.3 seconds

Input data:

DAVIDSON A

0	1	0	1	0	0
17.41		1.854		0.635	0.7503
0.0		0.635		0.0	
0.24		0.635		2.08	
0.422		0.635		1.7	
0.63		0.635		1.304	
0.87		0.635		1.184	
1.12		0.635		1.03	
1.332		0.635		0.938	
1.55		0.635		0.862	
1.718		0.635		0.814	
1.826		0.635		0.786	
1.854		0.635		0.786	
1.854		0.635		0.765	
1.848		0.635		0.738	
1.82		0.635		0.706	
1.788		0.635		0.65	
1.756		0.56		0.663	
1.706		0.475		0.67	
1.636		0.39		0.682	
1.508		0.3		0.703	
1.322		0.22		0.721	
1.096		0.13		0.756	
2.4097		4.8195			
0					
-3		0.25		0.1	
0					

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PITCH AND HEAVE IN HEAD SEAS

DAVIDSON A

13.06.28. 77/12/13.

IOPT= 0 IRESP= 1 INOLT= 0

IRANGE= 1 ICORR= 0 IFAST= 0

DIMENSIONS : IN - FT CUT - FT

L = 17.410 B = 1.854 T = .635 D = .750

ST	BEAM	DRAFT	AREA
0	0.000	.635	0.000
1	.240	.635	2.080
2	.422	.635	1.700
3	.630	.635	1.304
4	.870	.635	1.184
5	1.120	.635	1.030
6	1.332	.635	.938
7	1.550	.635	.862
8	1.718	.635	.814
9	1.826	.635	.786
10	1.854	.635	.786
11	1.854	.635	.765
12	1.848	.635	.738
13	1.820	.635	.706
14	1.788	.635	.650
15	1.756	.560	.663
16	1.706	.475	.670
17	1.636	.390	.682
18	1.508	.300	.703
19	1.322	.220	.721
20	1.096	.130	.756

DISP = .3 TONS

CR= .536 CM= .786 CP= .682 CW= .739

LCR/L = .486 LCF/L = .576

SPECIFIED OMEGA-MIN.MAX = 2.4097 4.8195

NSP= -3 UK= .25 DUK= .10 FROUDE NO.

NO IRREGULAR SEA SPECIFIED

V (KT) = 3.5

FROUDE = .250

## SELECTED RESPONSES

W-F R/S	W R/S	LAMBDA/ LENGTH	HEAVE	PHASE DEG	PITCH	PHASE DEG
3.4775	2.4097	2.0001	1.0957	3.26	1.0845	-123.63
3.5944	2.4713	1.9015	1.1456	2.97	1.0958	-127.55
3.7113	2.5322	1.8112	1.2004	2.47	1.1076	-131.44
3.8283	2.5924	1.7280	1.2544	1.98	1.1204	-134.95
3.9452	2.6520	1.6513	1.3246	.72	1.1315	-139.24
4.0622	2.7109	1.5804	1.4084	-1.32	1.1407	-144.16
4.1791	2.7691	1.5146	1.5064	-4.35	1.1469	-149.87
4.2961	2.8267	1.4534	1.6141	-8.51	1.1467	-156.39
4.4130	2.8838	1.3965	1.7243	-13.92	1.1358	-163.77
4.5299	2.9402	1.3434	1.8251	-20.79	1.1067	-172.13
4.6469	2.9962	1.2937	1.8960	-28.82	1.0547	178.96
4.7638	3.0515	1.2472	1.9192	-37.66	.9774	169.94
4.8808	3.1064	1.2035	1.8898	-48.62	.8635	159.39
4.9977	3.1607	1.1625	1.8013	-59.60	.7362	149.61
5.1147	3.2145	1.1239	1.6996	-68.40	.6363	142.56
5.2316	3.2679	1.0875	1.5712	-76.93	.5391	136.72
5.3485	3.3208	1.0532	1.4310	-85.03	.4521	132.24
5.4655	3.3732	1.0207	1.2920	-92.67	.3793	129.10
5.5824	3.4251	.9899	1.1620	-99.90	.3218	126.99
5.6994	3.4767	.9608	1.0417	-106.88	.2767	125.62
5.8163	3.5278	.9332	.9314	-113.72	.2420	124.63
5.9333	3.5785	.9069	.8312	-120.48	.2152	123.59
6.0502	3.6288	.8820	.7395	-127.28	.1941	122.30
6.1671	3.6787	.8582	.6562	-134.14	.1771	120.46
6.2841	3.7282	.8355	.5802	-141.09	.1629	117.97
6.4010	3.7773	.8140	.5108	-148.20	.1507	114.82
6.5180	3.8261	.7933	.4479	-155.43	.1397	110.99
6.6349	3.8745	.7736	.3907	-162.82	.1296	106.56
6.7519	3.9225	.7548	.3390	-170.36	.1202	101.60
6.8688	3.9702	.7368	.2925	-178.04	.1113	96.19
6.9857	4.0176	.7195	.2507	174.09	.1029	90.40
7.1027	4.0646	.7029	.2135	166.06	.0950	84.35
7.2196	4.1114	.6871	.1805	157.84	.0876	78.10
7.3366	4.1578	.6718	.1514	149.34	.0806	71.71
7.4535	4.2038	.6572	.1259	140.55	.0741	65.29
7.5704	4.2496	.6431	.1037	131.26	.0679	58.87
7.6874	4.2951	.6295	.0845	121.31	.0622	52.51
7.8043	4.3403	.6165	.0682	110.42	.0568	46.27
7.9213	4.3852	.6039	.0545	98.02	.0518	40.13
8.0382	4.4298	.5918	.0435	83.58	.0471	34.17
8.1552	4.4741	.5802	.0352	66.42	.0426	28.38
8.2721	4.5182	.5689	.0297	46.42	.0384	22.74
8.3890	4.5620	.5580	.0271	25.04	.0345	17.29
8.5060	4.6056	.5475	.0267	4.76	.0308	11.98
8.6229	4.6488	.5374	.0278	-12.46	.0273	6.79
8.7399	4.6919	.5276	.0296	-26.31	.0240	1.72
8.8568	4.7347	.5181	.0316	-37.42	.0209	-3.32
8.9738	4.7772	.5089	.0333	-46.42	.0180	-8.34
9.0907	4.8195	.5000	.0347	-53.86	.0153	-13.45

V(KT) = 4.9

FROUDE = .350

## SELECTED RESPONSES

W-E R/S	W R/S	LAMBDA/ LENGTH	LEAVE	PHASE DEG	PITCH	PHASE DEG
3.9046	2.4097	2.0001	1.2777	1.62	1.1519	-130.64
4.0482	2.4733	1.8985	1.3779	-.11	1.1665	-136.35
4.1918	2.5361	1.8057	1.4800	-2.08	1.1825	-141.65
4.3355	2.5979	1.7207	1.5938	-4.77	1.1960	-147.26
4.4791	2.6590	1.6426	1.7257	-9.01	1.1983	-154.07
4.6227	2.7192	1.5707	1.8665	-14.81	1.1863	-161.98
4.7664	2.7787	1.5041	1.9983	-22.25	1.1518	-170.89
4.9100	2.8374	1.4425	2.0964	-31.17	1.0881	179.50
5.0537	2.8954	1.3853	2.1364	-41.11	.9939	169.79
5.1973	2.9528	1.3320	2.1035	-51.28	.8773	161.02
5.3409	3.0094	1.2823	1.9930	-62.96	.7265	152.01
5.4846	3.0654	1.2359	1.8565	-73.15	.6023	145.58
5.6282	3.1208	1.1924	1.7174	-82.00	.5085	141.39
5.7719	3.1756	1.1516	1.5609	-90.48	.4267	139.04
5.9155	3.2299	1.1133	1.4080	-98.52	.3638	138.05
6.0591	3.2835	1.0772	1.2644	-106.24	.3174	137.71
6.2028	3.3366	1.0432	1.1311	-113.77	.2834	137.37
6.3464	3.3892	1.0110	1.0080	-121.21	.2578	136.55
6.4900	3.4413	.9807	.8943	-128.65	.2375	134.99
6.6337	3.4929	.9519	.7897	-136.11	.2202	132.51
6.7773	3.5440	.9247	.6937	-143.61	.2044	129.16
6.9210	3.5946	.8988	.6061	-151.16	.1892	125.04
7.0646	3.6447	.8742	.5263	-158.77	.1745	120.27
7.2082	3.6945	.8509	.4545	-166.42	.1602	114.96
7.3519	3.7437	.8286	.3903	-174.08	.1462	109.23
7.4955	3.7926	.8074	.3334	178.25	.1327	103.15
7.6391	3.8410	.7872	.2834	170.56	.1200	96.80
7.7828	3.8891	.7679	.2397	162.83	.1082	90.25
7.9264	3.9367	.7494	.2018	155.09	.0973	83.55
8.0701	3.9840	.7317	.1693	147.30	.0874	76.76
8.2137	4.0309	.7148	.1414	139.42	.0784	69.91
8.3573	4.0774	.6986	.1175	131.40	.0704	63.05
8.5010	4.1236	.6830	.0972	123.19	.0632	56.24
8.6446	4.1694	.6681	.0800	114.70	.0568	49.51
8.7883	4.2149	.6537	.0655	105.78	.0511	42.92
8.9319	4.2600	.6400	.0533	96.22	.0460	36.47
9.0755	4.3048	.6267	.0431	85.77	.0413	30.21
9.2192	4.3493	.6139	.0348	74.07	.0372	24.18
9.3628	4.3935	.6017	.0283	60.71	.0334	18.37
9.5064	4.4374	.5898	.0233	45.28	.0299	12.79
9.6501	4.4810	.5784	.0199	27.97	.0266	7.45
9.7937	4.5242	.5674	.0180	9.76	.0236	2.33
9.9374	4.5672	.5567	.0173	-7.70	.0208	-2.56
10.0810	4.6100	.5465	.0174	-23.13	.0182	-7.25
10.2246	4.6524	.5366	.0179	-36.04	.0157	-11.75
10.3683	4.6946	.5270	.0185	-46.58	.0134	-16.07
10.5119	4.7365	.5177	.0190	-55.18	.0112	-20.22
10.6555	4.7781	.5087	.0193	-62.29	.0092	-24.20
10.7992	4.8195	.5000	.0194	-68.25	.0073	-27.94

V (KT) = 6.3

FROUDE = .450

## SELECTED RESPONSES

W-E R/S	W R/S	LAMBDA/ LENGTH	HEAVE	PHASE DEG	PITCH	PHASE DEG
4.3317	2.4097	2.0001	1.5082	-2.19	1.1981	-138.62
4.5020	2.4748	1.8962	1.6653	-6.34	1.1993	-146.45
4.6723	2.5388	1.8018	1.8168	-10.53	1.2058	-153.28
4.8427	2.6019	1.7155	1.9785	-16.60	1.1906	-161.29
5.0130	2.6640	1.6365	2.1307	-24.60	1.1468	-170.38
5.1833	2.7252	1.5638	2.2438	-34.24	1.0702	179.94
5.3537	2.7855	1.4968	2.2892	-44.99	.9623	170.42
5.5240	2.8450	1.4349	2.2541	-56.03	.8366	162.17
5.6943	2.9037	1.3775	2.1429	-67.16	.7025	155.62
5.8647	2.9616	1.3241	1.9727	-78.48	.5696	150.96
6.0350	3.0187	1.2744	1.8240	-87.97	.4901	148.35
6.2053	3.0752	1.2281	1.6530	-97.13	.4248	147.43
6.3757	3.1310	1.1847	1.4845	-105.90	.3779	146.99
6.5460	3.1861	1.1441	1.3239	-114.41	.3442	146.15
6.7163	3.2405	1.1059	1.1727	-122.73	.3182	144.44
6.8867	3.2944	1.0701	1.0317	-130.93	.2959	141.71
7.0570	3.3476	1.0363	.9012	-139.03	.2747	138.05
7.2273	3.4003	1.0044	.7816	-147.02	.2537	133.63
7.3977	3.4524	.9744	.6732	-154.90	.2325	128.62
7.5680	3.5040	.9459	.5761	-162.65	.2113	123.17
7.7383	3.5551	.9189	.4901	-170.26	.1905	117.42
7.9087	3.6056	.8933	.4148	-177.75	.1706	111.45
8.0790	3.6557	.8690	.3495	174.88	.1518	105.31
8.2493	3.7052	.8459	.2934	167.60	.1345	99.03
8.4197	3.7543	.8240	.2455	160.39	.1187	92.65
8.5900	3.8030	.8030	.2050	153.22	.1045	86.17
8.7603	3.8512	.7830	.1708	146.06	.0919	79.60
8.9307	3.8990	.7640	.1420	138.88	.0807	72.95
9.1010	3.9463	.7457	.1178	131.63	.0710	66.24
9.2713	3.9933	.7283	.0975	124.27	.0625	59.49
9.4417	4.0398	.7116	.0806	116.74	.0552	52.72
9.6120	4.0860	.6956	.0664	108.99	.0488	45.98
9.7823	4.1318	.6803	.0545	100.91	.0433	39.30
9.9527	4.1772	.6656	.0445	92.39	.0384	32.73
10.1230	4.2223	.6514	.0362	83.25	.0341	26.32
10.2933	4.2670	.6379	.0293	73.26	.0303	20.10
10.4637	4.3113	.6248	.0237	62.12	.0268	14.11
10.6340	4.3554	.6122	.0192	49.48	.0237	8.37
10.8043	4.3991	.6001	.0157	35.03	.0209	2.91
10.9747	4.4424	.5885	.0132	18.79	.0182	-2.26
11.1450	4.4855	.5772	.0116	1.38	.0157	-7.11
11.3153	4.5283	.5664	.0107	-15.97	.0133	-11.59
11.4857	4.5707	.5559	.0102	-32.00	.0110	-15.61
11.6560	4.6129	.5458	.0099	-46.02	.0088	-18.89
11.8263	4.6548	.5360	.0096	-57.64	.0068	-20.81
11.9967	4.6964	.5266	.0091	-66.27	.0049	-19.79
12.1670	4.7377	.5174	.0082	-70.06	.0034	-11.87
12.3373	4.7787	.5086	.0070	-63.98	.0027	7.10
12.5077	4.8195	.5000	.0067	-41.02	.0031	23.90

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PROGRAM PHHS (INPUT,OUTPUT,TAPE1=INPUT,TAPE2=OUTPUT,TAPE6=OUTPUT,
TAPE90)
C PHHS PITCH AND HEAVE IN HEAD SEAS.
C LEVEL 5 FEB 77
COMPLEX AI,AIW,EFH,EMP,EFX,XC,CFH,CFP,CAB
DIMENSION DX(21),DRT(21),BAM(21),AIR(21),OUT(13,10),CON(4)
S,ADMS(21,49),DAMP(21,49),ARR(21),INDX(7),RS(10),AX(10,10),RM(1
$0,10),RV(10,10),XPOS(10),DR(10),PK(10,10),BETA(10),PT(10,10),NW(2
)),VW(10),AVE(9),BETD(10),WORD(5),BAMM(21),DRIT(21),TS(10)
,,VROI2(10,10),PSM(10),VROI4(10,10),VOM(10),PS(10,10),TH(10)
REAL AXM(10),RMM(10),RVM(10),PKM(10),PTM(10),FF(8,2),NAME(8),LONG
REAL ZWE(49),ZW(49),ZLL(49),ZH(49),ZHP(49),ZP(49),ZPP(49),ZCR(49)
,KNOT,AVW(10),SS(12),FB(10),PDW(10,10),PDMM(10)
LOGICAL NSTAT,NOSEA,NORESP,NOCR,NOIN,NOOUT,PROFIL,NOSLUI,POS4
COMMON/CCM1/XC,G(4,5)
DATA (FF(1,I),I=1,2)/8HPITCH(DE,2HG)/
DATA (FF(2,I),I=1,2)/8HHEAVE,1H
DATA (FF(3,I),I=1,2)/8HACC.CG(G,1H)/
DATA (FF(5,I),I=1,2)/8HPROB(D,W,4H,FP)/
DATA (FF(6,I),I=1,2)/8HPROB(SLA,6HM)ST.4/
DATA (FF(7,I),I=1,2)/8HRA(SEA),5H
DATA (FF(8,I),I=1,2)/8HRA(WIND),5H
RESP(W,WN,C)=(1.+(2.*C*W/WN)**2)/((1.-W/WN)**2+(2.*C*W/WN)**2)
LONG=3.2808
FORCE=4.4482
PRESS=6.8948
KNOT=1.6878
RAD=57.2958
RHO = 1.9905
GRAV = 32.18
C* RECORD 0.
C FORTY CHARACTER TITLE.
READ(1,2005) NAME
NAME(5)=TIME(XX)
NAME(6)=DATE(XX)
NAME(7)=NAME(8)=10H
WRITE(2,2006)NAME
C* RECORD 1.
C CONTROL INTEGER, IOPT=0; BAM,DRT=BEAM,DRAFT; AIR=CX.
C IOPT=1; BAM,DRT,AIR=NON-DIMENSIONAL BEAM,DRAFT,AREA.
C CONTROL INTEGER, IRESP=0; NO REGULAR WAVE RESPONSES.
C IRESP=1; PITCH + HEAVE.
C IRESP=2; PITCH + HEAVE + RAW.
C CONTROL INTEGER, INPUT OUTPUT
C INOUT=0; FPS FPS
C INOUT=1; SI FPS
C INOUT=2; FPS SI
C INOUT=3; SI SI
C CONTROL INTEGER, IRANGE=0; DEFAULT RANGE OF OMEGA USED
C IRANGE=1; RANGE OF OMEGA SPECIFIED.
C CONTROL INTEGER, ICORR=0; NO CORRECTIONS.
C ICORR=1; WAVE DEFORMATION AND WAVE-MAKING CORRECTIONS.
C ICORR=2; WAVE-MAKING CORRECTION ONLY.
C CONTROL INTEGER, IFAST=0; 49 FREQUENCIES, 21 STATIONS
C IFAST=1; 25 FREQUENCIES, 21 STATIONS

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C          IFAST=2; 49 FREQUENCIES, 11 STATIONS
C          IFAST=3; 25 FREQUENCIES, 11 STATIONS
READ(1,*) IOPT,IRESP,INOUT,IRANGE,ICORR,IFAST
WRITE(2,1103) IOPT,IRESP,INOUT,IRANGE,ICORR,IFAST
NORESP=NOCR=.TRUE.
IF(IRESP.GT.0)NORESP=.FALSE.
IF(IRESP.GT.1)NOCR=.FALSE.
NOIN=NOOUT=.TRUE.
IOUT=INOUT/2
IN=INOUT-2*IOUT
IF(IN.EQ.1)NOIN=.FALSE.
IF(IOUT.EQ.1)NOOUT=.FALSE.
PROFIL=.FALSE.
NOSLUI=.TRUE.
IF(ICORR.LT.1) GO TO 241
PROFIL=.TRUE.
IF(ICORR.GT.1) GO TO 241
NOSLUI=.FALSE.

C* RECORD 2.
C LENGTH, BEAM,DRAFT,FREEBOARD AT FP.
241 READ(1,*) XL,B,T,D
WSP=10HM
IF(NOIN)WSP=10HFT
WORD(1)=10HFT
WORD(2)=10HF/S
WORD(3)=10HLB-F
WORD(4)=10HPSI
WORD(5)=10HTONS
IF(NOOUT)GOTO782
WORD(1)=10HM
WORD(2)=10HM/S
WORD(3)=10HN
WORD(4)=10HKPA
WORD(5)=10HTONNES
782 IF(NOIN)GOTO730
XL=XL*LONG
B=B*LONG
T=T*LONG
D=D*LONG
730 SLG=SORT(XL*GRAV)
IF(NOOUT)GOTO 731
WRITE(2,2001)WSP,WORD(1),XL/LONG,B/LONG,T/LONG,D/LONG
GOTO732
731 WRITE(2,2001)WSP,WORD(1),XL,B,T,D
732 IF(IOPT.EQ.0) GO TO 2
C  IF IOPT=1      ...
C* RECORD 3A.
C AREA COEFFICIENT OF MAX SECTION.
READ(1,*) AMAX
C* RECORDS 3B.
C NON-DIMENSIONAL BEAM, DRAFT, AREA, 21 STATIONS.
READ(1,*)(BAM(I),DRT(I),AIR(I),I=1,21)
DO 1 I=1,21
BAM(I)=BAM(I)*B
DRT(I)=DRT(I)*T

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1  CONTINUE
AMAX=AMAX*B*T
DO 21 I=1,21
IF(AIR(I).LE.0.0) GO TO 21
AIR(I)=AIR(I)*AMAX/(BAM(I)*DRT(I))
21 CONTINUE
GO TO 3
2  CONTINUE
C  IF IOPT=0      ...
C* RECORDS 3.
C  BEAM, DRAFT, AREA COEFFICIENT, 21 STATIONS.
READ(1,*) (BAM(I),DRT(I),AIR(I),I=1,21)
IF(NOIN)GOTO3
DO 733 I=1,21
BAM(I)=BAM(I)*LONG
733 DRT(I)=DRT(I)*LONG
3  CONTINUE
WRITE(2,2002)
IF(NOCUT)GO TO 520
WRITE(2,2003)(I-1,BAM(I)/LONG,DRT(I)/LONG,AIR(I),I=1,21)
GO TO 722
520 WRITE(2,2003) (I-1,BAM(I),DRT(I),AIR(I),I=1,21)
722 DD=0.05
DD3 = DD/3.0
DO 1700 I=1,21
1700 ARR(I) = BAM(I)*DRT(I)*AIR(I)/XL**2
VOL = 4.0*ARR(2)+ARR(3)+ARR(1)
DO 1701 I=3,19,2
1701 VOL = VOL+ARR(I)+4.0*ARR(I+1) + ARR(I+2)
VOL = VOL*DD3
XLCB = 4.0*ARR(2)+2.0*ARR(3)
DO 1702 I=3,19,2
1702 XLCB = XLCB+ARR(I)*(I-1)+4.0*ARR(I+1)*(I)+ARR(I+2)*(I+1)
XLCB = XLCB*DD*DD3/VOL
CW = 4.0*BAM(2)+BAM(3)+BAM(1)
DO 1703 I = 3,19,2
1703 CW = CW+BAM(I)+4.0*BAM(I+1)+BAM(I+2)
CW=CW*DD3
XLCF = 4.0*BAM(2)+2.0*BAM(3)
DO 1704 I = 3,19,2
1704 XLCF = XLCF+BAM(I)*(I-1)+4.0*BAM(I+1)*I+BAM(I+2)*(I+1)
XLCF = XLCF*DD*DD3/CW
CW = CW/B
C5 = 4.0*(BAM(2)+BAM(3))
DO 1705 I = 3,19,2
1705 C5=C5+BAM(I)*(I-1)**2+4.0*BAM(I+1)*I**2+BAM(I+2)*(I+1)**2
C5=C5*DD**2*DD3/B
DO 1706 I=1,21
BAMM(I)=BAM(I)
DRT(I)=DRT(I)
BAM(I) = BAM(I)/XL
DRT(I) = DRT(I)/XL
X = ARR(1)
M= 1
DO 1707 I = 2,21

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IF(X.GT.ARR(I)) GO TO 1707
X =ARR(I)
M=I
1707 CONTINUE
CM=X/(BAM(M)*DRT(M))
CB= VOL*XL**2/(B*T)
CP = CB/CM
DISP = RHO*GRAV*CB*XL*B*T/2240.
XCG = XLCB
C33 = CW*B/XL
C35 = XLCF*B/XL*CW-XCG*C33
C55 = (C5+XCG*XCG*CW-2.*XLCF*CW*XCG)*B/XL
IF(NOCUT) GO TO 734
WRITE(2,2010)DISP/.98421,WORD(5)
GOTO735
734 WRITE(2,2010) DISP,WORD(5)
735 WRITE(2,2008)CB,CM,CP,CW
WRITE(2,2009)XLCB,XLCF
IST=IWE=1
IFAST=IFAST+1
GO TO(473,474,475,474),IFAST
474 IWE=2
IF(IFAST.LT.4) GO TO 473
475 IST=2
473 W1=.2
FWE=FLOAT(IWE)
W3=2.
IF(IRANGE.EQ.0)GO TO 900
C* RECORD 4.
C READ OMEGA-MIN, OMEGA-MAX
READ(1,*)W1,W3
WRITE(2,901)W1,W3
900 CONTINUE
C* RECORD 5A.
C NUMBER OF STATIONS.
READ(1,*)NPOS
NSTAT=.FALSE.
IF(NPOS.LE.0)NSTAT=.TRUE.
IF(NSTAT)GO TO 305
WRITE(2,220)
POS4=.FALSE.
DO 13 I=1,NPOS
TH(I)=0.0
C* RECORDS 5B.
C STATION NUMBER, DEADRISE (DEG), FREEBOARD (UNITS).
READ(1,*)XPOS(I),BETA(I),FB(I)
IF(NOIN)GOTO37
FB(I)=FB(I)*LONG
37 IF(NOCUT)GOTO39
WRITE(2,2012)XPOS(I),BETA(I),FB(I)/LONG
GOTO40
39 WRITE(2,2012)XPOS(I),BETA(I),FB(I)
40 IF(BETA(I).LE.0.0)GOTO13
IF(XPOS(I).NE.4.0) GO TO 1610
B1=BETA(I)

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1610 POS4=.TRUE.
1610 BETD(I)=BETA(I)
      Q=BETA(I)/RAD
      TO=TAN(Q)
      TH(I)=.0195*SLG/(.03/TO+.011)/2
      BETA(I)=1.+(1.-EXP(-5.*Q))*(1.5708/TQ) )**2
13  CONTINUE
13  IF(POS4)GOTO1615
13  IF(AIR(5).GE.1.0) GO TO 1424
305  CALL KBL(BAMM(5),DRTT(5),AIR(5),B1R,B1)
1615 IF(B1.GT.5.0) GO TO 1412
1424 B1=.708
      GO TO 306
306  B1=.06/TAN(B1/RAD)+.022
C* RECORD 6.
C  NUMBER OF SPEEDS, LOWEST, INCREMENT.
C  IF NSP IS NEGATIVE, FROUDE NUMBERS ARE INPUT
306 READ(1,*)NSP,UK,DUK
      WSP=10H
      IF(NSP.LT.0)WSP=10HFROUDE NO.
      WRITE(2,2004)NSP,UK,DUK,WSP
      IF(NSP.GT.0) GO TO 120
      NSP=-NSP
      UK=UK*SLG/KNOT
      DUK=DUK*SLG/KNOT
C* RECORD 7.
C  NUMBER OF SEAS, SIG WAVE HEIGHT, PERIOD.
120 READ(1,*)NSEA
      IF(NSEA.LT.0)NSEA=0
      NSEA=.TRUE.
      IF(NSEA.EQ.0) GOTO 501
      DO 228 K=1,10
228  AWW(K)=10H
      AWW(NSEA)=10H      MEAN
      NSEA=.FALSE.
      READ(1,*)(HS(K),TS(K),K=1,NSEA)
      IF(NOIN)GO TO 740
      DO 741 K=1,NSEA
741  HS(K)=HS(K)*LONG
740  WRITE(2,221)
      IF(NCOUT)GO TO 742
      WRITE(2,2013)(HS(K)/LONG,TS(K),K=1,NSEA)
      GOTO743
742  WRITE(2,2013)(HS(K),TS(K),K=1,NSEA)
C* RECORD 8.
C  HOURS SLAMMING,WIND SPEED(KT).
C  DEFAULT VALUES ARE THR=1 HR, WIND RESISTANCE TO BE IGNORED.
743  THR=1.
      WKWT=-99.
      READ(1,*)THR,WKWT
C  WKWT, WIND SPEED, KT
C  IF .LT. ZERO WIND RESISTANCE WILL BE IGNORED.
C  IF .GT. 99 12TH ITTC RELATIONSHIP WILL BE USED
      NW(1)=NW(2)=10H
      IW=2

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IF(VWKT.GE.0.)GO TO 105
IVW=1
NVW(1)=10HWIND REST.
NVW(2)=10H IGNORED
GO TO 106
105 IF(VWKT.LE.99.)GO TO 106
IVW=3
NVW(1)=10HDEFAULT US
NVW(2)=10HED
106 WRITE(2,222) THR,VWKT,NVW
GO TO 500
501 WRITE(2,224)
500 IF(NOSEA.AND.NORESP) GO TO 600
C TAPE90 IS A SCRATCH FILE FOR PLOTTING ETC.
C TAPE90 OUTPUT IS IN PROGRAM INTERNAL (IE FPS) UNITS.
C THIS WRITE : 135 WORDS.
      WRITE(90)NAME,XL,B,T,D,BAMM,DRTT
      DISP,CB,CM,CP,CW,XLCB,XLCF,NPOS,XPOS,BETD,NSP,UK,DUK,NSEA,HS,TS,THR
      'VWKT, IOPT,IRESP,INOUT,IRANGE,ICORR,IFAST-1
      'ENDFILE 90
      AIR,D
      IF(NSTAT)GO TO 307
      DO 11 I=1,NPOS
      J=INT(XPOS(I))
      IF(J.LT.20) GO TO 9
      DR(I)=DRT(21)
      GO TO 10
      9 DR(I)=DRT(J+1)+(XPOS(I)-J)*(DRT(J+2)-DRT(J+1))
      10 DR(I)=XL*DR(I)
      11 CONTINUE
      307 FACTOR = SQRT(XL/GRAV)
      AI = (0.,1.)
      C33=C33*GRAV/(VOL*XL)
      C53=C35*GRAV/(VOL*XL**2)
      C35=C35*GRAV/VOL
      C55=C55*GRAV/(VOL*XL)
      DO 1801 I=2,20
      DX(I)=.05
      1801 CONTINUE
      DX(1)=DX(21)=.025
C COMPUTE SECTIONAL ADDED MASS AND DAMPING
C FOR NFR FREQUENCIES AT EACH STATION
      U=KNOT*(UK+(NSP-1)*DUK)
      WMAX=W3+W3*W3*U/GRAV
      U=KNOT*UK
      WMIN=W1+W1*W1*U/GRAV
      DFR=((WMAX-WMIN)/48.)
      DO 1802 IFR=1,49 IWE
      W=WMIN+DFR*(IFR-1)
      OMEN=W*FACTOR
      DO 1802 I=1,21,IST
      IF(AIR(I).LE.0.0) GO TO 1822
      CALL ADMAB(BAM(I),DRT(I),AIR(I),OMEN,
      1ADMS(I,IFR),DAMP(I,IFR))
C PRECAUTION TO AVOID NONSENSE OUTPUT AT HIGHER FREQUENCIES
      IF(ADMS(I,IFR).GT.0.0)GO TO 1802

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ADMS(I,IFR)=ADMS(I,IFR-1)
GO TO 1802
1822 ADMS(I,IFR)=DAMP(I,IFR)=0.
1802 CONTINUE
C SPEED LOOP
DO 1803 ISP=1,NSP
U=(UK+(ISP-1)*DUK)
DFP=0.
IF(PROFIL) DFP=PROFILE(0.0,BAMM,DRTT,AIR,XL,U,0)
U=KNOT*U
FROUDE=U/SLG
IF(NOSLUI) GO TO 1818
DO 1819 IS=1,10
R=XPOS(IS)/20.
1819 SS(IS)=DEFWAV(R,FROUDE)
SS(11)=DEFWAV(0.0,FROUDE)
SS(12)=DEFWAV(0.2,FROUDE)
GO TO 1820
1818 DO 1821 IS=1,12
1821 SS(IS)=1.0
C COMPUTE MAX. FREQ., DIVIDE INTO NSPI INTERVALS
1820 WMAX=W3+W3*W3*U/GRAV
WMIN=W1+W1*W1*U/GRAV
DW=((WMAX-WMIN)/48.)
WD=DW*IWE
C COMPUTE FREQUENCY RESPONSE
DO 100 I=1,13
DO 100 J=1,NSEA
100 OUT(I,J)=0.0
DO 304 K=1,NSEA
IF(NSTAT) GO TO 304
DO 4 I=1,NPOS
AX(I,K)=RM(I,K)=RV(I,K)=0.0
VRQI2(I,K)=VRQI4(I,K)=0.
4 CONTINUE
304 CONTINUE
IF(NORESP) GO TO 835
WRITE(2,206)
IF(NOCR) GO TO 834
WRITE(2,1102) U/KNOT, FROUDE
GO TO 835
834 WRITE(2,1100) U/KNOT, FROUDE
835 CONTINUE
C FREQUENCY LOOP.
DO 1804 IFR=1,49, IWE
W=WMIN+DW*(IFR-1)
WW=W
IF(U.LE.0.0) GO TO 1805
XI=0.5*GRAV/U
WW=-XI+SQRT(XI*XI+2.*W*XI)
W2=W*W
QW=WW*WW/GRAV
ELL=6.2832/QW/XL
1805

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AIW=AI*W
OMEN=W*FACTOR
OMENW=WW*FACTOR
A33=B33=0.0
A35=B35=0.0
A55=B55=0.0
EFH=EMP=(0.,0.)
R=(W-WMIN)/DFR
P=R/FWE
N=1+INT(P)
M=IWE*INT(R/FWE)+1
P=P-N+1
DO 1806 I=1,21,1ST
C   INTERPOLATE FOR ADMH, DAMH AT EACH STATION
      ADMH=ADMS(I,M)+P*(ADMS(I,M+IWE)-ADMS(I,M))
      DAMH=DAMP(I,M)+P*(DAMP(I,M+IWE)-DAMP(I,M))
C   COMPUTE SPEED INDEPENDENT COMPONENTS
      XO=DX(I)*IST
      X=(XCG-.05*(I-1))
      X1=X*XO
      X2=X*X1
      A33=A33+ADMH*XO
      B33=B33+DAMH*XO
      A35=A35-ADMH*X1
      B35=B35-DAMH*X1
      A55=A55+ADMH*X2
      B55=B55+DAMH*X2
      EFX=CMPLX(ADMH,-DAMH)
      CAB=CEXP(AI*QW*X*XL)
      XI=EXP(-QW*DRT(I)*XL*AIR(I))
      XC=OMENW/OMEN*EFX*XI
      CFH=BAM(I)*XI-XC
      CFP=-CFH*X-AI*FROUDE*XC/OMEN
      XC=CAB*XO
      EFH=EFH+CFH*XC
      EMP=EMP+CFP*XC
1806  CONTINUE
C   SCALE AND INTRODUCE SPEED EFFECTS
      X1=OMEN*VOL
      X2=OMEN*X1
      A33=A33/X2
      A35=A35/X2
      A55=A55/X2
      B33=B33/X1
      B35=B35/X1
      B55=B55/X1
      X2=FROUDE*A33
      X1=FROUDE/OMEN**2*B33
      A33=A35+X1
      A35=A35-X1
      B33=B35-X2
      B35=B35+X2
      A55=A55+FROUDE*X2/OMEN**2
      B55=B55+FROUDE*X1
C   FINAL SCALING

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C HEAVE FACTORED BY M
C PITCH FACTORED BY M*L**2
  B33=B33/FACTOR
  A35=A35*XL
  B35=B35/FACTOR*XL
  A53=A53/XL
  B53=B53/(FACTOR*XL)
  B55=B55/FACTOR
  EFH=EFH*GRAV/(VOL*XL)
  EMP=EMP*GRAV/(VOL*XL**2)
C HYDRODYNAMIC MATRIX
  XC=-W2*(A33+1.)+AIW*B33+C33
  CALL MATG(1,1)
  XC=-W2*A35+AIW*B35+C35
  CALL MATG(1,3)
  XC=-W2*A53+AIW*B53+C53
  CALL MATG(3,1)
  XC=-W2*(A55+.0625)+AIW*B55+C55
  CALL MATG(3,3)
  G(1,5)=REAL(EFH)
  G(2,5)=AIMAG(EFH)
  G(3,5)=REAL(EMP)
  G(4,5)=AIMAG(EMP)
C SOLVE FOR MOTIONS
  CALL SOLV(G,CON,4,5,INDX,ICKG)
C REGULAR WAVE RESPONSES
  IF(NORESP) GO TO 515
C HEAVE
  X0=SORT(CON(1)**2+CON(2)**2)
  PX0=ATAN2(CON(2),CON(1))*RAD
C PITCH
  A6=SORT(CON(3)**2+CON(4)**2)/QW
  PA6=ATAN2(CON(4),CON(3))*RAD
C ADDED RESISTANCE
  515 CR=RAW(WW,XL,0.25,FROUDE,AIR(2),AIR(11))
C RESPONSE SPECTRA
  IF(NOSEA) GO TO 510
  DO 1812 K=1,NSEA
    X1=SEAST(HS(K),TS(K),WW)/(1.+2.*U*WW/GRAV)
    OUT(1,K)=OUT(1,K)+X1*(CON(3)**2+CON(4)**2)
    P=X1*(CON(1)**2+CON(2)**2)
    OUT(2,K)=OUT(2,K)+P
    OUT(3,K)=OUT(3,K)+P*W2*W2
    IS=11
    X=XL*XCG
    DO 1813 J=5,7,2
      XX=CON(1)-X*CON(3)
      YY=CON(2)-X*CON(4)
      XC=CMPLX(XX,YY)-CEXP(WW*WW*X*AI/GRAV)*SS(IS)
      P=X1*(CABS(XC))**2
      OUT(J,K)=OUT(J,K)+P
      OUT(J+1,K)=OUT(J+1,K)+P*W*W
      X=XL*(XCG-0.20)
  1813 IS=12
  IF(NSTAT) GO TO 308

```

```

DO 5 I=1,NPOS
R=XPOS(I)/20.
X=XL*(XCG-R)
AXX=XL*((CON(1)-X*CON(3))**2+(CON(2)-X*CON(4))**2)*W2**2
AX(I,K)=AX(I,K)+AXX
VRQI2(I,K)=VRQI2(I,K)+AXX*RESP(W,25.1,.4)
S=1.
IF(W.LT.1.07)S=W/1.07
VRQI4(I,K)=VRQI4(I,K)+AXX*RESP(W,1.571,1.)*S
XX=CON(1)-X*CON(3)
YY=CON(2)-X*CON(4)
XC=CMPLX(XX,YY)-CEXP(WW*WW*X*AI/GRAV)*SS(I)
P=X1*(CABS(XC)**2
RM(I,K)=RM(I,K)+P
RV(I,K)=RV(I,K)+P*W2
5 CONTINUE
308 OUT(12,K)=OUT(12,K)+X1*CR
1812 CONTINUE
510 IF(NORESP) GO TO 1804
ZWE(IFR)=W
ZW(IFR)=WW
ZLL(IFR)=ELL
ZH(IFR)=X0
ZHP(IFR)=PX0
ZP(IFR)=A6
ZPP(IFR)=PA6
ZCR(IFR)=CR
IF(NOCR) GO TO 512
WRITE(2,1101)W,WW,ELL,X0,PX0,A6,PA6,CR
GO TO 1804
512 WRITE(2,1101)W,WW,ELL,X0,PX0,A6,PA6
1804 CONTINUE
IF(NOSEA)GO TO 310
DO 227 K=1,9
227 AVE(K)=0.
DO 1825 K=1,NSEA
OUT(12,K)=OUT(12,K)*(RHO*GRAV*B*B/XL)*WD
DO 1814 J=1,3
1814 OUT(J,K)=SORT(WD*OUT(J,K))
DO 1825 J=5,8
1825 OUT(J,K)=SORT(WD*OUT(J,K))
DO 1815 K=1,NSEA
OUT(1,K)=RAD*OUT(1,K)
1815 OUT(3,K)=OUT(3,K)/GRAV
THRESH=.00038*XL*GRAV /B1/B1
DO 1817 K=1,NSEA
DF=T
IF(DF.LT.0.0)DF=0.0
XX=.5*((DF/OUT(7,K))**2+THRESH/OUT(8,K)**2)
IF(XX.GT.670.)XX=670.
OUT(10,K)=EXP(-XX)
DPF=D-DFP
IF(DPF.LT.0.0)DPF=0.0
OUT(9,K)=.5*(DPF/OUT(5,K))**2
IF(OUT(9,K).GT.670.)OUT(9,K)=670.

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```

1817 OUT(9,K)=EXP(-OUT(9,K))
IF(NSTAT)GO TO 309
DO 6 I=1,NPOS
DO 6 K=1,NSEA
AX(I,K)=SORT(WD*AX(I,K))/GRAV
RM(I,K)=SORT(WD*RM(I,K))
RV(I,K)=SORT(WD*RV(I,K))
IF(VRQI4(I,K).GT.VRQI2(I,K))VRQI2(I,K)=VRQI4(I,K)
VRQI2(I,K)=SQRT(WD*VRQI2(I,K))/GRAV
6 CONTINUE
309 UUK=UK+(ISP-1)*DUK
IF(IW-2)180,181,182
182 DO 183 K=1,NSEA
VW(K)=SQRT(590.+135.*HS(K))-24.29
IF(VW(K).LT.0.0)VW(K)=0.0
183 CONTINUE
GO TO 184
181 DO 185 K=1,NSEA
185 VW(K)=VWKT
184 DO 186 K=1,NSEA
186 OUT(13,K)=.002*B*B*(UUK+VW(K))**2
GO TO 187
180 DO 188 K=1,NSEA
188 OUT(13,K)=0.
187 DO 189 K=1,NSEA
AVE(1)=AVE(1)+HS(K)/NSEA
AVE(2)=AVE(2)+TS(K)/NSEA
AVE(3)=AVE(3)+OUT(1,K)/NSEA
AVE(4)=AVE(4)+OUT(2,K)/NSEA
AVE(5)=AVE(5)+OUT(3,K)/NSEA
AVE(6)=AVE(6)+OUT(9,K)/NSEA
AVE(7)=AVE(7)+OUT(10,K)/NSEA
AVE(8)=AVE(8)+OUT(12,K)/NSEA
189 AVE(9)=AVE(9)+OUT(13,K)/NSEA
WRITE(2,206)
WRITE(2,202)UUK,FROUDE,(WORD(K),K=1,4),AVW
IF(NOOUT)GOTO 760
WRITE(2,203)(HS(K)/LONG,K=1,NSEA),AVE(1)/LONG
GO TO 773
760 WRITE(2,203)(HS(K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(1)
773 WRITE(2,207)(TS(K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(2)
WRITE(2,204)(FF(1,L),L=1,2),(OUT(1,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(3)
IF(NOOUT) GO TO 770
WRITE(2,204)(FF(2,L),L=1,2),(OUT(2,K)/LONG,K=1,NSEA),AVE(4)/LONG
GO TO 771
770 WRITE(2,204)(FF(2,L),L=1,2),(OUT(2,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(4)
771 WRITE(2,204)(FF(3,L),L=1,2),(OUT(3,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(5)
WRITE(2,205)(FF(5,L),L=1,2),(OUT(9,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(6)
WRITE(2,205)(FF(6,L),L=1,2),(OUT(10,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(7)
IF(NOOUT) GO TO 772
WRITE(2,223)(FF(7,L),L=1,2),(OUT(12,K)*FORCE,K=1,NSEA),AVE(8)
**FORCE
WRITE(2,223)(FF(8,L),L=1,2),(OUT(13,K)*FORCE,K=1,NSEA),AVE(9)
**FORCE
GOTO761

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772 WRITE(2,223) (FF( 7,L),L=1,2), (OUT(12,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(8)
    WRITE(2,223) (FF( 8,L),L=1,2), (OUT(13,K),K=1,NSEA),AVE(9)
761 WRITE(2,226)
    IF(NSTAT)GO TO 310
    DO 38 I=1,NPOS
    DDR=0.
    IF(PROFIL)DDR=PROFILE(XPOS(I),BAMM,DRTT,AIR,XL,UUK,0)
    DO 8 K=1,NSEA
    XY=FB(I)-DDR
    IF(XY.LT.0.0)XY=0.0
    XX=DR(I)
    IF(XX.LT.0.0)XX=0.0
    PK(I,K)=.5*(XX/RM(I,K))**2
    PS(I,K)=PK(I,K)+.5*(TH(I)/RV(I,K))**2
    PDW(I,K)=.5*(XY/RM(I,K))**2
    IF(PK(I,K).GT.670.)PK(I,K)=670.
    IF(PS(I,K).GT.670.)PS(I,K)=670.
    IF(PDW(I,K).GT.670.)PDW(I,K)=670.
    PS(I,K)=EXP(-PS(I,K))
    PDW(I,K)=EXP(-PDW(I,K))
8   PK(I,K)=EXP(-PK(I,K))
    AXM(I)=RMM(I)=RVM(I)=PKM(I)=PTM(I)=0.
    PSM(I)=0.
    PDWM(I)=0.0
    VOM(I)=0.
    DO 12 K=1,NSEA
    AXM(I)=AXM(I)+AX(I,K)/NSEA
    VOM(I)=VOM(I)+VROI2(I,K)/NSEA
    RMM(I)=RMM(I)+RM(I,K)/NSEA
    RVM(I)=RVM(I)+RV(I,K)/NSEA
    PKM(I)=PKM(I)+PK(I,K)/NSEA
    PSM(I)=PSM(I)+PS(I,K)/NSEA
    PDWM(I)=PDWM(I)+PDW(I,K)/NSEA
    IF(BETA(I).LE.0.0) GO TO 12
    PT(I,K)=RHO*BETA(I)*(RV(I,K)**2*ALOG(572.9578*THR*RV(I,K)*PK(I,K)/
$RM(I,K))/144.
    IF(DR(I).LE.0.)PT(I,K)=0.
    IF(PT(I,K).LT.0.0)PT(I,K)=0.0
    PTM(I)=PTM(I)+PT(I,K)/NSEA
12  CONTINUE
    WRITE(2,208) XPOS(I)
    WRITE(2,209) (AX(I,K),K=1,NSEA),AXM(I)
    WRITE(2,1104) (VROI2(I,K),K=1,NSEA),VOM(I)
    IF(NOOUT)GO TO 780
    WRITE(2,210) (RM(I,K)/LONG,K=1,NSEA),RMM(I)/LONG
    GO TO 781
780  WRITE(2,210) (RM(I,K),K=1,NSEA),RMM(I)
781  IF(NOOUT)GOTO 762
    WRITE(2,211) (RV(I,K)/LONG,K=1,NSEA),RVM(I)/LONG
    GO TO 763
762  WRITE(2,211) (RV(I,K),K=1,NSEA),RVM(I)
763  WRITE(2,212) (PK(I,K),K=1,NSEA),PKM(I)
    IF(BETA(I).LE.0.0.OR.XPOS(I).GT.10) GO TO 7
    WRITE(2,214) (PS(I,K),K=1,NSEA),PSM(I)
    IF(NOOUT) GO TO 764

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        WRITE(2,213)(PT(I,K)*PRESS,K=1,NSEA),PTM(I)*PRESS
        GO TO 7
764  WRITE(2,213)(PT(I,K),K=1,NSEA),PTM(I)
7 IF(FB(I).LE.0.0)GOTO38
    WRITE(2,219)(PDW(I,K),K=1,NSEA),PDWM(I)
38  CONTINUE
310 IF(NORESP)GO TO 311
C TAPE90 OUTPUT IS IN PROGRAM INTERNAL (IE FPS) UNITS.
C THIS WRITE : 394 WORDS.
    WRITE(90)U/KNOT,FROUDE,ZWE,ZW,ZLL,ZH,ZHP,ZP,ZPP,ZCR
    ENDFILE 90
311 IF(NOSEA) GO TO 1803
C TAPE90 OUTPUT IS IN PROGRAM INTERNAL (IE FPS) UNITS.
C THIS WRITE : 932 WORDS.
    WRITE(90)U/KNOT,FROUDE,OUT,AX,VRQI2,RM,RV,PK,PS,PT,PDW
    ENDFILE 90
1803  CONTINUE
    STOP
600  WRITE(2,225)
    STOP
2001  FORMAT(//5X,*DIMENSIONS : IN - *,A10,10X,*OUT - *A10
* //5X,3HL =F8.3,5X,3HB =F7.3,5X,3HT =F7.3,5X,3HD =F7.3)
2002  FORMAT(//4X,2HST,9X,4HBEAM6X,5HDRAFT6X,4HAREA)
2003  FORMAT(4XI2,4X3F10.3)
2004  FORMAT(//5X,4HNSP=I3,5X,3HUK=F5.2,5X,
*4HDK=F5.2,5X,A10)
2005  FORMAT(8A10)
2006  FORMAT(1H1/5X,*PITCH AND HEAVE IN HEAD SEAS//5X,4A10,2(2X,2A10))
2008  FORMAT(//5X,3HCB=F5.3,5X,3HCM=F5.3,5X,3HCP=F5.3,5X,3HCW=F5.3)
2009  FORMAT(//5X,7HLCB/L =F5.3,5X,7HLCF/L =F5.3)
2010  FORMAT(//5X,6HDISP =F7.1,2X,A10)
2012  FORMAT(3F9.2)
2013  FORMAT(2F9.2)
202  FORMAT(//10X*V(KT)=*F5.1,10X,*FROUDE=*F8.3//5X*UNITS :*/5X,*DIMENS
SION - *,A10/5X,*SPEED - *,A10/5X,*FORCE - *,A10/5X,*PRESSURE - *,A
A10,5X,10A10)
203  FORMAT(//5X13HSIG. WAVE HT.,3X,11(1XF9.2))
204  FORMAT(//5X2A8,11F10.3)
205  FORMAT(//5X2A8,11F10.4)
206  FORMAT(1H1)
207  FORMAT(//5X*WAVE PERIOD*5X11F10.2)
208  FORMAT(//5X*ST.*F5.2)
209  FORMAT(5X*ACC. (G)*9X,11F10.4)
210  FORMAT(5X*REL.MOT. *4X,11F10.3)
211  FORMAT(5X*REL.VEL. *3X,11F10.3)
212  FORMAT(5X*PROB (KEEL)*6X,11F10.4)
213  FORMAT(5X*PRESSURE*8X,11F10.2)
214  FORMAT(5X*PROB (SLAM)*6X,11F10.4)
219  FORMAT(5X*PROB (DW)*8X,11F10.4)
220  FORMAT(//5X*XPOS*4X*BETA*6X*FB*)
221  FORMAT(//5X*HS*7X*TS*)
222  FORMAT(//5X*THR=*F6.2,10X,*VWKT= *,F7.2,5X,2A10)
223  FORMAT(//5X,2A8,11F10.1)
224  FORMAT(//5X,*NO IRREGULAR SEA SPECIFIED*)
225  FORMAT(1H///5X,*NEITHER REGULAR NOR IRREGULAR SEAWAY COMPUTATION

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NS REQUESTED*//5X,*EXECUTION TERMINATED*)  
226 FORMAT(/)  
901 FORMAT(//5X,*SPECIFIED OMEGA-MIN,MAX = *2F9.4)  
1100 FORMAT(5X,*V(KT)=*,F5.1,10X,*FROUDE=*,F8.3  
* //5X,*SELECTED RESPONSES*//9X,*W-E*,6X,  
$*W*,7X,*LAMBDA/* 2X,*HEAVE*,3X,*PHASE* 3X,*PITCH*,3X,*PHASE*/  
$9X,*R/S*,6X,*R/S*,5X,*LENGTH*,12X,*DEG*,13X,  
$*COEF OF*/9X,*R/S*,6X,*R/S*,5X,*LENGTH*,12X,*DEG*,13X,  
$*DEG  
1101 FORMAT(5X,3F9.4,F8.4,F8.2,F8.4,F8.2,F9.4)  
1102 FORMAT(5X,*V(KT)=*,F5.1,10X,*FROUDE=*,F8.3  
* //5X,*SELECTED RESPONSES*//9X,*W-E*,6X,  
$*W*,7X,*LAMBDA/* 2X,*HEAVE*,3X,*PHASE* 3X,*PITCH*,3X,*PHASE*,3X,  
$*COEF OF*/9X,*R/S*,6X,*R/S*,5X,*LENGTH*,12X,*DEG*,13X,  
$*DEG  
1103 FORMAT(//5X,*IOPT=*I3, 5X,*IRESP=*,I3, 5X,*INOUT=*,I3//5X*IRANGE=*I3,5X,*ICORR=*,I3,5X,*IFAST=*,I3)  
1104 FORMAT(5X,*VRQI*,12X,11F10.4)  
END
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SUBROUTINE ADMAB (BEAM, DRFT, AREA, OMEN, ADMH, DAMH)
DIMENSION SY(10), SZ(10), SSB(10), SPB(10), SDB(10), SSA(10), SPA(10), SD
1A(10), SLW(10), EPÁ(5,6), EQA(5,6), EPC(5), EPB(5), EPX(5), EQX(5), EPY(5)
Z, EOY(5)
ADMH=0.
DAMH=0.
IF(BEAM.LE.0.0.OR.DRFT.LE.0.0) GO TO 77
IF(.NOT.(BEAM.LE.(1.2*DRFT).AND.AREA.GT.1.2)) GO TO 6002
DEL=OMEN*OMEN*DRFT
CALL BULB (AREA, BEAM, DRFT, DEL, ADMH, DAMH)
ADMH=ADMH*1.570796*(OMEN*DRFT)**2
DAMH=(DAMH/OMEN)**2
RETURN
6002 CONTINUE
SBBB=AREA
SBB=BEAM
SBH=0.5*BEAM/DRFT
7003 SAN=3.14159+(SBBB*4.0-3.14159)*SBH/(SBH+1.0)**2
SWA=5.55165-1.57078*SAN
SAZN=(2.35619+SQRT(SWA))/SAN
SA=(SBH-1.0)*SAZN/(SBH+1.0)
SB=SAZN-1.0
SAA=SA*SA+3.0*SB
SAAA=SA*SAA+3.0*SA*SB
EPB(1)=1.0+SA+SB
EPB(2)=0.63662*(0.33333*(1.0+SA)-1.80*SB)
EPB(3)=0.31831*(0.06667+0.06667*SA+1.28571*SB)
EPB(4)=0.63662*(0.00952+0.00952*SA+0.11111*SB)
EPB(5)=0.31831*(0.00793+0.00793*SA+0.08182*SB)
SF10=9.*SB*(0.2-0.14286*SA-0.03704*SAA-0.01818*SAAA)
SF10=SF10-((1.0+SA)*(0.3333+0.06667*SA+0.02857*SAA+0.01587*SAAA))
SF20=-(1.0+SA)*(0.06667+0.02857*SA+0.01587*SAA)
SF20=SF20-9.0*SB*(0.14286+0.03704*SA+0.01818*SAA)
SF3=-(1.0+SA)*(0.02857+0.01587*SA)-9.0*SB*(0.03704+0.01818*SA)
SF4=-(1.0+SA)*0.01587-9.0*SB*0.01818
SFRPA=.5*OMEN**2*BEAM
SFRPB=SFRPA
SW=SFRPA/(1.0+SA+SB)
SY0=SFRPA
8003 SSB0=3.14159*SIN(SY0)
SSA0=SIN(SY0)* ALOG(1.781*SY0)-1.57078*COS(SY0)-SY0
SSA0=SSA0+0.30556*SY0**3-0.01903*SY0**5
SFP1=0.0
SFQ1=0.0
SQ=-0.05236
SWF=0.0
SLWM=0.0
DO 8004 LS=1,10
SLS=LS
SLSL=SLS*0.15708
SNSL=SIN(SLSP)
SN3SL=SIN(3.0*SLSL)
SY(LS)=SW*((1.0+SA)*COS(SLSP)+SB*COS(3.0*SLSL))
SZ(LS)=SW*((1.0-SA)*SNSL-SB*SN3SL)
SEZ=3.14159/EXP(SZ(LS))

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SSB(LS)=SEZ*SIN(SY(LS))
SPB(LS)=SEZ*COS(SY(LS))
SDB(LS)=SSB(LS)-SSB0*(1.0-SLS/10.0)
SY2=SY(LS)*SY(LS)
SY3=SY2*SY(LS)
SZ2=SZ(LS)*SZ(LS)
SZ3=SZ2*SZ(LS)
SYZ=SY(LS)*SZ(LS)
SLOG=0.31831*ALOG(1.781*SQRT(SY2+SZ2))
STAN=0.50-0.31831*ATAN(SZ(LS)/SY(LS))
SSA(LS)=SSB(LS)*SLOG-SPB(LS)*STAN-SY(LS)*(1.0+0.91667*SZ2)
SSA(LS)=SSA(LS)+SY3*(0.30556+0.01903*(10.0*SZ2-SY2))
SSA(LS)=SSA(LS)+SYZ*(1.5-0.09514*SZ3+0.34722*(SZ2-SY2))
SPA(LS)=SPB(LS)*SLOG+SSB(LS)*STAN+SZ(LS)*(1.0-0.91667*SY2)
SPA(LS)=SPA(LS)+SZ3*(0.30556-0.08681*SZ(LS)+0.01903*(SZ2-10.0*SY2)
1)
SPA(LS)=SPA(LS)+SYZ*(0.09514*SY3)-0.75*SZ2
SPA(LS)=SPA(LS)+SY2*(0.75-0.08681*SY2+0.52083*SZ2)
SDA(LS)=SSA(LS)-SSA0*(1.0-SLS/10.0)
SQ=-SQ
SFM=(1.0+SA)*SNSL+3.0*SB*SN3SL)*(0.15708+SQ)
SFQ1=SFQ1+SPB(LS)*SFM
SFP1=SFP1+SPA(LS)*SFM
SWF=SWF+SFM/EXP(SZ(LS)*SFRPB/SFRPA)
SLWN=SFM*SEZ/(6.28318+40.0*SQ)
SLW(LS)=SLWM+SLWN
SLWM=SLW(LS)+SLWN
8004 CONTINUE
DO 8010 LS=1,9
SLS=LS
8010 SLW(LS)=SLW(10)*SLS/10.0-SLW(LS)
SFQ1=SFQ1-0.50*SPB(10)*SFM
SFP1=SFP1-0.50*SPA(10)*SFM
SWF=(SWF-0.50*SFM/EXP(SZ(10)*SFRPB/SFRPA))/(1.0+SA+SB)
EPA(1,1)=SSA0
EQA(1,1)=SSB0
EPC(1)=SLW(10)
SQ=-0.05236
DO 8005 KS=2,5
EPA(KS,1)=0.0
EQA(KS,1)=0.0
EPC(KS)=0.0
SK=(KS-1)*2
SQ=-0.05236
DO 8005 MS=1,9
SQ=-SQ
SM=MS
SMSIN=1.27324*(0.15708+SQ)*SIN(SK*SM*0.15708)
EPA(KS,1)=EPA(KS,1)+SDA(MS)*SMSIN
EQA(KS,1)=EQA(KS,1)+SDB(MS)*SMSIN
EPC(KS)=EPC(KS)+SLW(MS)*SMSIN
8005 CONTINUE
EPA(1,2)=-SW
EPA(2,2)=-1.0-0.21221*SW
EPA(3,2)=-SA-0.02122*SW

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EPA(4,2)=-SAA-0.00606*SW
EPA(5,2)=-SAAA-0.00253*SW
EPA(1,3)=-0.33333*SW
EPA(2,3)=0.38197*SW
EPA(3,3)=-1.0-0.13642*SW
EPA(4,3)=-SA-0.02358*SW
EPA(5,3)=-SAA-0.00868*SW
EPA(1,4)=-0.20*SW
EPA(2,4)=0.15158*SW
EPA(3,4)=0.17684*SW
EPA(4,4)=-1.0-0.09646*SW
EPA(5,4)=-SA-0.02040*SW
EPA(1,5)=-0.1429*SW
EPA(2,5)=0.09903*SW
EPA(3,5)=0.06752*SW
EPA(4,5)=0.11427*SW
EPA(5,5)=-1.0-0.07428*SW
DO 8006 KS=1,5
DO 8006 LS=2,5
8006 EQA(KS,LS)=0.0
NEQ=5
9903 IEPB=7070
NEP=NEQ+1
DO 9933 IEO=1,NEQ
DO 9948 LEO=1,NEQ
EPA(LEO,NEP)=0.0
9948 EQA(LEO,NEP)=0.0
EPA(IEQ,NEP)=1.0
IEQY=1
IF(EPA(IEQ,1))9934,9931,9934
9931 IF(EQA(IEQ,1))9934,9910,9934
9934 EQP=EPA(IEQ,1)*EPA(IEQ,1)+EQA(IEQ,1)*EQA(IEQ,1)
EPT1=EPA(IEQ,1)
EQT1=EQA(IEQ,1)
DO 9935 JEO=1,NEP
EPT=(EPA(IEQ,JEO)*EPT1+EQA(IEQ,JEO)*EQT1)/EQP
EQT=(EQA(IEQ,JEO)*EPT1-EPA(IEQ,JEO)*EQT1)/EQP
EPA(IEQ,JEO)=EPT
9935 EQA(IEQ,JEO)=EQT
IEOX=0
IEQY=2
IF(IEQ-NEQ)9937,9938,9910
9938 MEQX=IEQ-1
MEQY=1
GO TO 9939
9937 MEQY=IEQ+1
MEOX=NEQ
9939 DO 9940 LEO=MEQY,MEQX
IEOX=IEOX+1
EQP=EPA(LEO,1)
EPO=EQA(LEO,1)
DO 9940 JEO=1,NEP
EPT=EPA(IEQ,JEO)*EOP-EQA(IEQ,JEO)*EPO
EQT=EPA(IEQ,JEO)*EPO+EQA(IEQ,JEO)*EOP
EPA(LEQ,JEO)=EPA(LEQ,JEO)-EPT

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9940 EQA(LEQ,JEQ)=EQA(LEQ,JEQ)-EQT
  IEOY=3
  IF(IEQ-1)9910,9944,9945
9945 IF((NEQ-1)-IEOX)9910,9944,9938
9944 DO 9946 LEO=1,NEQ
  DO 9946 JEQ=1,NEQ
  NEQU=JEQ+1
  EPA(LEQ,JEQ)=EPA(LEQ,NEQU)
9946 EQA(LEQ,JEQ)=EQA(LEQ,NEQU)
9933 CONTINUE
9952 DO 9953 IEQ=1,NEQ
  EPX(IEQ)=0.0
  EOY(IEQ)=0.0
  EPY(IEQ)=0.0
  EQY(IEQ)=0.0
  DO 9953 JEO=1,NEQ
  EPX(IEQ)=EPX(IEQ)+EPA(IEQ,JEQ)*EPB(JEO)
  EOY(IEQ)=EOY(IEQ)+EQA(IEQ,JEQ)*EPB(JEO)
  EPY(IEQ)=EPY(IEQ)+EPA(IEQ,JEQ)*EPC(JEO)
  EQY(IEQ)=EQY(IEQ)+EQA(IEQ,JEQ)*EPC(JEO)
9953 CONTINUE
  GO TO 8009
9906 FORMAT(81H THIS SUBROUTINE ADMAB IS NOT ABLE TO FIND THE ADDED MAS
1S AND DAMPING COEFFICIENT)
9910 WRITE(6,9906)
  GO TO 7499
8009 SF1=SFI0-SW*(1.0+SA)*0.78540
  SF2=SFI2-SW*0.78540*SB
  SPF=EPX(1)*SFPI-EOX(1)*SFQ1+EPX(2)*SF1+EPX(3)*SF2+EPX(4)*SF3
  SPF=SPF+EPX(5)*SF4
  SC=SPF/(0.7854*(1.0+SA+SB)**2)
  SAR=3.14159*SW*SQRT(EPX(1)**2+EOX(1)**2)
  ADMH=3.14159*SC*(OMEN*BEAM)**2/8.0
  DAMH=(SAR/OMEN)**2
7499 CONTINUE
  RETURN
77 ADMH=DAMH=0.0
  RETURN
  END

```

```

C      SUBROUTINE BULB(SIGMA,BEAM,DRAFT,DELTA,ADMA,ABAR)
      *** THE DRAUGHT IS TAKEN AS THE LENGTH OF REFERENCE ***
      IMPLICIT COMPLEX (F,Z)
      COMPLEX CLOG,CEXP,CONJG ,CMPLX
      DIMENSION X(14),FS(14),FC(14),F(14,9),PSI(14,10),PSICS(14,2),
      1 ALPHA(10,2),IPIV(10),AUX(20),SUMPHI(9),TRIG(2)
      EQUIVALENCE (ZETA,TRIG),(PSI(1,10),X(1))
161  FORMAT(*BULB: ERROR --- THE MATRIX IS INDETERMINATE
1: THE RAND IS :* I3)
162  FORMAT(*BULB: ERROR --- NO PROFILE OF THE FAMILY CAN FIT SECTION
1: TRY ALTERING CALL TO BULB IN ADMAB*)
      BOVERT=BEAM/(2.0*DRAFT)
      Q=.0374
      ZETA0=(.9937122,.1119643)
      EPSILN=1.E-25
C      COMPUTE THE PARAMETERS OF THE MAPPING
30    U=1.+BOVERT
      V=1.-BOVERT
      IF(U.EQ.0..OR.V.EQ.0.)GO TO 91
      A=2.*BOVERT*(1.-1.2732*SIGMA)/(U*V)
      IF (A+1..LT.EPSILN.OR.A.GT.0.) GO TO 91
      A1=1.+A
      A2=1.-A
      B=A1*A2*V/(A*V-U)
      AB=B*A1
      AB2=B/A2
      SCALX=1./(1.-AB2)
      A0=SQRT(-A)
      DX0=(1.+AB/A2**2)*Q*SCALX
      A1=A1*A1
      A2=-8.*A*AB
      A3=-4.*A
C      COMPUTE THE VARIOUS COMPONENTS OF PHI AT THE BOTTOM
      SUMFC=EXP(-DELTA)*DX0
      SUMFS=.57721+ ALOG(DELTA)
      U=1.
      R=DX0
      V=ATAN(A0)*DX0/A0
      DO 35 J=1,9
      J1=2*J
      J2=J1-1
      R=-R
      V=-(R/J2+V)/A
      SUMPHI(J)=R*(1.-DELTA)+SCALX*DELTA*J1*(R/J2-B*V)
      U=U*DELTA/J2
      SUMFS=U/J2+SUMFS
      U=U*DELTA/J1
      SUMFS=SUMFS+U/J1
      SUMFS=SUMFC*SUMFS
35    SUMFS=SUMFS+U/J1
      SUMFS=SUMFC*SUMFS
C      FOR THE 14 OTHER POINTS, COMPUTE THE COMPONENTS OF PHI AND PSI
      ZETA=(1.,0.)
      ZSCALE=CMPLX(0.,SCALX*DELTA)
      DO 50 I=1,14
      Q=-Q
      ZZ=ZETA*((1.,0.))+B/(ZETA**2+A))

```

```

U=1./(A3*TRIG(2)**2+A1)
DX=1.+AB*U+A2*(U*TRIG(1))**2
45 DX=DX*TRIG(2)*(1.1122+Q)*SCALX
X(I)=REAL(ZZ)*SCALX
Y3=AIMAG(ZZ)*SCALX
ZZ=ZSCALE*ZZ
44 FS(I)=(.57721,0.)+CLOG(-ZZ)
FC(I)=CEXP(ZZ)
ZZ2N=(1.,0.)
ZETA2N=(1.,0.)
ZETINV=CONJG(ZETA)
ZINT=CLOG((ZETA-A0)/(ZETA+A0))/(2.*A0)
DO 49 J=1,9
J1=2**J
J2=J1-1
ZETAN=ZETA2N*ZETINV
ZETA2N=ZETAN*ZETINV
ZZN=ZZ2N*ZZ/J2
ZZ2N=ZZN*ZZ/J1
ZINT=-(ZINT+ZETAN/J2)/A
F(I,J)=ZETA2N+ZETA2N*ZZ+ZSCALE*J1*(B*ZINT-ZETAN/J2)
FS(I)=FS(I)-ZZN/J2+ZZ2N/J1
SUMPHI(J)=SUMPHI(J)+REAL(F(I,J))*DX
49 PSI(I,J)=AIMAG(F(I,J))
FS(I)=FC(I)*FS(I)
SUMFC=SUMFC+REAL(FC(I))*DX
SUMFS=SUMFS+REAL(FS(I))*DX
PSICS(I,J)=3.14159*AIMAG(FC(I))
PSICS(I,2)=AIMAG(FS(I))
ZETA=ZETA*ZETA0
50 CONTINUE
SUMFC=3.14159*SUMFC
C FIND ALPHA IF POSSIBLE, PRINT A MESSAGE IF NOT
CALL LLSQ(PSI,PSICS,14,10,2,ALPHA,IPIV,EPSILN,IER,AUX)
IF (IER) 95,56,95
C COMPUTE ADMA,DAMP,ABAR
56 CF=SUMFS
SF=SUMFC
DO 60 I=1,9
SF=SF-ALPHA(I,1)*SUMPHI(I)
60 CF=CF-ALPHA(I,2)*SUMPHI(I)
DAMP=1./(ALPHA(10,2)**2+ALPHA(10,1)**2)
ABAR=3.14159*SQRT(DAMP)*DELTA
ADMA=1.273239*DAMP
ADMA=ADMA*(CF*ALPHA(10,2)+SF*ALPHA(10,1))
DAMP=6.28319*DAMP
RETURN
95 WRITE (6,161) IER
GO TO 3276
91 WRITE (6,162)
3276 ADMA=0.0
ABAR=0.0
STOP
END

```

```

FUNCTION DEFWAV(X,FN)
C COMPUTES WAVE AMPLITUDE DEFORMATION BY INTERPOLATION.
C DATA : VAN SLUIJS, PROC. SYMP. DYNAMICS OF
C MARINE VEHICLES AND STRUCTURES IN WAVES, LONDON, 1974.
  REAL XL(6), FR(4), Z(4,6), C(4), B(4,5)
  INTEGER INDEX(4)
  COMMON/BC/B,C,XL,FR,Z
  DATA XL/0.0,.1,.2,.3,.5,1./
  DATA FR/0.0,.3,.4,.5/
  DATA Z/
*1.11,1.02,1.03,.90,.92,1.52,1.51,1.27,81,1.15,1.57,1.70,.82,1.00
$1.24,1.55,.70,.90,.74,1.08,.69,.36,.24,0.0/
  J=1
  DO 100 JJ=2,5
  IF(X.LE.XL(JJ)) GO TO 150
100 J=JJ
150 K=1
  DO 200 KK=2,3
  IF(FN.LE.FR(KK)) GO TO 250
200 K=KK
250 CALL BSET(J,K,1)
  CALL BSET(J+1,K,2)
  CALL BSET(J,K+1,3)
  CALL BSET(J+1,K+1,4)
  CALL SOLV(B,C,4,5,INDEX,1D)
  DEFWAV=C(1)+C(2)*X+C(3)*FN+C(4)*X*FN
  RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE BSET(J,K,L)
COMMON/BC/A(4,5),B(4),D(6),E(4),F(4,6)
A(L,1)=1.
A(L,2)=D(J)
A(L,3)=E(K)
A(L,4)=D(J)*E(K)
A(L,5)=F(K,J)
RETURN
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE KBL(BM,DT,CA,B,BD)
PI=3.14159265
IF( DT.LE.0.0.OR.CA.LE.0.0)GO TO 100
BM2=BM/2
DB=DT/BM2
B=3.0*(1.0+DB)
C=1.0+DB*(10.0-10.185916*CA+DB)
A=0.5*(B-SQRT(C))
AY=2.0*(A-DB)-1.0
BY=2.0*(1.0+DB-A)
AZ=2.0*A-DB-2.0
BZ=BY
AG=PI/7.
S1=SIN(AG)
C1=COS(AG)
S2=S1**2
C2=C1**2
Y=S1*(AY+BY*S2)*BM2
Z=C1*(AZ+BZ*C2)*BM2
B=ATAN2(DT-Z,Y)
BD=B*57.2958
RETURN
100 BD=90.0
B=PI/2.
RETURN
END

```

SUBROUTINE LLSQ(A,B,M,N,L,X,IPIV,EPS,IER,AUX)  
 THE ABOVE CARD SHOULD BE PLACED IN PROPER SEQUENCE  
 BEFORE COMPILING THIS UNDER IBM FORTRAN G.

LLSQ 600

SUBROUTINE LLSQ

PURPOSE

TO SOLVE LINEAR LEAST SQUARES PROBLEMS, I.E. TO MINIMIZE  
 THE EUCLIDEAN NORM OF  $B - A^*X$ , WHERE A IS A M BY N MATRIX  
 WITH M NOT LESS THAN N. IN THE SPECIAL CASE M=N SYSTEMS OF  
 LINEAR EQUATIONS MAY BE SOLVED.

USAGE

CALL LLSQ (A,B,M,N,L,X,IPIV,EPS,IER,AUX)

DESCRIPTION OF PARAMETERS

A	- M BY N COEFFICIENT MATRIX (DESTROYED).	LLSQ 10
B	- M BY L RIGHT HAND SIDE MATRIX (DESTROYED).	LLSQ 20
M	- ROW NUMBER OF MATRICES A AND B.	LLSQ 30
N	- COLUMN NUMBER OF MATRIX A, ROW NUMBER OF MATRIX X.	LLSQ 40
L	- COLUMN NUMBER OF MATRICES B AND X.	LLSQ 50
X	- N BY L SOLUTION MATRIX.	LLSQ 60
IPIV	- INTEGER OUTPUT VECTOR OF DIMENSION N WHICH CONTAINS INFORMATIONS ON COLUMN INTERCHANGES IN MATRIX A. (SEE REMARK NO.3).	LLSQ 70
EPS	- INPUT PARAMETER WHICH SPECIFIES A RELATIVE TOLERANCE FOR DETERMINATION OF RANK OF MATRIX A.	LLSQ 80
IER	- A RESULTING ERROR PARAMETER.	LLSQ 90
AUX	- AUXILIARY STORAGE ARRAY OF DIMENSION MAX(2*N, L). ON RETURN FIRST L LOCATIONS OF AUX CONTAIN THE RESULTING LEAST SQUARES.	LLSQ 100

REMARKS

- (1) NO ACTION BESIDES ERROR MESSAGE IER=-2 IN CASE  
 M LESS THAN N.
- (2) NO ACTION BESIDES ERROR MESSAGE IER=-1 IN CASE  
 OF A ZERO-MATRIX A.
- (3) IF RANK K OF MATRIX A IS FOUND TO BE LESS THAN N BUT  
 GREATER THAN 0, THE PROCEDURE RETURNS WITH ERROR CODE  
 IER=K INTO CALLING PROGRAM. THE LAST N-K ELEMENTS OF  
 VECTOR IPIV DENOTE THE USELESS COLUMNS IN MATRIX A.  
 THE REMAINING USEFUL COLUMNS FORM A BASE OF MATRIX A.
- (4) IF THE PROCEDURE WAS SUCCESSFUL, ERROR PARAMETER IER  
 IS SET TO 0.

SUBROUTINES AND FUNCTION SUBPROGRAMS REQUIRED  
 NONE

METHOD

HOUSEHOLDER TRANSFORMATIONS ARE USED TO TRANSFORM MATRIX A  
 TO UPPER TRIANGULAR FORM. AFTER HAVING APPLIED THE SAME  
 TRANSFORMATION TO THE RIGHT HAND SIDE MATRIX B, AN  
 APPROXIMATE SOLUTION OF THE PROBLEM IS COMPUTED BY

LLSQ	10
LLSQ	20
LLSQ	30
LLSQ	40
LLSQ	50
LLSQ	60
LLSQ	70
LLSQ	80
LLSQ	90
LLSQ	100
LLSQ	110
LLSQ	120
LLSQ	130
LLSQ	140
LLSQ	150
LLSQ	160
LLSQ	170
LLSQ	180
LLSQ	190
LLSQ	200
LLSQ	210
LLSQ	220
LLSQ	230
LLSQ	240
LLSQ	250
LLSQ	260
LLSQ	270
LLSQ	280
LLSQ	290
LLSQ	300
LLSQ	310
LLSQ	320
LLSQ	330
LLSQ	340
LLSQ	350
LLSQ	360
LLSQ	370
LLSQ	380
LLSQ	390
LLSQ	400
LLSQ	410
LLSQ	420
LLSQ	430
LLSQ	440
LLSQ	450
LLSQ	460
LLSQ	470
LLSQ	480
LLSQ	490
LLSQ	500
LLSQ	510
LLSQ	520

```

C BACK SUBSTITUTION. FOR REFERENCE, SEE
C G. GOLUB, NUMERICAL METHODS FOR SOLVING LINEAR LEAST
C SQUARES PROBLEMS, NUMERISCHE MATHEMATIK, VOL.7,
C ISS.3 (1965), PP.206-216.
C
C .....  

C
C DIMENSION A(1),B(1),X(1),IPIV(1),AUX(1)
C
C ERROR TEST
C IF(M-N)30,1,1
C
C GENERATION OF INITIAL VECTOR S(K) (K=1,2,...,N) IN STORAGE
C LOCATIONS AUX(K) (K=1,2,...,N)
1 PIV=0.
IEND=0
DO 4 K=1,N
IPIV(K)=K
H=0.
IST=IEND+1
IEND=IEND+M
DO 2 I=IST,IEND
2 H=H+A(I)*A(I)
AUX(K)=H
IF(H-PIV)4,4,3
3 PIV=H
KPIV=K
4 CONTINUE
C
C ERROR TEST
C IF(PIV)31,31,5
C
C DEFINE TOLERANCE FOR CHECKING RANK OF A
5 SIG=SORT(PIV)
TOL=SIG*ABS(EPS)
C
C DECOMPOSITION LOOP
LM=L*M
IST=-M
DO 21 K=1,N
IST=IST+M+1
IEND=IST+M-K
I=KPIV-K
IF(I)8,8,6
C
C INTERCHANGE K-TH COLUMN OF A WITH KPIV-TH IN CASE KPIV.GT.K
6 H=AUX(K)
AUX(K)=AUX(KPIV)
AUX(KPIV)=H
ID=I*M
DO 7 I=IST,IEND
J=I+ID
H=A(I)

```

LLSQ 530  
LLSQ 540  
LLSQ 550  
LLSQ 560  
LLSQ 570  
LLSQ 580  
LLSQ 590  
LLSQ 610  
LLSQ 620  
LLSQ 630  
LLSQ 640  
LLSQ 650  
LLSQ 660  
LLSQ 670  
LLSQ 680  
LLSQ 690  
LLSQ 700  
LLSQ 710  
LLSQ 720  
LLSQ 730  
LLSQ 740  
LLSQ 750  
LLSQ 760  
LLSQ 770  
LLSQ 780  
LLSQ 790  
LLSQ 800  
LLSQ 810  
LLSQ 820  
LLSQ 830  
LLSQ 840  
LLSQ 850  
LLSQ 860  
LLSQ 870  
LLSQ 880  
LLSQ 890  
LLSQ 900  
LLSQ 910  
LLSQ 920  
LLSQ 930  
LLSQ 940  
LLSQ 950  
LLSQ 960  
LLSQ 970  
LLSQ 980  
LLSQ 990  
LLSQ1000  
LLSQ1010  
LLSQ1020  
LLSQ1030  
LLSQ1040  
LLSQ1050  
LLSQ1060  
LLSQ1070  
LLSQ1080

```

A(I)=A(J) LLSQ1090
7 A(J)=H LLSQ1100
C COMPUTATION OF PARAMETER SIG LLSQ1110
8 IF(K-1)11,11,9 LLSQ1120
9 SIG=0. LLSQ1130
DO 10 I=IST,IEEND LLSQ1140
10 SIG=SIG+A(I)*A(I) LLSQ1150
SIG=SQRT(SIG) LLSQ1160
C TEST ON SINGULARITY LLSQ1170
IF(SIG-TOL)32,32,11 LLSQ1180
C GENERATE CORRECT SIGN OF PARAMETER SIG LLSQ1190
11 H=A(IST) LLSQ1200
IF(H)12,13,13 LLSQ1210
12 SIG=-SIG LLSQ1220
C SAVE INTERCHANGE INFORMATION LLSQ1230
13 IPIV(KPIV)=IPIV(K) LLSQ1240
IPIV(K)=KPIV LLSQ1250
C GENERATION OF VECTOR UK IN K-TH COLUMN OF MATRIX A AND OF LLSQ1260
PARAMETER BETA LLSQ1270
BETA=H+SIG LLSQ1280
A(IST)=BETA LLSQ1290
BETA=1.//(SIG*BETA) LLSQ1300
J=N+K LLSQ1310
AUX(J)=-SIG LLSQ1320
IF(K-N)14,19,19 LLSQ1330
C TRANSFORMATION OF MATRIX A LLSQ1340
14 PIV=0. LLSQ1350
ID=0 LLSQ1360
JST=K+1 LLSQ1370
KPIV=JST LLSQ1380
DO 18 J=JST,N LLSQ1390
ID=ID+M LLSQ1400
H=0 LLSQ1410
DO 15 I=IST,IEEND LLSQ1420
II=I+ID LLSQ1430
15 H=H+A(I)*A(II) LLSQ1440
H=BETA*H LLSQ1450
DO 16 I=IST,IEEND LLSQ1460
II=I+ID LLSQ1470
16 A(II)=A(II)-A(I)*H LLSQ1480
C UPDATING OF ELEMENT S(J) STORED IN LOCATION AUX(J) LLSQ1490
II=IST+ID LLSQ1500
H=AUX(J)-A(II)*A(II) LLSQ1510
AUX(J)=H LLSQ1520
IF(H-PIV)18,18,17 LLSQ1530
17 PIV=H LLSQ1540
KPIV=J LLSQ1550
18 CONTINUE LLSQ1560
LLSQ1570
LLSQ1580
LLSQ1590
LLSQ1600
LLSQ1610
LLSQ1620
LLSQ1630

```

```

C      TRANSFORMATION OF RIGHT HAND SIDE MATRIX B          LLSQ1640
C      19 DO 21 J=K,LM,M          LLSQ1650
      H=0.          LLSQ1660
      IEND=J+M-K          LLSQ1670
      II=IST          LLSQ1680
      DO 20 I=J,IEND          LLSQ1690
      H=H+A(II)*B(I)          LLSQ1700
      20 II=II+1          LLSQ1710
      H=BETA*H          LLSQ1720
      II=IST          LLSQ1730
      DO 21 I=J,IEND          LLSQ1740
      B(I)=B(I)-A(II)*H          LLSQ1750
      21 II=II+1          LLSQ1760
      END OF DECOMPOSITION LOOP          LLSQ1770
C      BACK SUBSTITUTION AND BACK INTERCHANGE          LLSQ1780
C      22 I=I+M          LLSQ1790
      IER=0          LLSQ1800
      I=N          LLSQ1810
      LN=L*N          LLSQ1820
      PIV=1./AUX(2*N)          LLSQ1830
      DO 22 K=N,LN,N          LLSQ1840
      X(K)=PIV*B(I)          LLSQ1850
      22 I=I+M          LLSQ1860
      IF(N-1) 26, 26, 23          LLSQ1870
      23 JST=(N-1)*M+N          LLSQ1880
      DO 25 J=2,N          LLSQ1890
      JST=JST-M-1          LLSQ1900
      K=N+N+1-J          LLSQ1910
      PIV=1./AUX(K)          LLSQ1920
      KST=K-N          LLSQ1930
      ID=IPIV(KST)-KST          LLSQ1940
      IST=2-J          LLSQ1950
      DO 25 K=1,L          LLSQ1960
      H=B(KST)          LLSQ1970
      IST=IST+N          LLSQ1980
      IEND=IST+J-2          LLSQ1990
      II=JST          LLSQ2000
      DO 24 I=IST,IEND          LLSQ2010
      II=II+M          LLSQ2020
      24 H=H-A(II)*X(I)          LLSQ2030
      I=IST-1          LLSQ2040
      II=I+ID          LLSQ2050
      X(I)=X(II)          LLSQ2060
      X(II)=PIV*H          LLSQ2070
      25 KST=KST+M          LLSQ2080
C      COMPUTATION OF LEAST SQUARES          LLSQ2090
C      26 IST=N+1          LLSQ2100
      IEND=0          LLSQ2110
      DO 29 J=1,L          LLSQ2120
      IEND=IEND+M          LLSQ2130
      H=0.          LLSQ2140
      LLSQ2150
      LLSQ2160
      LLSQ2170
      LLSQ2180

```

```

IF(M=N) 29,29,27          LLSQ2190
27 DO 28 I=IST,IEEND      LLSQ2200
28 H=H+B(I)*B(I)          LLSQ2210
IST=IST+M                 LLSQ2220
29 AUX(J)=H                LLSQ2230
RETURN                      LLSQ2240
C                           LLSQ2250
C   ERROR RETURN IN CASE M LESS THAN N  LLSQ2260
30 IER=-2                  LLSQ2270
RETURN                      LLSQ2280
C                           LLSQ2290
C   ERROR RETURN IN CASE OF ZERO-MATRIX A  LLSQ2300
31 IER=-1                  LLSQ2310
RETURN                      LLSQ2320
C                           LLSQ2330
C   ERROR RETURN IN CASE OF RANK OF MATRIX A LESS THAN N  LLSQ2340
32 IER=K-1                  LLSQ2350
RETURN                      LLSQ2360
END                         LLSQ2370

```

```

SUBROUTINE MATG(I,J)
COMPLEX XC
COMMON/CCM1/XC,G(4,5)
T1=G(I,J)=REAL(XC)
T2=G(I,J+1)=-AIMAG(XC)
G(I+1,J+1)=T1
G(I+1,J)=-T2
RETURN
END

```

```

C FUNCTION PROFILE(X0,BAM,DRT,AIR,XL,VKT,NEW)
C RETURNS WAVE PROFILE ORDINATE AS A FUNCTION OF
C STATION X0
C ALL UNITS ARE FPS UNLESS STATED.
C BAM - BEAM ST.0-20.
C DRT - DRAFT ST.0-20.
C AIR - CX ST.0-20.
C XL - LBP.
C VKT - SPEED, KNOTS.
C NEW * IF ZERO, EXECUTION IS NORMAL.
C OTHERWISE, HULL LINE COMPUTATIONS ONLY ARE PERFORMED.
REAL BAM(21),DRT(21),AIR(21),M,MFP,MAP,MPF,MPA
LOGICAL NFRST, AFP, AAP
COMMON/PROF/MFP,M(21),MAP,UFP,U(21),UAP,WORK(22),X(21)
DATA NFRST,.FALSE./
IF(NFRST.AND.NEW.EQ.0) GO TO 500
THIRD=1./3.
SIXTH=THIRD/2.
PI=3.14159265
XST=XL/20.
DX=XST/2.
DO 100 I=1,21
X(I)=(I-1)*XST-DX
100 M(I)=BAM(I)*DRT(I)*AIR(I)
DO 150 I=1,21
IF(AIR(I).GT.1.0) GO TO 160
A0=SIXTH
A1=THIRD
GO TO 150
160 A0=.4
A1=.1
150 U(I)=DRT(I)*(A0+A1*AIR(I))
MFP=M(1)/4./PI
UFP=U(1)
AFP=.TRUE.
IF(M(1).GT.0.0) AFP=.FALSE.
MAP=-M(21)/4./PI
UAP=U(21)
AAP=.TRUE.
IF(M(21).GT.0.0) AAP=.FALSE.
DO 170 I=2,21
AD=M(I)-M(I-1)
IF(ABS(AD).LT.1.E-10) GO TO 175
WORK(I)=(M(I)*U(I)-M(I-1)*U(I-1))/AD
GO TO 170
175 WORK(I)=(U(I)+U(I-1))*.5
170 CONTINUE
DO 180 I=2,21
IJ=23-I
U(IJ)=WORK(IJ)
180 M(IJ)=(M(IJ)-M(IJ-1))/4./PI
IF(NFRST) RETURN
NFRST=.TRUE.
500 W=VKT*1.6878
PROFILE=0.

```

```
XQST=XQ*XST
DO 600 I=2,21
SRCE=W*M(I)
XAT=X(I)-XQST
DP=ZETA(XAT,SRCE,U(I),W,NERR)
PROFILE=PROFILE+DP
600 WORK(I)=NERR
WORK(1)=0.0
IF (Afp) GO TO 700
XAT=-XQST
MPF=W*MFP
DP=ZETA(XAT,MPF,UFP,W,NERR)
PROFILE=PROFILE+DP
WORK(1)=NERR
700 WORK(22)=0.0
IF (Afp) GO TO 800
XAT=XL-XQST
MPA=W*MAP
DP=ZETA(XAT,MPA,UAP,W,NERR)
PROFILE=PROFILE+DP
WORK(22)=NERR
800 RETURN
END
```

```

C      FUNCTION RAW(W,XL,PRG,FR,C1,CM)
C      COMPUTES ADDED RESISTANCE COEFFICIENT USING EMPIRICAL METHOD
C      BASED ON JINKINE FERDINANDE _FRIGATE-DESTROYER MODEL TEST DATA.
C      DIMENSION UB(11),VB(11)
C      DATA UB/0.0,1.6,3.5,5.9,8.4,9.9,10.7,11.7,13.4,15.6,18.1/
C      DATA VB/0.0,1.1,2.4,3.8,5.4,7.1,8.9,10.7,11.7,14.9,17.4/
C      GRAV=32.17
C      IF (FR .GT. 0.0) GO TO 1
C      RAW=0.0
C      RETURN
1      CONTINUE
A=PRG**2
B=SQRT(XL/GRAV)
IF (CM .LT. 0.9) GO TO 2
RM=3600.*A*FR**1.5*EXP(-3.5*FR)
WM=1.17*FR**(-1./7.)*A**(-1./3.)/B
GO TO 99
2      CONTINUE
WM=(2.79-1.18*FR)/B
IF (C1 .LE. 1.0) GO TO 3
C      BULBOUS BOW
RM=48.0*FR
IF (FR .GT. 0.5) RM=24.0+32.0*(FR-0.5)
GO TO 99
3      CONTINUE
I=FR/0.05+1
DF=FR-(I-1)*0.05
IF (C1 .LT. 0.7) GO TO 4
C      U-BOW
RM=UB(I)+DF*(UB(I+1)-UB(I))/0.05
GO TO 99
4      CONTINUE
C      V-BOW
RM=VB(I)+DF*(VB(I+1)-VB(I))/0.05
CONTINUE
WM=W/WM
B=11.0
D=14.0
IF (WM .LT. 1.0) GO TO 100
B=-8.5
D=-14.0
100   RAW=RM*EXP(B*(1.0-WM**D)/D)*WM**B
RETURN
END

```

C FUNCTION SEAST(HH,TT,WW)  
 HH IS SIG. WAVE HT. IN FT, TT IS PERIOD IN SEC, WW IS FREQUENCY IN  
 RAD/SEC. OUTPUT SPECTRUM HAS UNITS FT\*\*2/(RAD/SEC).  
 COMMON/SSGM/A00(80),A10(80),A01(80),A20(80),A11(80),A02(80)  
 DIMENSION F(2)  
 H=HH\*.3048-4.016  
 T=TT-.159  
 W=WW\*TT/6.283185  
 IF (W.GT.0.05) GO TO 2  
 SEAST=0.  
 RETURN  
 2 IF (W.LE.4.0) GO TO 3  
 SEAST=0.  
 RETURN  
 3 CONTINUE  
 N=INT(W/.05)  
 DO 1 I=1,2  
 M=N+I-1  
 1 F(I)=A00(M)+A10(M)\*H+A01(M)\*T+A20(M)\*H\*\*2+A11(M)\*H\*T+A02(M)\*T\*T  
 S=F(1)+(F(2)-F(1))\*(W-N\*.05)\*20.  
 SEAST=S\*HH\*\*2\*TT/101.1593  
 RETURN  
 END  
 BLOCK DATA  
 COMMON/SSGM/A00(80),A10(80),A01(80),A20(80),A11(80),A02(80)  
 DATA A00/0.0.,.00001,.00018,.00133,.00324,.00709,.01325,.02618,  
 1.05336,.11641,.2503,.4943,.83054,1.23195,1.59871,1.79955,1.76253,  
 21.56762,1.30231,1.07908,.91784,.77733,.66816,.57326,.49269,.43533,  
 3.38482,.33183,.28287,.25230,.23205,.21658,.2037,.19481,.18371,  
 4.17350,.16129,.14752,.14327,.13558,.12091,.10697,.09764,.09052,  
 5.08372,.07646,.06884,.05932,.05156,.04350,.03660,.03037,.02363,  
 6.01831,.01466,.01117,.00829,.00561,.00395,.00283,.00225,.00143,  
 7.00057,.00006,-.00041,-.00032,-.00012,-.00005,-.00032,-.00059,  
 8.-.00071,-.00097,-.00080,-.00047,-.00032,-.00022,-.00014,-.00008,  
 9,-.00003/  
 DATA A10/0.0,0.0,-.00001,-.00004,-.00043,-.00134,.00255,.00387,  
 1-.00543,-.00475,-.00017,.00901,.02629,.04993,.06652,.06060,.03906,  
 2.00467,-.03727,-.06926,-.07963,-.06424,-.05265,-.04332,-.03261,  
 3-.01857,-.01263,-.00911,-.00801,-.00336,.00342,.00539,.00458,.004,  
 4.00652,.00907,.00923,.01084,.01613,.01451,.01063,.00839,.00592,  
 5.00532,.00714,.00877,.01007,.01077,.01001,.00923,.00750,.00467,  
 6.00175,.00034,.00066,.00106,.00095,.00090,.00102,.00091,.00068,  
 7.00036,.00050,.00077,.00093,.00073,.00027,.00018,.00015,.00003,  
 8-.00009,-.00013,-.00013,-.00009,-.00006,-.00003,-.00001,-.00001,  
 90.0,0.0/  
 DATA A01/0.0,0.0,.00001,.00003,0.0,-.00067,-.0024,-.00558,-.00822,  
 1-.01065,-.01169,-.01241,-.00664,.01278,.03974,.06999,.08177,.0558,  
 2.01841,.0027,-.00276,-.01522,-.03524,-.03485,-.03189,-.03983,  
 3-.03554,-.03005,-.02822,-.02864,-.02787,-.02231,-.01716,-.01219,  
 4-.01098,-.01213,-.01061,-.01317,-.02021,-.00812,.00344,.00783,  
 5.01083,.01190,.01113,.01021,.00988,.00930,.01115,.01152,.01164,  
 6.01193,.01243,.01189,.01054,.00913,.00785,.00674,.00554,.00475,  
 7.00422,.00403,.00345,.00256,.00184,.00129,.00124,.00120,.00109,  
 8.00093,.00073,.00051,.00027,.00021,.00023,.00021,.00017,.00013,  
 9.00007,.00004/

```

DATA A20/0.,0.,0.,0.,0.,0.00005,00009,00016,00035,00033,00022,
1.00079,.00172,.00417,.00481,.00119,-.0066,-.00935,-.00604,-.00044,
2.00188,.00049,.00021,-.00021,-.0003,-.00107,-.00137,-.00081,
3.00131,.00251,.00183,.00020,-.00063,-.00076,-.00087,-.0006,-.0005,
4.00013,.00108,-.0005,-.00001,.00023,.00042,.00046,.00045,.00052,
5.0003,.00017,-.00002,-.00015,-.00011,.00002,.00011,.00008,-.00012,
6.-.00028,-.00012,.00011,.00036,.0004,.00035,.00013,.00027,.00054,
7.00058,.00040,-.00003,-.00014,-.0001,.00001,.00014,.0002,.00022,
8.00015,.00004,-.00001,-.00003,-.00003,-.00002,-.00001/
DATA A11/0.,0.,0.,0.,0.00002,.0002,.00041,.00077,.00112,.00146,.00103,
1.-.00103,-.00667,-.01387,-.02494,-.02849,-.01366,.01256,.02414,
2.02513,.01785,.01365,.01369,.01287,.0119,.00914,.00604,.00441,
3.00222,-.00303,-.00754,-.00807,-.00403,-.00067,.00046,.00026,
4.-.00086,-.00096,-.0031,-.00798,-.00544,-.00238,-.00232,-.00222,
5.-.00222,-.00281,-.00349,-.00324,-.00292,-.00199,-.00146,-.00011,
6.-.00094,-.00047,-.00007,.00031,.00056,.00019,-.00028,-.00073,
7.-.00075,-.00059,-.00010,-.00016,-.00055,-.00054,-.0003,.0003,
8.00048,.00036,.00016,-.00002,-.0001,-.00011,-.00005,.00006,.00013,
9.00015,.00014,.00009,.00005/
DATA A02/0.,0.,0.,-60004,-.00021,-.00016,.00027,.0014,.00193,
1.00188,.00082,.00042,-.00032,.00428,.00436,-.00858,-.02142,-.0177,
2.-.01166,-.00411,.00016,.00259,.00845,.00818,.00924,.01304,.01044,
3.00776,.00819,.00995,.00943,.00585,.00222,-.00011,-.00139,-.00171,
4.-.00314,-.00183,.00268,-.00207,-.00614,-.0063,-.00615,-.00599,
5.-.00532,-.00432,-.0036,-.0029,-.003,-.00267,-.00211,-.00171,
6.-.00145,-.00095,-.00043,-.00001,.00651,.00094,.00126,.00134,
7.00133,.00118,.00108,.00104,.0009,.00078,.00062,.0005,.00044,
8.00043,.00036,.00029,.00025,.00022,.00018,.00014,.00008,.00004,
9.00002,.00001/
END

```

```

SUBROUTINE SOLV(A,X,N,M,INDX,ICK)
DIMENSION A(N,M),X(N),INDX(N)
ICK=0
DO10 I=1,N
INDX(I)=0
10 X(I)=0.0
DO 20 J=1,N
ZZ=1.0E-10
IROW=0
DO 30 I=1,N
IF (INDX(I).NE.0) GO TO 30
TEST=ABS(A(I,J))
IF (TEST.LE.ZZ) GO TO 30
ZZ=TEST
IROW=I
30 CONTINUE
IF (IROW.EQ.0) GO TO 20
40 INDX(IROW)=J
ZN=A(IROW,J)
II=N+1
DO 50 K=1,II
A(IROW,K)=A(IROW,K)/ZN
DO 60 I=1,N
IF (I.EQ.IROW) GO TO 60
II=J+1
II=N+1
DO 61 K=II,II
A(I,K)=A(I,K)-A(I,J)*A(IROW,K)
61 CONTINUE
60 CONTINUE
20 CONTINUE
DO 80 I=1,N
IF (INDX(I).GT.0) GO TO 80
TEST=ABS(A(I,N+1))
IF (TEST.GT.1.0E-8) GO TO 99
80 CONTINUE
DO 70 I=1,N
IF (INDX(I).EQ.0) GO TO 70
X(INDX(I))=A(I,N+1)
70 CONTINUE
RETURN
99 WRITE(2,100)
FORMAT(20X11HNO SOLUTION)
100 ICK=1
RETURN
END

```

```

FUNCTION ZETA(XX,A,ZZ,V,NERR)
C WAVE PROFILE ORDINATE AT X, DUE TO SOURCE STRENGTH
C A, AT DEPTH Z, MOVING AT V. FPS UNITS.
C NERR: ERROR FLAG.
C      =0  ,XX,ZZ WITHIN RANGE OF DATA.
C      =1  ,ZZ HIGH   EXTRAPOLATED.
C      =10 ,ZZ LOW,  LOWEST VALUE USED.
C      =100 ,XX HIGH, ZERO RETURNED.
C      =1000,XX LOW, EXTRAPOLATED.
C      =444 ,V.LE.0.0
C  ERROR CODES ARE ADDITIVE
LOGICAL NFRST,NZERO
INTEGER INDX(4)
COMMON/QP/Q(4,5),P(4),ZD(8),XD(185),Y(8,185)
DATA NFRST/.FALSE./,PI/3.14159265/
DATA ZD/.01,.02,.05,.1,.2,.5,1.,2./
PI2=2.*PI
IF(NFRST) GO TO 200
NFRST=.TRUE.
DO 100 I=1,171
100 XD(I)=-.25*(I-1)-40.
DO 110 I=172,179
110 XD(I)=I-169
DO 120 I=180,185
120 XD(I)=(I-177)*5.
C  CHECK XX,ZZ,WITHIN RANGE
200 IF(V.GT.0.0) GO TO 205
ZETA=0.0
NERR=444
RETURN
205 C=32.18/V/V
F=1.0
NERR=0
NZERO=.TRUE.
X=XX*C
Z=ZZ*C
IF(X.GE.-40.) GO TO 210
NERR=NERR+1000
IQ=IFIX((-40.-X)/PI2)
X=X+PI2*(IQ+1)
GO TO 220
210 IF(X.LE.40.) GO TO 220
NZERO=.FALSE.
NERR=NERR+100
220 IF(Z.GE.0.01) GO TO 230
NERR=NERR+10
IF(Z.LE.0.0) NZERO=.FALSE.
Z=.01
GO TO 240
230 IF(Z.LE.2.0) GO TO 240
NERR=NERR+1
F=2./Z
Z=2.
240 IF(NZERO) GO TO 300
ZETA=0.

```

```

      RETURN
C   LOCATE I,J
300 I=1
      DO 310 II=2,7
      IF(Z.LE.ZD(II)) GO TO320
310 I=II
      IF(X.GE.3.) GO TO 330
      J=IFIX(4.* (X+40.))+1
      GO TO 350
330 IF(X.GE.15.) GO TO 340
      J=IFIX(X)+169
      GO TO 350
340 IF(X.GT.35.) GO TO 360
      J=IFIX(X/5. )+177
      GO TO 350
360 J=184
C   INTERPOLATE
350 CALL CSET(I,J,1)
      CALL CSET(I+1,J,2)
      CALL CSET(I,J+1,3)
      CALL CSET(I+1,J+1,4)
      CALL SOLV(Q,P,4,5,INDX, ID)
      ZETA=P(1)+X*P(2)+Z*P(3)+X*Z*P(4)
      ZETA=ZETA*F*A*C/V
      RETURN
      END

```

```

SUBROUTINE CSET(I,J,K)
COMMON/Q,P/Q(4,5),P(4),Z(8),X(185),Y(8,185)
Q(K,1)=I.
Q(K,2)=X(J)
Q(K,3)=Z(I)
Q(K,4)=Z(I)*X(J)
Q(K,5)=Y(I,J)
RETURN
END

```

BLOCK DATA ZETAP  
 COMMON/OP/Q(4,5),P(4),ZD(8),XD(185),Z(8,185)  
 DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 1, 12)/  
 \*-1.568722, -1.553123, -1.507271, -1.433859, -1.297586, -0.961660,  
 \*-0.583655, -0.215086, -1.511668, -1.496540, -1.452077, -1.380911,  
 \*-1.248869, -0.923773, -0.558863, -0.204643, -1.360081, -1.346368,  
 \*-1.306073, -1.241598, -1.122038, -0.828098, -0.499114, -0.181427,  
 \*-1.122804, -1.111368, -1.077775, -1.024050, -0.924498, -0.680228,  
 \*-0.407910, -0.146806, -0.814065, -0.805632, -0.780876, -0.741315,  
 \*-0.668102, -0.489043, -0.290736, -0.102869, -0.452631, -0.447745,  
 \*-0.433423, -0.410582, -0.368440, -0.266177, -0.154731, -0.052300,  
 \*-0.060664, -0.059652, -0.056724, -0.052137, -0.043894, -0.025310,  
 \*-0.008252, 0.001787, 0.337629, 0.334679, 0.325956, 0.311883,  
 \*0.285484, 0.218671, 0.139637, 0.056037, 0.717493, 0.710740,  
 \*0.690830, 0.658847, 0.599217, 0.450584, 0.279726, 0.107065,  
 \*1.055159, 1.044997, 1.015066, 0.967041, 0.877664, 0.655902,  
 \*0.403228, 0.151661, 0.1.329328, 0.1.316367, 0.1.278209, 0.1.217020,  
 \*0.1.103253, 0.821658, 0.502334, 0.186999, 0.1.522511, 0.1.507539,  
 \*0.1.463471, 0.1.392834, 0.1.261585, 0.937263, 0.570700, 0.210809/  
 DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 13, 24)/  
 \*1.622141, 1.606077, 1.558799, 1.483042, 1.342352, 0.995176,  
 \*0.603856, 0.221524, 0.621390, 0.605224, 0.557656, 0.481451,  
 \*1.340001, 0.991400, 0.599496, 0.218387, 0.1.519627, 0.1.504365,  
 \*1.459459, 1.387541, 1.254116, 0.925750, 0.557634, 0.201496,  
 \*1.322498, 1.309096, 1.269663, 0.1.206529, 0.1.089476, 0.801892,  
 \*0.480621, 0.171810, 0.1.041624, 0.1.030927, 0.999456, 0.949087,  
 \*0.855791, 0.627140, 0.373014, 0.131093, 0.693911, 0.686603,  
 \*0.665103, 0.630717, 0.567135, 0.412026, 0.241306, 0.081809,  
 \*0.300540, 0.297099, 0.286975, 0.270815, 0.241098, 0.169669,  
 \*0.093540, 0.026973, 0.114323, 0.113655, 0.111698, 0.108503,  
 \*-0.102280, -0.085027, -0.061187, 0.030030, 0.525005, 0.520242,  
 \*-0.506242, -0.483762, -0.441744, 0.336284, -0.213280, -0.085658,  
 \*-0.905915, -0.897323, -0.872069, -0.831570, -0.756128, -0.568425,  
 \*-0.353239, -0.136429, -0.1.233131, -0.1.221218, -0.1.186201, -0.1.130081,  
 \*-0.1.025680, -0.766854, -0.472250, -0.179137, -0.1.485900, -0.1.471383,  
 \*-0.1.428715, -0.1.360356, -0.1.360356, -0.1.233293, -0.918966, -0.562743, -0.211058/  
 DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 25, 36)/  
 \*-1.647952, -1.631715, -1.583996, -1.507567, -1.365593, -0.014949,  
 \*-0.618869, -0.230120, -0.1.708538, -0.1.691578, -0.1.641741, -0.1.561943,  
 \*-1.413791, -0.1.048413, -0.636875, -0.235039, -0.1.663141, -0.1.646508,  
 \*-1.597639, -1.519416, -1.374267, -0.016810, -0.615357, -0.225403,  
 \*-1.513802, -1.498532, -1.453681, -0.1.381914, -0.1.248830, -0.921626,  
 \*-0.555361, -0.201706, -0.269039, -0.256092, -0.218079, -0.1.157286,  
 \*-0.1.044647, -0.768313, -0.460340, -0.165323, -0.943366, -0.933564,  
 \*-0.904808, -0.858858, -0.773836, -0.565982, -0.335953, -0.118433,  
 \*-0.556438, -0.550415, -0.532776, -0.504646, -0.452751, -0.326864,  
 \*-0.189733, -0.063884, -0.131865, -0.130024, -0.124688, -0.116270,  
 \*-0.100995, -0.065572, -0.030629, -0.005028, -0.304220, -0.301732,  
 \*0.294336, 0.282360, 0.259767, 0.201787, 0.131535, 0.054490,  
 \*0.724769, 0.718074, 0.698302, 0.666512, 0.607148, 0.458606,  
 \*0.286670, 0.110956, 0.1.103490, 0.1.092970, 0.1.061953, 0.1.012161,  
 \*0.919414, 0.688801, 0.425045, 0.160814, 0.1.416485, 0.1.402764,  
 \*1.362336, 1.297489, 1.176848, 0.877820, 0.537895, 0.200894/  
 DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 37, 48)/  
 \* 1.643753, 1.627658, 1.580255, 1.504256, 1.362985, 1.013556,

```

* .617974, .228611, 1.770464, 1.752977, 1.701485, 1.618962,
* 1.465663, 1.087123, .660022, .242129, 1.787919, 1.770114,
* 1.717698, 1.633719, 1.477811, 1.093430, .661103, .240486,
* 1.694139, 1.677122, 1.627026, 1.546793, 1.397931, 1.031528,
* .620808, .223655, 1.494044, 1.478878, 1.434233, 1.362755,
* 1.230236, .904708, .541304, .192561, 1.199202, 1.186845,
* 1.150466, 1.092250, .984432, .720325, .427218, .149024,
* .827166, .818409, .792622, .751389, .675166, .489379,
* .285370, .095658, .400433, .395850, .382343, .360791,
* .321150, .225858, .124367, .035713, -.054911, -.054998,
* -.055287, -.055661, -.055961, -.054103, -.045916, -.027123,
* -.510778, -.506327, -.493271, -.472270, -.432892, -.333207,
* -.214943, -.088949, -.938809, -.930057, -.904356, -.863112,
* -.786177, -.594062, -.372162, -.145892, -.1.312127, -.1.299581,
* -.262728, -.1.203636, -.1.093618, -.820259, -.507664, -.194350/
DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 49, 60)/
*-1.607022, -1.591429, -1.545620, -1.472207, -1.335674, -.997401,
* -.612807, -.231220, -.804448, -.786749, -.734758, -.651469,
* -.496692, -.1.114016, -.680761, -.254094, -.891246, -.872522,
* -.817531, -.1.729465, -.1.565922, -.1.162293, -.706952, -.261415,
* -.861014, -.842420, -.787824, -.700422, -.538221, -.1.138604,
* -.689365, -.252586, -.714562, -.697256, -.646457, -.565168,
* -.414427, -.043764, -.628695, -.228010, -.459932, -.445001,
* -.401196, -.1.331140, -.201356, -.883022, -.528327, -.189081,
* -.1.111958, -.1.100352, -.066336, -.011983, -.911440, -.665777,
* -.394151, -.138101, -.691414, -.683885, -.661869, -.626756,
* -.562002, -.405030, -.234219, -.078147, -.223774, -.220829,
* -.212301, -.198804, -.174228, -.116612, -.058263, -.012886,
* .262320, .260454, .254828, .245650, .228112, .181775,
* .122891, .053645, .736807, .730198, .710625, .679111,
* .620116, .471635, .297988, .117292, 1.170058, 1.159071,
* 1.126622, 1.074499, .977283, .734825, .456041, .174040/
DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 61, 72)/
* 1.534718, 1.519991, 1.476549, 1.406838, 1.277037, .954682,
* .587013, .220264, 1.807425, 1.789835, 1.737981, 1.654823,
* 1.500151, 1.117073, .682457, .252960, 1.970295, 1.950906,
* 1.893767, 1.802178, 1.631965, 1.211296, .736049, .269937,
* 2.012089, 1.992086, 1.933149, 1.838716, 1.663348, 1.230783,
* .744012, .269967, 1.928972, 1.909590, 1.852487, 1.761029,
* 1.591316, 1.173543, .705367, .252865, 1.724827, 1.707273,
* 1.655559, 1.572770, 1.419277, 1.042338, .622033, .219517,
* 1.411088, 1.396471, 1.353402, 1.284493, 1.156889, .844558,
* .498729, .171834, 1.006112, .995369, .963699, .913076,
* .819522, .591809, .342715, .112641, .534112, .527949,
* .509753, .480732, .427362, .299238, .163366, .045517,
* .023714, .022561, .019100, .013695, .004216, -.015369,
* -.028386, -.025426, -.493768, -.489787, -.478150, -.459369,
* -.423932, -.332666, -.220719, -.095790, -.986242, -.977320,
* -.951155, -.909111, -.830506, -.632925, -.401641, -.161165/
DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J= 73, 84)/
*-1.422822, -.409459, -.370242, -.307309, -.1.189977, -.897260,
* -.559739, -.217401, -.775749, -.758726, -.708757, -.628629,
* -.479460, -.1.108806, -.684888, -.260872, -.022142, -.002476,
* -.944747, -.852222, -.680156, -.253789, -.768901, -.288710,
* -.2.145475, -.2.124357, -.2.062372, -.1.963071, -.1.778563, -.1.322412,

```

\* -.806056, -.298989, -2.136661, -2.115385, -2.052953, -1.952979,  
 \* -1.767376, -1.309509, -.793483, -.290859, -1.994702, -1.974587,  
 \* -1.915587, -1.821155, -1.646001, -1.214919, -.731374, -.264612,  
 \* -1.726842, -1.709150, -1.657293, -1.574348, -1.420674, -1.043554,  
 \* -.623005, -.221676, -1.348210, -1.334069, -1.292669, -1.226513,  
 \* -1.104153, -.805152, -.474576, -.164543, -.880980, -.871310,  
 \* -.843073, -.798036, -.715002, -.513734, -.294856, -.096623,  
 \* -.353077, -.348534, -.335386, -.314542, -.276515, -.186783,  
 \* -.094671, -.022048, .203477, .202545, .199587, .194619,  
 \* .184671, .155792, .113740, .054582, .754491, .748072,  
 \* .728972, .698147, .640182, .492862, .317469, .128477/  
 DATA ((Z(i,j), I=1,8), J= 85, 96)/  
 \* 1.265696, 1.254114, 1.219832, 1.164699, 1.061640, .803371,  
 \* .503731, .194954, 1.704851, 1.688754, 1.641197, 1.564825,  
 \* 1.422412, 1.067637, .660660, .249730, 2.043766, 2.024088,  
 \* 1.966007, 1.872811, 1.699284, 1.268590, .778055, .289197,  
 \* 2.260088, 2.237994, 2.172821, 2.068311, 1.873934, 1.392862,  
 \* .848036, .310654, 2.338751, 2.315572, 2.247221, 2.137673,  
 \* 1.934126, 1.431660, .865565, .312490, 2.273003, 2.250152,  
 \* 2.182782, 2.074863, 1.874543, 1.381372, .828798, .294299,  
 \* 2.064929, 2.043818, 1.981581, 1.881944, 1.697212, 1.243857,  
 \* .739238, .256923, 1.725434, 1.707386, 1.654174, 1.569050,  
 \* 1.411468, 1.026410, .601696, .202418, 1.273697, 1.259864,  
 \* 1.219063, 1.153872, 1.033486, .741383, .424036, .133944,  
 \* .736093, .727384, .701664, .660670, .585372, .405490,  
 \* .216734, .055584, .144678, .141698, .132834, .118873,  
 \* .093884, .038845, -.007737, -.027897, -.464711, -.461702,  
 \* -.452945, -.438664, -.411145, -.336238, -.235642, -.111338/  
 DATA ((Z(i,j), I=1,8), J= 97, 108)/  
 \* -1.054604, -.045709, -1.019642, -.977630, -.898608, -.696584,  
 \* -.452825, -.189498, -.1588177, -.1573864, -.1531865, -.1464348,  
 \* -1.338014, -.019576, -.645569, -.257384, -.031524, -.012600,  
 \* -.1957049, -.1.867856, -.1.701373, -.1.284558, -.801460, -.310562,  
 \* -2.355782, -2.333349, -2.267497, -2.161846, -.964957, -.474136,  
 \* -.910171, -.345450, -.538976, -.514372, -.442149, -.326353,  
 \* -2.110823, -.575302, -.964135, -.359548, -.567476, -.542189,  
 \* -.467981, -.349075, -.128000, -.580304, -.959059, -.351621,  
 \* -.436953, -.412540, -.340924, -.2226247, -.013276, -.487206,  
 \* -.894245, -.321793, -.152796, -.130785, -.066255, -.963006,  
 \* -.771515, -.300101, -.772692, -.271567, -.729934, -.711730,  
 \* -.658422, -.573223, -.415493, -.028964, -.600976, -.203755,  
 \* -.192072, -.1.178873, -.1.140304, -.078781, -.965238, -.689132,  
 \* -.388907, -.122327, -.570388, -.563105, -.541953, -.508384,  
 \* -.446929, -.300458, -.148981, -.032186, .098253, .099053,  
 \* .101127, 104095, 108607, 113831, 104342, .061118/  
 DATA ((Z(i,j), I=1,8), J=109, 120)/  
 \* .773450, .767586, .750053, .721595, .667697, .528498,  
 \* .355490, .151725, 1.413680, 1.401371, 1.364889, 1.306076,  
 \* 1.195836, .917810, .588722, .233819, 1.978803, 1.960667,  
 \* 1.907055, 1.820824, 1.659776, 1.257097, .789089, .301998,  
 \* 2.432541, 2.409558, 2.341705, 2.232712, 2.029580, 1.524294,  
 \* .943375, .351617, 2.744748, 2.718210, 2.639924, 2.514286,  
 \* 2.280508, 1.701326, 1.040938, .379092, 2.893359, 2.864796,  
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 \* 2.865880, 2.836971, 2.751775, 2.615258, 2.361996, 1.739385,

\* 1.040265, .360012, 2.660319, 2.632794, 2.551708, 2.421886,  
 \* 2.181488, 1.593355, .939024, .313450, 2.285507, 2.261044,  
 \* 2.189002, 2.073787, 1.860964, 1.343731, .775400, .244802,  
 \* 1.760773, 1.740893, 1.682369, 1.588931, 1.417005, 1.003526,  
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 \* .874075, .591588, .299193, .057649, .384928, .377699,  
 \* .356459, .322965, .263198, .131581, .013844, -.049808/  
 DATA ((Z(i,J), I=1,8), J=121,132)/  
 \* -.386624, -.386507, -.386117, -.384872, -.379781, -.349342,  
 \* -.280931, -.157887, -.153494, -.145919, -.123571, -.1087080,  
 \* -1.016257, -.822111, -.567058, -.259728, -.868748, -.854050,  
 \* -1.810735, -.740609, -.607128, -.257443, -.826520, -.348671,  
 \* -2.487502, -.466455, -.404454, -.304370, -.115142, -.627606,  
 \* -1.042445, -.418670, -.969668, -.943438, -.866206, -.741724,  
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 \* -3.164507, -.022779, -.756249, -.079318, -.288151, -.483100,  
 \* -3.402327, -.370524, -.276932, -.126307, -.843387, -.127595,  
 \* -1.298804, -.471854, -.316949, -.285164, -.191651, -.041208,  
 \* -2.758819, -.2.046412, -.2.229015, -.430772, -.025792, -.995994,  
 \* -2.908356, -.2.767383, -.2.502812, -.1.836835, -.080479, -.361581,  
 \* -2.540608, -.2.514696, -.2.438526, -.2.315984, -.085884, -.507666,  
 \* -.859741, -.267895, -.1.884961, -.1.864658, -.1.805022, -.1.709012,  
 \* -1.528410, -.1.075117, -.577959, -.1.155073, -.1.093102, -.1.079849,  
 \* -1.040978, -.978261, -.859661, -.562048, -.250382, -.029946/  
 DATA ((Z(i,J), I=1,8), J=133,144)/  
 \* -.208197, -.203062, -.188107, -.163683, -.116292, .003196,  
 \* .104389, .099537, .720001, .716380, .705562, .688758,  
 \* .659616, .588294, .465375, .224752, .637891, 1.625355,  
 \* 1.588308, 1.529615, 1.422870, 1.158706, .810316, .336928,  
 \* 2.491044, 2.469927, 2.407649, 2.308738, 2.127698, 1.679595,  
 \* 1.116869, .427714, 3.227305, 3.198419, 3.113303, 2.978119,  
 \* 2.730344, 2.117788, 1.363830, .489725, 3.799822, 3.764409,  
 \* 3.660132, 3.494681, 3.191604, 2.443666, 1.532325, .517131,  
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 \* 1.606904, .506130, 4.308838, 4.265453, 4.137900, 3.936443,  
 \* 3.569308, 2.667688, 1.576492, .455344, 4.200696, 4.156299,  
 \* 4.025888, 3.820772, 3.448822, 2.538063, 1.435207, .366083,  
 \* 3.842370, 3.799019, 3.671868, 3.473121, 3.115394, 2.242066,  
 \* 1.183088, .242479, 3.244408, 3.204075, 3.086013, 2.903239,  
 \* 2.578052, 1.785824, .826708, .091371, 2.430434, 2.394846,  
 \* 2.291040, 2.132844, 1.856620, 1.182856, .379596, -.077998/  
 DATA ((Z(i,J), I=1,8), J=145,156)/  
 \* 1.435873, 1.406411, 1.320972, 1.194342, .980501, .452881,  
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 \* -.013278, -.379536, -.695488, -.425825, -.907173, -.922348,  
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 \* -3.281875, -.3.176907, -.2.230372, -.787966, -.4.491357, -.4.491019,  
 \* -4.484203, -.4.441782, -.4.347030, -.4.062090, -.2.544278, -.825716,  
 \* -5.502737, -.5.503150, -.5.496432, -.5.447413, -.5.379348, -.4.804891,  
 \* -2.685099, -.813101, -.6.368974, -.6.376333, -.6.387115, -.6.362519,  
 \* -6.411270, -.5.290673, -.2.620739, -.7.50854, -.7.092229, -.7.116871,  
 \* -7.174981, -.7.242340, -.7.489450, -.5.376272, -.2.336761, -.644007,  
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DEFENCE RESEARCH ESTABLISHMENT ATLANTIC DARTMOUTH (NO--ETC F/G 13/10  
PHHS. A FORTRAN PROGRAMME FOR SHIP PITCH, HEAVE AND SEAKEEPING --ETC(U)  
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*-1.843208, -.501889, -8.377563, -8.515954, -8.934885, -9.829771,
*-9.292397, -3.797799, -1.179133, -.337056, -9.377961, -9.700542,
*-10.880832, -12.219946, -8.745697, -2.031258, -.413759, -.164336/
  DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J=157,168)/
*-11.532152, -12.4233330, -15.741736, -13.982066, -5.628938, .212106,
*.356953, .000659, -17.525593, -21.372570, -23.284262, -9.626571,
*.839148, .2.561288, 1.022828, 1.44566, -45.408268, -51.117454,
*-13.157284, 6.799447, 9.399628, 4.426478, 1.476826, 257214,
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*.11.132007, 4.118129, 1.562424, .375730, 2.428029, 2.830470, 2.109384,
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*.389443, .416528, .484312, .475211, .285593, .028300,
*.114383, .273408, .310029, .326544, .372972, .378310,
*.253115, .025506, .083253, .204855, .252141, .264924,
*.297353, .307049, .223280/
  DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J=169,181)/
*.021663, .062962, .157212, .207457, .219951, .243453,
*.253680, .196723, .017970, .048917, .123336, .172104,
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*.098629, .143884, .159707, .172850, .181152, .153640,
*.009932, .025446, .066044, .102779, .121289, .129776,
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*.019207, .034381, .050127, .056033, .057743, .056288,
*.001279, .004002, .011854, .022241, .034600, .040971,
*.042005, .041462, .000712, .002509, .007759, .015127,
*.024704, .031216, .031947, .031740, .000407, .001645,
*.005317, .010695, .018158, .024511, .025122, .025055,
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*.000794, .001819, .003622, .006811, .007810, .007868,
*.000001, .000041, .000309, .000762, .001608, .003423,
*.004423, .004555/
  DATA ((Z(I,J), I=1,8), J=182,185)/
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*.001261, .001524, .000000, .000000, .000022, .000081,
*.000199, .000523, .000903, .001158/
END
@
```

**APPENDIX D: LIST OF SIGNIFICANT PROGRAM VARIABLES**

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<u>PROGRAM NAME</u>	<u>NOTATION OR CONVENTIONAL SYMBOL</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
AIR	$A(x)$ or $C_x$	station area or area coefficient
AMAX	$C_M$	area coefficient of station of maximum area
AX		RMS acceleration
A6	$\eta_5$	pitch
B	B	beam
BAM(I)	$B(x)$	station beam
BETA(I)	$\beta$	deadrise angle
CB	$C_B$	block coefficient
CM	$C_M$	area coefficient of station of maximum area
CP	$C_P$	prismatic coefficient
CR	$r_{AW}$	coefficient of added resistance
CW	$C_W$	waterplane coefficient
D	D	draft
DISP	$\Delta$	displacement
DRT	$D(x)$	station draft
DUK		speed increment
ELL	$\lambda/L$	wavelength / ship length
FACTOR	$(L/g)^{1/2}$	non-dimensionalising factor for frequency

<u>PROGRAM NAME</u>	<u>NOTATION OR CONVENTIONAL SYMBOL</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
FB(I)		freeboard
HS(I)	$H_S$	significant waveheight
ICORR		correction control integer
IFAST		execution time control integer
INOUT		unit control integer
IOPT		dimension control integer
IRANGE		frequency range control integer
IRESP		response control integer
NAME		title
NPOS		number of stations
NSEA		number of seastates
NSP		number of speeds
OMEN	$\omega_e (L/g)^{1/2}$	non-dimensional frequency of encounter
OMENW	$\omega (L/g)^{1/2}$	non-dimensional wave frequency
OUT(I, J)		array of seakeeping quantities:
OUT(1, J)		RMS pitch
OUT(2, J)		RMS heave
OUT(3, J)		RMS acceleration at CG
OUT(4, J)		RMS acceleration at st. 2
OUT(5, J)	$\sigma_{RMO}$	RMS relative motion at FP
OUT(6, J)	$\sigma_{RVO}$	RMS relative velocity at FP
OUT(7, J)	$\sigma_{RM4}$	RMS relative motion at st. 4

<u>PROGRAM NAME</u>	<u>NOTATION OR CONVENTIONAL SYMBOL</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
OUT(8, J)	$\sigma_{RV4}$	RMS relative velocity at st. 4
OUT(9, J)		Prob (D.W.) at FP
OUT(10, J)		Prob (Slam) at st. 4
OUT(11, J)		not used
OUT(12, J)	$R_{WAVE}$	added resistance
OUT(13, J)	$R_{WIND}$	wind resistance
PA6	$\epsilon_5$	pitch phase
PDW(I, K)		Prob (D.W.)
PK(I, K)		Prob (Keel)
PS(I, K)		Prob (Slam)
PXO	$\epsilon_3$	heave phase
RM(I, K)	$\sigma_{RM}$	RMS relative motion
RV(I, K)	$\sigma_{RV}$	RMS relative velocity
T	T	draft
THR	t	time period for slamming pressure calculation
THRESH	$\hat{v}$	slamming threshold velocity
TS(I)	$T_S$	average wave period
UK		lower limit of speed
VOL	$V/L^3$	volume / length ratio
VWKT	$V_W$	wind speed
W	$\omega_e$	frequency of encounter
WW	$\omega$	wave frequency

<u>PROGRAM NAME</u>	<u>NOTATION OR CONVENTIONAL SYMBOL</u>	<u>QUANTITY</u>
W1		lower limit of wave frequency
W3		upper limit of wave frequency
XCG	LCG	longitudinal centre of gravity
XL	LBP	length between perpendiculars
XLCB	LCB	longitudinal centre of buoyancy
XLCF	LCF	longitudinal centre of floatation
XO	$\eta_3$	heave
ZCR(I)	$r_{AW}$	coefficient of added resistance
ZH(I)	$\eta_3$	heave
ZHP(I)	$\epsilon_3$	heave phase
ZLL(I)	$\lambda/L$	wavelength / ship length
ZP(I)	$\eta_5$	pitch
ZPP(I)	$\epsilon_5$	pitch phase
ZW(I)	$\omega$	wave frequency
ZWE(I)	$\omega_e$	frequency of encounter

## APPENDIX E: LIST OF PROGRAM UNITS

<u>NAME</u>	<u>LISTED (L) OR, CDC LIBRARY (C)</u>	<u>FUNCTION</u>
ADMAB	L	returns added mass and damping from Lewis-form conformal mapping
BULB	L	returns added mass and damping from MIT bulb-form conformal mapping
DATE	C	returns current date in A10 format
DEFWAV/BSET	L	computes wave deformation by interpolation of van Sluijs' data
KBL	L	estimates deadrise angle of station 4 if not in input data
LLSQ	L	least-squares-fit subroutine used by BULB
MATG	L	sets up equations of motion
PROFILE	L	wave profile calculation as described in Appendix A
RAW	L	returns coefficient of added resistance
SEAST/BLOCK- DATA	L	Gospodnetic-Miles regression spectrum
SOLV	L	simultaneous equation solver
TIME	C	returns current time in A10 format
ZETA/CSET	L	surface disturbance due to a single source
ZETAP	L	block-data used by ZETA

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**13. ABSTRACT**

The theoretical basis and user's manual are described for the computer program PHHS (Pitch and Heave in Head Seas), developed at DREA for seakeeping prediction purposes. In addition to the usual vertical motion calculations, algorithms are included for added resistance, relative motion corrections (wave profile and dynamic swell-up), slamming pressures, and human tolerance to vertical motion. Worked examples and a FORTRAN listing of the program are included

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KEY WORDS

Pitch, heave, seakeeping, added resistance, wave profile, dynamic swell-up, slamming, human tolerance to ship motion.

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